

Main Document

Dutch Smart Meter Requirements

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Dutch standard for smart metering (NTA 8130)

The Ministry of Economic Affairs has at first commissioned the Netherlands Normalization Institute, NEN, to formulate and describe a standardized minimum set of basic functions for remotely readable metering for electricity, slave E meters, gas, thermal energy (heat) and water for domestic consumers (in this document we use the expression *domestic consumers* although *small scale consumers* might be more appropriate). Under the auspices of the NTA 8130 project group, set up for this purpose by NEN, work has been performed on the drafting of requirements that 'smart metering systems' must satisfy. During the formulation process, the formal field of view of mandatory functions has been reduced to electricity and gas. For water and thermal energy, recommendations are given in an appendix. This process has been finalized in April 2007, as its result, a so-called National Technical Agreement called "Minimum set of functions for metering of electricity, gas and thermal energy for domestic customers" has been brought out. The reference number of this Netherlands Technical Agreement is *NTA 8130*.

In March 2011 the ministry of EL&I has issued the Algemene maatregel van Bestuur "Besluit op afstand uitleesbare meet- inrichtingen" (AMvB) as an amendment to the Dutch E and G acts. Where the NTA8130 and the AMvB are in conflict, the AMvB takes precedence.

In 2014 the ministry of Ecomic Affairs decided to remove the requirement for a breaker and valve from the "AMvB GSA". This also means that the functionality for switching has to be removed from already installed meters by means of a firmware update of the E-meter.

In this DSMR 4.0.7 specification the metering equipment still has a physical switch and valve. The possibility to use them is removed from the E-meter firmware. Because it is not possible to update the firmware of the gasmeter the requirements for the gasmeter will remain the same as in DSMR4.0.6

This specification still has requirements for the physical switch.

The document "Dutch Smart Meter Requirements" is an elaboration of the NTA8130 and the AMvB, commissioned by the Dutch grid companies, and aimed at meter interoperability. Also requirements have been added, mainly with respect to installation & maintenance, privacy & security, and performance.

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1.2 Short description of the metering installation

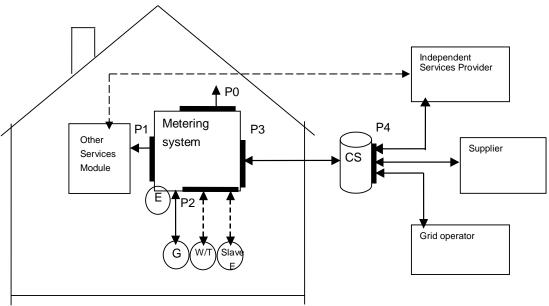


Figure 1-1 – Communication ports, part of the metering installation

As well as the displays on various parts of equipment, the metering installation has the following communication ports:

- Port P0 for communication with external devices (e.g. hand-held terminal) during installation and on-site maintenance of the metering installation. The P0 port is only present on the E meter.
- **Port P1** for the communication between the metering installation and auxiliary equipment (a maximum of 5 appliances can be connected). P1 is a read-only interface, i.e. it cannot be used for sending data to the metering system. The specification of P1 is included in the relevant companion standard.
- Port P2 for the communication between the metering system and one to four metering instruments and/or grid operator equipments. The specification of P2 is included in the relevant companion standard.
- Port P3 for the communication between the metering installation and the Central System (CS).
- Port P4 for the communication between the CS and independent service providers, suppliers and grid companies. Note that P4 is outside the scope of this document.

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1.3 Business Use cases

The structure of the document is largely based on the business use cases that the smart meter product will support. These use cases are used as the framework in which the detailed requirements are placed. Regarding these business use cases, largely two main parts can be distinguished:

- Use cases based on operational requirements derived from the NTA 8130 and Novelle;
- Use cases with respect to the topics Installation and Maintenance (I&M).

This document provides the requirements for metering and switching equipment (henceforth the term 'M&S equipment' will be used) with respect to installation and maintenance processes.

1.4 Installation and Maintenance functionality

The base set of functionalities for the equipment is described in NTA 8130. As the functionalities with respect to installation and maintenance (I&M) in that document are incomplete, this document provides the complete set of requirements for I&M. The scope for the requirements in this document has been defined in the project initiation document as described below.

1.4.1 Installation and Deployment

Requirements for installation are focussed on facilitating a fast, safe and flawless installation and deployment of equipment. Furthermore the requirements shall be specified in such a way that personnel that performs installation, deployment and maintenance need not be highly qualified. Deployment means integrating the metering device in the operational metering chain. The requirements include physical characteristics and functionality to configure equipment.

1.4.2 Maintenance

Requirements for maintenance are focused on enabling remote maintenance. The equipment shall facilitate remote maintenance through functionality for:

- Automatic error detection (hardware, software, metrology etc.) and reporting
- Gathering diagnostics;
- Configuration of the metering installation (as a whole and individual components);
- Gathering the state of the metering installation (parameters).

Although on-site maintenance shall be kept to a minimum, it is important that the requirements address on-site maintenance, especially planned maintenance including replacement of components.

Chapter 6 of this document provides use cases for equipment, network and communication. These use cases are presented in a generic form, i.e. are not focused on any specific network or communication technology.

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1.5 Presentation of processes

The metering equipment responds to triggers. Each trigger initiates a process. The triggers for the presented use cases originate in CS or metering installation itself, or are time-initiated triggers. Typical examples of external events are a request for actual data, the detection of an outage, the installation of a meter, and so on. Trigger descriptions as used in the different use cases are presented in tabular form like in the example below.

Trigger	Description
Deploy E meter	On installation the E meter starts registering periodic meter readings and on
	deployment these meter readings are made available to the CS.

1.6 Presentation of requirements

In this document all requirements originating from the NTA 8130, or additionally added by the Working Group DSMR of Netbeheer Nederland, are presented in tables. Each requirement is tightly connected to one or more business use cases presented in the document. The ultimate goal of this procedure is to prevent ambiguity of the requirements due to a better understanding of the requirement. The table below presents the template for a requirement; the explanation for the attributes in the table is given in brackets.

[Unique identifier for the requirement.]

Descrip-	[This is the general description of the requirement. The description itself gives a general						
tion	idea of what i	s required	d. Other attribu	tes will _l	provide the sp	ecifics for the re	equirement.]
Rationale	[This attribute	e provides	information or	n why th	e requiremen	t is defined; it pr	ovides the
	background f	or the req	uirement.]				
Fit criteri-	[This attribute	e provides	insight on the	criteria	that will be us	sed to verify if th	e requirement
on	is met. It provides the framework for the logical test case that will be used to verify the						
	requirement.]						
History	[Date the require- ment was accepted]	Origin	[Indicates the origina- tor of the require- ment, e.g. NTA 8130.]	Port	[Port that is being addressed by quirement]	Applicable	[Indicates the applicability of the requirement, e.g. E meter, G meter etc.

Table 1-1: Presentation of requirements

The Unique identifier for the requirement is constructed as follows: [DSMR version].[Chapter].[Number].

Although in the applicable field the parties are mentioned for which the requirements are applicable, this does not mean that other parties should not take note of these requirements and consider the direct or indirect consequences for their products and/or services.

The requirements description in this document is based on the business processes of the grid operators. The processes are provided as use cases. As a result the requirements are

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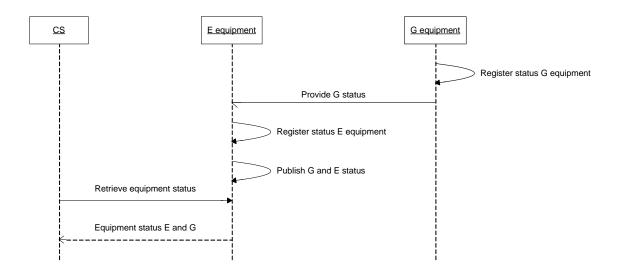
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grouped based on functional relationships. The actual requirements are provided in a format based on the *Volere* requirements template.

1.7 Explanation of sequence diagrams



This document refers to sequence-diagrams according to the UML-method (Unified Modelling Language). UML is frequently used for software and system design. This example / model describes various, so-called "entities" as the CS (Central System), the "E equipment" and "G equipment" for the meter infrastructure.

A function-call from one to the other entity is shown as a solid line with brackets (see 'Retrieve equipment status()"). The result of the function-call, a message, is shown in case this will be handed over to another entity as a dotted line (see 'Equipment status E and G'). These two arrows show the function-call and the response.

In other cases such as 'Register status E equipment()' a function call will be made within an entity. The response is not transferred to another entity, so in this case the dotted line is absent.

The half arrow (see 'Provide G status') represents non synchronized communication. The recipient has no request but receives uninvited information from another entity.

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1.8 General remarks

1.8.1 Use cases for thermal, water and electricity sub-meters

In this document only the requirements and use cases for the electricity and gas equipment are specified. The functional requirements and use cases for thermal, water and electricity sub-meters (slave E meters) could be specified in a similar way (i.e. comparable to gas). The general requirements (see Chapter 2) will differ for thermal and water meters, yet these are not described in this document.

1.8.2 Dependency of use cases on medium

P2 interface

The communication on P2 will optionally be wired or RF. The meter readings will be collected once every hour.

P3 interface

The medium for P3 will be GPRS, as described in the NTA 8130 (§5.5.3.2). The P3 companion standard describes the communication between a central infrastructure (CS) and the metering system. The specific GPRS requirements are described in the separate DSMR GPRS requirements document.

1.8.3 Modularity of E equipment

This document presumes that the Communication module, Electricity meter and Electricity switch are integrated. Therefore the terms "Electricity meter" and "Electricity equipment" are interchangeable.

1.8.4 Referenced documents

This document provides the requirements for metering and switching equipment and for shared communication equipment. The process of determining the requirements is conducted by multiple parties and disciplines. In order to enable maintenance on the requirements each requirement has an associated origin. The origin indicates the party or discipline that introduced or accepted the requirement and therefore is responsible for it.

All references in this document to "NTA" or "NTA 8130" refer to: Netherlands Technical Agreement, NTA 8130 (e), "Minimum set of functions for metering of electricity, gas and thermal energy for domestic customers", Netherlands Normalization Institute (NEN), August 2007, reference ICS 17.120.10.

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The origin used for the requirements are stated in the table below:

Origin	Description
EN	Derived from EN 50470.
NTA	Derived from the NTA 8130.
I&M	Based on information from the installation and maintenance work group.
Q&P	Based on information from the performance and quality work group.
TST	Technical Specification Team of Netbeheer Nederland
P&S	Based on the guidelines from the privacy and security work group version 1.5.
WGDSMR	Working Group DSMR

Table 1-2: Origin of Requirements

1.9 Document list

Following table shows the complete set of documents that build up the Dutch Smart Meter Requirements, of which this main document is a part of.

#	Document	Description
	name postfix	
[1]	Main	The main document of the Dutch Smart Meter Requirements, containing all
		definitions and most of the use cases and requirements.
[2]	P1	Companion standard P1
[3]	P2	Companion standard P2
[4]	P3	Companion standard P3
[5]	GPRS	Additional document describing the requirements for the GPRS infrastruc-
		ture as part of the Dutch Smart Meter Specification.

Table 1-3: Document List

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2 DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

2.1 General definitions

This section provides general definitions for terms used throughout this text.

Name	Description
Timestamp	A timestamp is used to indicate a moment in time. In order to be useful the time stamp
	shall include the date as well as the time. The time in a timestamp shall be specified
	including hours, minutes and seconds. The format of a time stamp is defined as: yyyy-
	mm-dd h24:min:sec. The timestamps in the E meter are always in Local Time and in-
	clude Deviation to UTC. Only on P2 level the time stamp is in UTC time.
Local time	This is the National Standard Time related to UTC time.
	In the Netherlands during the winter this equals UTC+1 hour, in summer it equals
	UTC+2 hours (Daylight Savings Time).
Batch identi-	A vendor delivers goods in batches. Each batch has a unique identifier assigned by the
fier	vendor. The batch identifier is part of the configuration information of equipment. This
	enables a GO to determine which equipment was part of a batch.
Meter data	Meter readings that can be used to determine the quantity of electricity or gas that was
	consumed. Meter data thus includes daily and monthly meter readings, interval read-
	ings and actual meter readings.
Legally Rel-	Programs, data and type specific parameters that belong to the measuring instrument
evant	or sub-assembly, and define or fulfil functions, which are subject to legal control.
Logical	All functionalities belonging to each other in an object (in DLMS this is called OBIS ob-
Component	jects)
Installation	When in installation mode, the E-meter scans for physically wired connected M-Bus
mode	devices, the E-meter accepts and processes installation mode requests from wireless
	M-Bus devices.

Table 2-1: General Definitions

2.2 Parties involved

This section provides general definitions for involved parties, used throughout this text.

Name	Description	Abbreviation
Consumer	The consumers of electricity and/or gas where smart meters are installed.	_
Grid operator	The grid operator responsible for the equipment and the services delivered through the equipment.	GO
Grid operator gas	The grid operator responsible for the gas equipment and the services delivered through that equipment.	GOG
Grid operator electricity	The grid operator responsible for the installation of equipment for electricity and gas and the services delivered through the electricity equipment.	GOE
Independent service provider	A company independent of grid operators, supply companies or metering companies that provides a service to the connections in the grid using the infrastructure provided by the grid operator and the metering company.	ISP
Supply company	The company that is responsible for delivery of electricity and/or gas to the connections.	SC

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Table 2-2: Parties Involved

2.3 Meter readings

This section provides general definitions for meter readings, used throughout this text.

2.3.1 Meter reading electricity (E)

A meter reading for E contains the register values for all tariffs in both energy directions. As E meters support two tariffs for both energy directions, each meter reading E contains four register values with an indication for tariff and direction associated to each register value. The meter reading E also contains two registers for interval data (totals).

Attribute	Description
Equipment iden-	Identifier for the equipment that registered the meter reading, i.e. the equipment
tifier	identifier for the E meter.
Time stamp	Date and time of the meter reading in local time (see table 2.1).
Tariff	In case of a periodic meter read or an actual meter read:
	- Identifier for the tariff that the register value applies to.
	In case of an interval meter read:
	- Not applicable.
Energy direction	The energy direction (delivery or consumption) that the register value applies to.
State	Meter state (for example logging information, error reports) at the time of the me-
	ter read.
	In case of a periodic meter read or an actual meter read:
Register value	- The register value is the value of the (periodic or actual) meter reading.
	In case of an interval meter read:
	- The register value contains 960 values of the 15 minutes interval data.
Unit of meas-	The unit of measurement that applies to the register value.
urement	

Table 2-3: Meter Readings Electricity

2.3.2 Meter reading gas (G)

Attribute	Description
Equipment iden-	Identifier for the equipment that registered the meter reading, i.e. the equipment
tifier	identifier for the G meter.
Time stamp	Date and time of the meter reading in UTC time (see table 2.1).
State	Meter state (for example logging information, error reports) at the time of the me-
	ter read.
	In case of a periodic meter read or an actual meter read:
Register value	- The register value is the last available meter reading.
	In case of an interval meter read:
	- The register value contains 240 values of the hourly interval data.
Unit of meas-	The unit of measurement that applies to the register value.
urement	
Converted	Indication if the meter reading was converted for temperature (yes/no).

Table 2-4: Meter Readings Gas

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2.4 Equipment

This section provides general definitions for the equipment, used throughout this text. This document differentiates between equipment and the place where equipment can be installed. Throughout the document the following terminology is used for equipment:

Name	Description	Abbrev.
Measuring and	All equipment installed at the premises of the consumer for measuring	M&S
switching	consumption of. The equipment therefore includes: E meter, E-	equipment
equipment	breaker, G meter, G-valve and a communication module.	
Metering instru-	Equipment with measurement functions for electricity or gas. The	
ment	equipment therefore includes E meters and G meters.	
E-equipment	All equipment installed at the premises of the consumer for measuring	
	consumption of electricity. E-equipment includes: E meter and E-	
	breaker.	
G-equipment	All equipment installed at the premises of the consumer for measuring	
	consumption of gas. G-equipment includes: G meter and G-valve	
	(when fitted).	
Meter	Residential measuring device for either electricity or gas. Meters in-	
	clude E meters and G meters.	
E meter	Residential measuring device for registration of electricity consump-	
	tion and communication. The communication module is an integrated	
	part of the E meter.	
G meter	Residential measuring device for registration of gas consumption.	
Switch	Switching device for either electricity or gas. Switching devices for E	
	are called (E-) breakers, switching devices for Gas called (G-) valves.	
Communication	The equipment that is responsible for communication between M&S	
module	equipment at a connection and other entities (i.e. central systems).	
Central System	The ICT infrastructure, equipment and software used by the GO for	CS
	meter management, meter readings and handling requests of ISP and	
	SC.	
Equipment iden-	A global identifier for the equipment. The equipment identifier is com-	
tifier	posed of three parts: meter type, serial number and year of manufac-	
	turing. Equipment identifiers are represented as bar codes and also	
	human readable codes.	
Local host	The equipment installed on a connection is composed of multiple	
	pieces of equipment. This equipment is connected through a local	
	network (P2). The E meter functions as a local host for this network	
	and is referred to as the local host in the context of its function as a	
	network component.	
Auxiliary equip-	Equipment provided by an Independent Service Provider or Supply	OSM
ment	Company that can be attached to the P1 port and can receive and	
	process the information provided on P1, e.g. an in-house Energy Mon-	
	itor. Also referenced as "Other Service Module" (OSM).	
Installation mode	Installation mode is the state of the E- and G-meter where it is possi-	
	ble to bind a G-meter to an E-meter.	

Table 2-5: Equipment Terminology

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This document minimizes the assumptions on the physical design of the equipment. For this reason, NTA 8130 introduces the notion of a metering installation. This metering installation provides a number of interfaces with other equipment. The interfaces are provided through ports. The table below provides a description of these ports.

Port	Origin	Description
P0	I&M	Port P0 for communication with external devices (e.g. hand-held terminal) during
		installation and on-site maintenance of the metering installation. The P0 port is
		only available on the E meter.
P1	NTA	Port P1 for the communication between the metering installation and auxiliary
		equipment (a maximum of 5 appliances can be connected). P1 is a read-only
		interface, i.e. it cannot be used for sending data to the metering system. The
		specification of P1 is included in the relevant companion standard.
P2	NTA	Port P2 for the communication between the metering system and one to four
		metering instruments. The specification of P2 is included in the relevant compan-
		ion standard.
P3	NTA	Port P3 for the communication between the metering installation and the Central
		System (CS).

Table 2-6: Port Description

In NTA 8130 another port, P4, is defined as well. This port is not relevant for the equipment for which the requirements are presented in this document as this port handles communication between the CS and external parties.

For a functional description of the ports P1 through P4 is referred to NTA 8130.

2.5 Equipment state

Throughout the text the term 'equipment state' is used. Each piece of equipment is considered to have a state. The following sections present the definitions of the state of the various types of equipment.

2.5.1 M&S equipment state

The equipment state for M&S equipment is divided in two groups of information: operational parameters and configuration. The operational parameters are configuration items indicated as changeable by the GO in tables 2-7 and 2-8 and can be explicitly changed via the client service interface.

The configuration items indicated as "initially filled by the manufacturer" are set in the equipment by the manufacturer on behalf of the GO. The parameters for both operational parameters and configuration differ for E and G. The tables below provide the definition of the state for both E and G equipment.

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2.5.1.1 E configuration

Name	Description	Initially filled by manufacturer	Changeable by GO	
Fautions and identi	The CO decides to use the equipment identifier		No	
Equipment identi- fier	The GO decides to use the equipment identifier or the serial number as the value for the equipment identifier in the E configuration.	Yes	No	
Operational hard-	The version identifier of the hardware in the	Yes	No	
ware version	meter.			
Operational firm-	The version identifier of the firmware that is op-	Yes	No	
ware version	erational in the meter.			
Non-operational firmware version	The version identifier for the firmware that is uploaded in the meter for a future firmware upgrade. This version of the firmware is not operational yet.	No	No	
Initial hw/sw con-	Device initial hardware, software and configura-	Yes	No	
figuration version	tion information			
Ordering info	Grid operators device ordering information	Yes	No	
Location infor-	The location information of the meter, i.e. an	No	Yes	
mation	indication of where the meter is installed. Typi-			
	cal examples are GPS coordinates or zip code			
	and house number.			
Hosted equipment	List of equipment identifiers for equipment connected to the E meter by means of P2 (M-Bus). The E meter functions as a host for equipment connected to P2.	No	Yes	
Date - Time	Date and time of the internal clock.	Yes	Yes	
Daylight savings	ings Indication if the clock in the meter has applied daylight savings time (DST) active		Yes	
Duration of voltage swells	Definition of voltage swell in terms of duration, cf. use case "Provide power quality information".	Yes	Yes	
Threshold for voltage swells	hreshold for volt- Definition of voltage swell in terms of threshold,		Yes	
Duration of voltage sags	Definition of voltage sag in terms of duration, cf. use case "Provide power quality information".	Yes	Yes	
Threshold for voltage sags	Definition of voltage sag in terms of threshold, cf. use case "Provide power quality infor-	Yes	'Yes	
Dometica Local	mation".	V	N1-	
Duration long power outage	Definition of long power outage (upper bound for duration), cf. use case "Provide power information".	Yes	No	
Maximum time adjustment	Definition of time adjustment allowed without generating an event, cf. use case "Synchronise time E-equipment".	Yes	No	
Tariff information	Time table indicating during which times of day	Yes	Yes	

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Name	Description	Initially filled by manufacturer	Changeable by GO	
	and on what weekdays the various tariffs apply.			
Special days table	List of days where the tariff deviates from the	Yes	Yes	
	standard (low instead of normal)			
Alarm Filter	Indicates what events will be handled as alarm	Yes	Yes	
Local port readout list	List of objects that is output to the P1 interface	Yes	Yes	
Administrative in/out on P3	Indicates whether the meter will be read out via P3	No	Yes	
Connection watchdog timer for P3	The duration after which the P3 connection is reset	Yes	Yes	
Discover on open cover	Indicates whether the M-Bus discovery process is automatically started when the cover is opened	Yes	Yes	
Discover on power on	Indicates whether the M-Bus discovery process is automatically started when the power of the E meter is switched on	Yes	Yes	
Dynamic M-BUS address	Indicates whether M-Bus devices that are installed have their address initially configured as 0 or as a predefined value	Yes	Yes	
Send commission- ing notification	Indicates whether an alarm should be raised when a new M-Bus device is discovers	Yes	Yes	
Send power up notification	Indicates whether an alarm when the device is powered on	Yes	Yes	
P0 enabled	Indicates whether communication via P0 is enabled or not.	Yes	Yes	
HLS 3 and 4 ena- bled on P3	Indicates which security levels are enabled on the P3 port	Yes	Yes	
IP message content	A configurable attribute that contains contents of the IP message send when a PDP context is established.	Yes	Yes	
IP message target address	A configurable attribute that defines the address of the receiver of the IP message, which is send after establishing PDP context	Yes	Yes	
GPRS operation mode	operation Defines the GPRS operation mode: always on, external trigger or internal trigger		Yes	
PPP set up	Defines username and password for GPRS connectivity	Yes	Yes	
Master key	The key used to exchange new encryption keys	Yes	No	
Encryption key	The key used to encrypt / decrypt messages	Yes	Yes	

Table 2-7: E Configuration

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2.5.1.2 G configuration

Name	Description	Initially filled by manufacturer	Changeable by GO
Equipment iden-	The GO decides to use the equipment identi-	Yes	No
tifier	fier or the serial number as the value for the		
	equipment identifier in the G configuration.		
Operational	The version identifier of the firmware that is	Yes	No
firmware	operational in the meter.		
Time	Date and time of the internal clock (if present).	Yes	Yes
Encryption key	The key used to encrypt / decrypt messages	Depending on GO	Yes

Table 2-8: G Configuration

2.6 Auxiliary reference information

Additionally, the following abbreviations will be used:

Abbreviation	Description
DSMR	Dutch Smart Meter Requirements (Main)
E	Electricity
FMEA	Failure Mode Effect Analysis
G	Gas
PQ	Power Quality

Table 2-9: Auxiliary Reference Information

Other information entities are defined as:

Name	Description					
	The interval values (register readings) provided for E shall at least contain					
	the following information:					
	Time stamp of the interval value;					
	■ E status					
Interval values E	Interval value specified in kWh (three decimals);					
	 Indication for energy direction (consumption or production). 					
	The interval has been chosen to be 15 minutes.					
	In Annex A of the P3 document the minimal numbers of digits used through-					
	out the whole metering chain are shown.					
	The interval values (register readings) for G shall contain the following infor-					
	mation:					
	Time stamp of the interval values;					
Interval values G	G status					
interval values G	 Interval values specified in m³ (two or three decimals); 					
	The interval has been chosen to be 60 minutes.					
	In Annex A of the P3 document the minimal numbers of digits used through-					
	out the whole metering chain are shown.					
	Power Quality information shall contain the following information:					
Power Quality infor-	Number of power swells;					
mation	Number of power sags;					
	 Identification of the period in which this information has been registered. 					

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	See also the specifications in NEN-EN 50160:2000.
Instantaneous Voltage information	The instantaneous voltage information shall contain the following information: Instantaneous voltage specified in V (with a precision of 1 V).
Average Voltage in-	The average voltage information shall contain the following information:
formation	 Average voltage specified in V (with a precision of 1 V).
	The actual voltage information shall contain the following information:
	The number of short power outages (<t li="" seconds);<=""></t>
Outages information	■ For outages >T seconds:
	Time stamp of the end of the outage.
	The electricity meter shall provide the outage information for each phase.

Table 2-10: Other Information Entities

2.7 Relation between the various time parameters

This section provides general definitions for time parameters, used throughout this text.

Time_zone: Attribute 3 of IC Clock in minutes. It is a constant depending on the geograph-

ic location (eg. Amsterdam: -60 minutes) = UTC - local time in winter (DST not

active)

Deviation: Part of type "date_time" in minutes. It is dynamic and changes depending on

the time_zone and if DST is active or not. It is calculated by the CS

Local_time: Local time (current time)

DSToffset: Daylight saving time offset in minutes ("summer time" – "winter time")

DST active: Clock status bit 7 is set to true when DST is active (summer)

UTC: Universal Time Code

The following relations apply:

Deviation = UTC - local_time

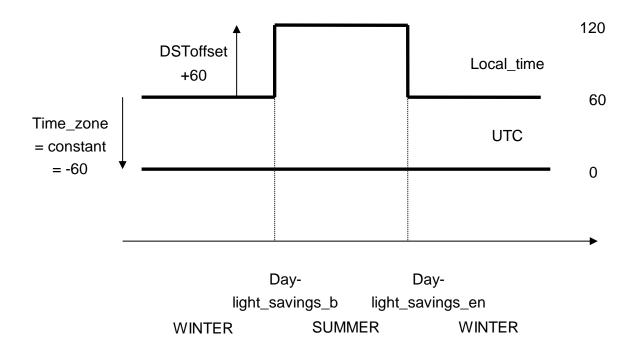
Deviation = time_zone - DSToffset (if DST is active)

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Example Amsterdam July:	Example Amsterdam December:		
SUMMER TIME (Daylight Saving Time active)	WINTER TIME (DST not active)		
local time = 15:00	local time = 15:00		
UTC = 13:00	UTC = 14:00		
Deviation = -120	Deviation = -60		
DST offset = +60	DST offset = +60 but not active		
Time_zone = -60	Time_zone = -60		

The table below shows an overview of the time definitions for different purposes.

	Timestamps regis-	Timestamps	Synchroni-	Synchronisation	
	tervalues in E me-	registervalues	sation E	of G meter by E	Execution time of
	ter	in G meter	meter	meter	commands
E meter	Local Time	n.a.	Local Time	UTC Time	Local Time
G meter	Local Time	UTC Time	n.a.	UTC Time	Local Time ¹
P1 port	Local Time	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Table 2-11: Overview of the time definitions for the different purposes.

The device shall always be able to deduce the UTC time from the timestamp in the synchronisation command. Therefore the timestamp shall contain the deviation.

When the E meter receives a time synchronisation it shall calculate the UTC time based on the deviation. The deviation will show the total deviation between the timestamp in the synchronisation command and the UTC time. The deviation can be added to the timestamp in the synchronisation command to calculate the UTC time.

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¹ The E meter is responsible for the execution time of the command.



The G-Meter shall use UTC time for time synchronisation and for time stamping of the register values. The E meter shall convert the time stamps from the G meter register values from UTC time into local time.

E meter clock synchronisation:

The time in the Electricity meters is set by applying the SET service to the attribute "time" of the "clock" object. The time attribute can be written as:

Date & Time	Deviation	Clock status
Date & Time according to	Deviation of the device	0x80 or 0x00 representing whether DST is
the local time at the loca-	local time to UTC	active or not active at the date & time of the
tion of the device.		chosen location.

Table 2-12: Time attribute in type date-time

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3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section provides the requirements that apply to all M&S equipment in this document.

3.1 M&S equipment

DSMR-M 4.3.2

Description	All metering instruments shall comply with the Dutch 'Metrologiewet' (Metrology Act).						
Rationale	The 'Metrologiewet' is the Dutch implementation of the EU Measurement Instruments						
	Directive (M	Directive (MID). Hence, it is concerned with reliable and accurate measurement of					
	commodities in the Dutch market.						
Fit criterion	The vendor shall supply a certificate from a notified body for the metering instrument						
	stating that it complies with the Dutch 'Metrologiewet'.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.3

Description	The type plate of metering instruments shall provide standardised information.				
Rationale	For operational convenience the type plate shall show standardised information. The layout of the type plate and the information shown will be determined in consultation with the grid operator.				
Fit criterion	 The meter type plate shall clearly show the following information (in consultation with the grid operator): Legally required information; Equipment identifier (includes meter code, serial number and year of manufacturing. The internal digital ID number must match the number shown on the type plate); Barcode specified by the grid operator For E meters the meter code For G meters the meter code Furthermore if the grid operator requires this the type plate shall also show: A description of the communication medium (GPRS) 				
History	 Ownership identification (text or logo) of grid operator Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter, G meter 				

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Description	The vendor	of equipm	ent has	s to mee	t the re	equirements fo	r life time expectancy.	
Rationale	The minimur	The minimum life time expectancy must be 20 years						
Fit criterion	Suppliers sh	Suppliers should clearly show the expected life time of their products. The minimum						
	technical life	time for a	all the co	omponei	nts of E	E and G meters	s is 20 years without	
	maintenance	e or replac	cement	of the b	attery.			
	Life time exp	ectancy (of the b	attery of	the G	meter is calcu	lated using the following	
	conditions:							
	■ The use	e of the di	isplay					
	Hourly	communi	cation b	etween	G met	er and E mete	r	
	Yearly	update of	softwa	re (if app	olicable	e)		
	Normal	operation	n of the	meter u	nder n	ormal operatin	g conditions	
	Reliability pr	Reliability predictions must be done as described in IEC 62059-41. Estimation of the						
	product life t	product life time must be done as described in IEC 62059-31-1.						
	For FMEA ca	For FMEA calculations MIL-HDBK-217 (Electronic Reliability Design handbook) must						
	be used.							
	The results s	The results shall be clearly documented and must be available for the grid operator						
	or an externa	al party re	epresen	ting the	grid op	perator.		
History	Dec. 2008	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter, Comm.	
							unit	

DSMR-M 4.3.5

Description	Each clock that is part of the metering instrument shall be accurate.							
Rationale	The accuracy of the measurements depends on the accuracy of the registration time of							
	the measurement. For this reason all clocks in the system shall be accurate.							
Fit criterion	Any clock in a metering instrument shall meet the following criteria:							
	 Any clock that is NOT part of a P2 device shall deviate no more than 0.5 seconds 							
	per 24 hours. (According to NEN-EN-IEC 62054-21 Electricity metering (a.c.) Tarif and							
	Load Control Part 21: Particular requirements for time switches, Clause 7.5.2.2 Re-							
	quirements for crystal controlled time switches)							
	 Any clock that is part of a P2 device shall deviate no more than 10 seconds per 24 							
	hours.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter, G meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.6

Description	٠.	During power outage the clock time and date will remain within specifications.							
Rationale	Normally the	Normally the clock is synchronised during communication. Sometimes communication							
	is not possib	le during s	everal c	lays. Wh	nen durir	ng a power outag	ge the clock time be-		
	comes inacc	urate, and	after a	power o	utage th	ere is no commu	unication for some time,		
	the registrati	the registration of the energy, registration of alarms and logs is not correct.							
Fit criterion	It is guarante	It is guaranteed that during a power outage of 5 days the clock time and date will re-							
	main within	main within specifications (See IEC 62054-21).							
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

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Description	The metrological functionality of the metering instrument shall not be affected by power							
	outages.							
Rationale	An outage s	hall not lea	d to a loss of	data in	any way	/. This means	that during the out-	
	age no mete	er data sha	ll be lost or th	nat infor	mation o	n the configura	ation of the meter or	
	operational	parameters	s are lost or n	nodified	even wi	th an empty ba	attery or a dis-	
	charged sup	ercap.						
Fit criterion	The following	g informati	on shall be a	vailable	after the	outage as it v	vas available before	
	the outage:							
	Meter of	Meter data;						
	■ E/G configuration;							
	■ E/G op	erational pa	arameters.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	EN	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.8

Description		Metering instruments shall re-connect to all communication channels automatically after a power outage in case the medium is available, using a randomising algorithm to reconnect.						
Rationale	the equipme external ent	ent can re-e ities. In ord	establish com ler to prevent	municat that ma	ion char ny disco			
Fit criterion		Metering instrument shall start the reconnect algorithm within 5 minutes after power was re-established after an outage using a randomising algorithm to reconnect.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	EN	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.9

Description	Metering instruments shall issue a tamper alarm when exposed to a magnetic field for							
	which the meter is susceptible (metrological and functional).							
Rationale	Metering instruments shall not be susceptible for static magnetic fields from permanent magnets (as described in EN 50470-1 7.4.11 Immunity to continuous magnetic fields of external origin). However, very strong permanent magnets that can influence the							
	metrological or the functional part of the meter are readily available. These magnets							
	can even permanently damage meters.							
Fit criterion	Meters shall not be susceptible to magnetic fields up to 200 mT. The manufacturer has							
	to define the value of the intensity of the magnetic field for which the meter is suscepti-							
	ble. The alarm needs to be adjusted to 90% of this value. If the meter is not suscepti-							
	ble, or the value by which the meter becomes susceptible for magnetic fields is not							
	defined, the alarm value will be 500 mT. The alarm shall comply with the requirements							
	for error handling defined in this document.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin NTA Port n.a. Applicable E meter, G meter							

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Description		The metering instruments must be able to safely and correctly operate within the temperature range of -25 °C till 55 °C, for G meters a range of -10 °C till 40 °C applies.						
Rationale	When selecting metering equipment, attention shall be paid to the fact that the climatic conditions inside buildings depend on the outside (open-air) conditions, which can vary widely throughout the year. The metering equipment must be able to operate safely and correctly within the temperature range as described in EN 60721-3-3 and described in the MID.							
Fit criterion	perature ran meters as de	ge as desc escribed in	cribed in EN (the MID -10	60721-3 °C till 40	-3 Table) °C app	1: 3K6 (-25 °C	etly within the tem- till 55 °C) and for G ering equipment is class.	
History	Aug. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.11

Description	The M-Bus	cable bet	ween the Ele	ctricity n	neter an	d the M-Bus device	shall be stand-		
	ardized.								
Rationale	The M-Bus	The M-Bus cable shall be standardized to avoid interoperability problems and prevent							
	having to us	se differer	nt type's op M	I-Bus ca	bles dep	pending on the met	er manufacturers.		
	The cable of	an then s	afely be used	l in a wid	de range	e of configurations a	and installations.		
Fit criterion	The M-Bus	cable sha	II meet the fo	llowing	criteria:				
	Standa	rd 2-core	cable LiYY c	ross sec	tion of C),25 mm2			
	Exterio	r diamete	r maximum 4	.5mm					
	Length	2 meter (As a result of	the sho	rt length	n there is no need t	o use the speci-		
	fied 0.5	5 mm2 cro	ss section as	describ	ed in El	N 13757-2:2004)			
	Color of	oded acc	ording DIN 4	7100 (W	hite, Bro	own)			
	Exterio	r color sh	all be yellow	(RAL 10	21) for (Gas meters*.			
	Exterio	r color sh	all be grey (R	AL 700	1) for Wa	ater meters			
	Exterio	r color sh	all be red (RA	AL 3020)	for The	ermal meters			
	Exterio	r color sh	all be blue (R	AL 5015	5) for oth	ner M-Bus devices			
	The ca	ble must l	nave cable er	nd sleev	es for th	e connection with t	he E meter		
	The ter	minal con	nection shall	be cons	structed	to ensure strain rel	ief and simple in-		
	stallatio	on of the p	products but p	prevent a	access t	o the terminal conn	ection by non-		
	certifie	d persons	. When an in	creasing	tensile	force is applied on	the cable, after		
	installa	tion in acc	cordance with	the ma	nufactu	rer's instruction, eitl	her the cable shall		
	break o	or the cab	e shall disco	nnect fro	om the te	erminal connection,	, without any fur-		
	ther da	mage to t	he gas* mete	er or elec	ctricity m	neter.			
		behavior i	n accordance	e with IE	C 60332				
History	May 2009	Origin	TST WG1	Port	P2	Applicable	G meter		

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Description	The M-Bus	The M-Bus terminals shall have unified coding.						
Rationale	During insta	During installation it will be necessary to have the same terminal coding on every de-						
	vice.							
Fit criterion	On both E r	On both E meters and M-Bus devices, terminals will be clearly coded using M1 M2.						
	Whenever i	Whenever it is possible to connect multiple M-Bus devices, the coding shall be repeat-						
	ed.							
History	Oct 2010	Origin	TST	Port	P2	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.13

Description	The noise produced by the M&S equipment will remain within acceptable limits.						
Rationale	Some meters	Some meters produce noise as a result of the measuring method. The sound level					
	produced by t	he M&S e	quipmen	it shall not	annoy	consumers.	
Fit criterion	The E meter s	shall not p	roduce n	oise exce	eding 35	5dB(A) measure	d at a distance of 1
	m from the m	m from the meter. At half of the maximum flow rate the G meter shall not produce					
	noise exceeding 35dB(A) measured at a distance of 1 m from the meter.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.14

Description	The design of the devices must take in account that the security functionality is future						
	proof.						
Rationale	In the design of devices (i.e. processing power, memory) consideration must be given						
	to the following possible changes.						
	Asymmetric security algorithms						
	Key size						
	Key generation in the meter						
	Authentication on P2						
	 Firmware upgrade of M-Bus devices 						
	Signed measurements						
	 Up to 16 energy registers for E meters, 2 register for G meters (including storage) 						
	Extend the number of M-Bus devices						
Fit criterion	The design of the device allows the mentioned future changes.						
History	Jan. 2011 Origin P&S 1.5 Port , P3 Applicable E meter						

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3.2 E-equipment

DSMR-M 4.3.16

Description	Power consumption of E equipment shall be minimised and shall not be registered by							
	the E equipment.							
Rationale	From both an environmental and economic point of view, the energy consumption							
	shall be minimized. In case there is no load at the customer premises the register							
	values of the E equipment shall not increase.							
Fit criterion	The average power consumed by E equipment shall meet the following criteria:							
	The maximum allowed power consumption without communication and uncon-							
	nected P1 device is for:							
	- Single Phase Meters 2W / 10 VA							
	- Poly phase Meters 4W / 20 VA							
	For single phase meters, average power consumption shall not exceed 4 W dur-							
	ing communication.							
	For poly phase meters, average power consumption shall not exceed 8 W during							
	communication.							
	Power consumption of the E equipment itself shall not lead to increasing register							
	values of the E equipment.							
	 M-Bus transmitters and receivers shall be switched off when no M-Bus devices 							
	are attached. During the M-Bus discovery process the transmitters and receivers							
	shall be switched on.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.17

Description	A connection diagram for the E meter shall be available on the meter.							
Rationale	For safe installation and maintenance it is convenient to have a connection diagram							
	readily availal	readily available.						
Fit criterion	The connection diagram (as described in DIN 43856) shall be place on either the type							
	plate of the meter or in the cover of the terminal block.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.18

Description	Non-mechanical displays on the E meter shall provide functionality to display meter							
	readings, standardized messages and other required information in a convenient way.							
Rationale	For consumers the display is the only means to communicate with the meter. The me-							
	ter shall therefore provide information in a convenient format.							
Fit criterion	The non-mechanical display for metering instruments shall meet the following criteria:							
	 Characters on the display shall have a minimal height of 8 mm; 							
	The display shall be able to display minimally 8 characters simultaneously.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

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Description	Several configurable readout definitions are needed to define display output in several							
	modes (manual, auto and service) and the P1 output. The Standard Readout Object							
	List is shown in P3, Annex B.							
Rationale	For the customer the display of the meter must have two readouts. In 'auto scroll							
	mode', on the display a defined (minimal) set of items is visible. By the use of a button							
	'manual scroll mode' is activated. In manual scroll mode it is possible to show a sec-							
	ond set of items. By pressing the button a new item will be shown.							
	For P1 output is must be possible to define a third set of items.							
	For service or test purposes it must be possible to define a fourth set of items. These							
	items are only visible when the terminal cover is removed.							
Fit criterion	It must be possible to define four configurable readouts:							
	 P1 output (general local port read out). 							
	Auto scroll mode (general display readout).							
	Manual scroll mode (alternate display readout).							
	Service mode (service display readout).							
History	Apr. 2011 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.20

Description	In auto-scro	In auto-scroll mode of the display, register values, instantaneous power and a display							
	test are shown.								
Rationale	In auto-scro	In auto-scroll mode of the display the register values for the defined tariffs, instantane-							
	ous power and a display test are shown.								
Fit criterion	In auto-scro	In auto-scroll mode of the display is shown:							
	 The register values for the defined tariffs in both energy directions 								
	 Active instantaneous power delivered and received (resolution 1 Watt). 								
	Blinking display test.								
	The values are displayed simultaneously with the relevant tariff number including an								
	identification for the energy direction. Each value is visible during a period of 5 sec-								
	onds.								
History	Apr. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.3.21

Description	In manual-scroll mode of the display more information as the basic information showed							
	in auto-scroll mode is shown.							
Rationale	In manual-scroll mode of the display the basic information shown in auto-scroll mode is							
	extended with the ID's of the connected M-Bus devices							
Fit criterion	In manual-scroll mode of the display, the information of auto-scroll mode is extended							
	with M-BUS ID's of connected M-Bus devices.							
	Manual scroll mode is activated by pressing a button.							
	Every time the button is pressed, a new item is shown.							
	When the button is not touched during a period of 30 seconds, display mode changes							
	from manual mode to auto scroll mode.							
History	Apr. 2011 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

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Description	Service mode of the display is activated when the terminal cover is removed.							
Rationale	During installation (while the terminal cover is removed) most detailed information is							
	needed for a quick installation, trouble shooting and testing.							
Fit criterion	Service mode of the display is activated when the terminal cover is removed.							
	In service mode the next information should be visible:							
	 Actual date and time 							
	 The register values for all tariffs in both energy directions in Wh resolution 							
	 ID's of connected M-Bus devices 							
	 Version of Legally Relevant and Non Legally Relevant Software 							
	 Active instantaneous power per phase for both energy directions. 							
	During installation of M-Bus devices, if there are more than 10 devices available to							
	choose from, at least 10 device ID's must be shown.							
	Every time a button is pressed, a new item is shown.							
	When the terminal cover is installed the display changes to auto scroll mode.							
	The values are displayed simultaneously with the relevant reduced OBIS codes (value							
	group C,D,E i.e.1.8.1) whenever the second display row is not occupied for other spec-							
	ified information.							
History	Apr. 2011 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.22a

Description	It must be possible to set E meters into "Installation mode" at the moment of installing metering instruments at a customer's premises.							
	metering in	struments a	it a customer	s premi	ses.			
Rationale	During insta	During installation, G meters have to be commissioned to the E meter according to the						
	P2 compan	ion standar	d. Only after	this prod	cess, reg	gular communicati	on between the E	
	meter and the G meter will be able to start.							
Fit criterion	The method	d (power up	and/or remo	val of th	e M-Bus	cover), by which	the E meter is	
	set to "installation mode" is configurable via the configuration object.							
History	June	June Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter						
	2011							

DSMR-M 4.3.23

Description	The E mete	r shall prov	ide electroma	agnetic (compatib	oility (EMC).			
Rationale	For more reliability the meter shall be immune to all disturbances that can happen in								
	practice.								
Fit criterion	In order for	In order for the E meter to be considered electro magnetically compatible, it shall meet							
	the EMC cri	teria in the	following sta	ndards:					
	■ EN 504	70-1 Elect	ricity Meterin	g Equip	ment (a.	c.) – Part 1 Gene	ral Requirements		
	paragraph 7.4 Electromagnetic compatibility								
	 Special test levels for Immunity to damped oscillatory waves. 								
	IEC 61000-4-12, Ring wave immunity test (Chapter 5, testlevel x)								
	Test levels for ring wave: Line to ground: 6 kV								
	Line to line: 6 kV								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	EN	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter		

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Description	The E meter shall be compliant with NEN-EN-50470							
Rationale	The E meter is compliant with NEN-EN 50470-1 Electricity Metering Equipment (a.c.) –							
	Part 1 Gene	Part 1 General Requirements, and the E meter is compliant with NEN-EN 50470-3						
	Electricity Metering Equipment (a.c.) – Part 3: Particular requirements, Static meters							
	class index A, B en C.							
Fit criterion	The E meter is compliant with NEN-EN-50470-1 and NEN-EN 50470-3							
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.25

Description	The E meter shall not be susceptible for electrostatic discharge.							
Rationale	For more reliability the meter shall be immune to all disturbances that can happen in practice.							
Fit criterion	The E meter shall be immune for electrostatic fields. The test shall be carried out according EN 50470-1 par. 7.4.5.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin EN Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.26

Description	The poly-phase E meter shall be suitable to use in installations with right or left phase							
	sequence.							
Rationale	The meter must be safely usable in a wide range of configurations and installations.							
Fit criterion	The MID approval tion that there are phase sequence. The meter docum influence the accu No blinking indica	no significentation slargery	cant diffe hall clear e energy	erences rly state measu	betweer that rev rement.	n failures using a reersed phase sequentify phase sequentify phase sequentify	right or a left uence does not	
History	Nov. 2007 Orig	n EN		Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.27

Description	The poly-phase E meter shall use the Ferraris energy measurement method.							
Rationale	Poly-phase E meter shall use the Ferraris method in which both energy directions of the 3 phases are summed and depending of the results, stored in a "+" or "-" register.							
	The integration period shall be small enough for an accurate registration of delivered (A-) and consumed (A+) energy in separate registers.							
Fit criterion	The poly-phase E meter shall use the Ferraris energy measurement method.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	EN	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.28

Description	The display shall indicate every connected phase.							
Rationale	The network of the grid operators can have both right and left phase sequence. In both							
	cases the phase indicators on the display shall show normal operation and not start							
	flashing since this will cause unnecessary calls from customers to the GO.							
Fit criterion	Phase indicator will light constantly when phase is connected. For example: when L1							
	is disconnec	cted, only ir	ndicators for l	L2 and L	.3 are sh	nown.		
History	Jun 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	

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Description	The display shall indicate the energy flow of each phase during installation when the terminal cover is removed.								
Rationale	To prevent wrong connection of "phase in" and "phase out" we must have a mechanism in the meter to indicate the energy flow at each phase during installation.								
Fit criterion	indicator wi	Phase indicator will light constantly when energy is delivered to the customer. Phase indicator will blink when energy is received from the customer at this phase. This functionality is only present while the terminal cover is removed.							
History	Oct 2010	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.3.30

Description	It must be possible to read the actual value and direction of the energy flow of each phase.									
Rationale	There must be a method to check the proper wiring of an E meter during normal operation on distance, because an installer can make mistakes. By combining information from the customer and the actual power of each phase, it is possible to determine the right order of the phase in – phase out connections of each phase.									
Fit criterion	The actual	oower of ea	ich phase mu	ıst be av	ailable fo	r readout.				
History	Nov 2010	Origin	TST	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.31

Description	The registration of energy shall start at a load as low as possible.									
Rationale	Energy efficient equipment makes it necessary to start an accurate registration of en-									
	ergy at low	ergy at low loads. This can be achieved by choosing a low value for Iref.								
Fit criterion	The current range for direct connected kWh meters will be: Imin=0,25A; Iref= 5A									
	The current	range will l	oe: 0,25 - 5(<i>l</i>	max) A.						
	(Compliant with NEN-EN50740-1)									
History	Jan 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.32

Description	The E meter shall be protective class II.							
Rationale	The meter must be safely usable in a wide range of installations.							
Fit criterion	The E meter shall comply with EN 50470-1 sub clause 5.7 (Insulating encased meter of protective class II)							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	EN	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.33

History	Sep. 2009	Sep. 2009 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter									
	table 3.										
Fit criterion	The test shall be carried out according EN 50470-3 sub clause 7.2 (AC voltage test)										
Rationale	The meter must be safely usable in a wide range of installations.										
Description	AC Voltage Test according to an E meter protective class II										

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Description	The E meter shall be class B, with class A mentioned on the type plate.									
Rationale	Class A instruments are sufficient for the purpose of residential usage. GO's however									
	want a higher accuracy than class A and therefore require the metering instrument to									
	fulfil class B requirements.									
Fit criterion	Testing for class A and B will be performed in two steps:									
	A notified body for certifying meters will test the equipment to fulfil class A re-									
	quirements;									
	The GO will test the equipment to fulfil class B requirements.									
History	Nov. 2007 Origin EN Port n.a. Applicable E meter									

DSMR-M 4.3.35

								1		
Description	The status i	nformation	displayed on	the E m	eter by t	flags sha	all be star	ndardised.		
Rationale	Through sta	ndardizatio	n of the statu	us inform	ation or	the disp	olay, the o	customer pro-		
	cesses can be standardized.									
Fit criterion	For status information flags are required:									
	 An indication if the meter is administrative on or off. Two flags for three possibilities Undefined (Factory setting) (value attribute 2 = 0); flag 1 and 2 off Administrative off (value attribute 2 = 1): flag 1 on or Default (value attribute 2 = 2): flag 2 on Identification is based on OBIS code 0-1:94.31.0.255 attribute 2 									
	• An indic	ation if the	communicati	on mod	ule is att			ork		
	• An indic	ation per p	hase if the vo	oitage is	present					
	 An indic 	ation for a	successful se	elf-check	(Only v	isible in	service m	ode)		
		ogether witl			ays visit	ole in ma	anual scro	II mode, auto-		
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applic	able	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.3.36

Description	The information displayed on the E meter other than mentioned in DSMR-M 4.3.35								
	shall be standardised.								
Rationale	Through standardization of the information displayed on the E meter, the customer								
	processes can be standardized.								
Fit criterion	Additional to flags, the display shall at least contain the following symbols:								
	GPRS Signal Strength (4 levels).								
	Actual energy Direction.								
	Breaker Open/Closed, the symbol should always indicate Closed								
History	Apr. 2011 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter								

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Description	Terminal screws shall be of sufficient quality.								
Rationale	Screws shall not be worn during or after mounting.								
Fit criterion	ue shall be s	pecified by anufacture	the manufacti	urer. Wi um of 3	th a va 3.5 Nm	lue of 1.5 time	en 3 Nm. This vals the value specissible to tighten		
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.3.38

Description	Meters shall	Meters shall be able to withstand currents related to the main fuses								
Rationale	The related currents to the main fuses are specified in the Meetcode.									
Fit criterion	Poly phase meters must be delivered in an Imax ≥ 100A version.									
	Single phase meters must be delivered in an Imax ≥ 80A version.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.39

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall have an E breaker as an integrated part.								
Rationale	In order to reduce costs for installation the E meter shall incorporate the E breaker.									
Fit criterion	The E meter and E breaker shall be delivered as a single installable unit.									
	Although the breaker is physically present, the functionality to use it is removed.									
	It must be guaranteed that the breaker is always in a closed position.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.40

Description	The E breaker shall be able to perform a sufficient number of (dis)connections during
	its lifecycle without any maintenance and failures.
Rationale	As maintenance on equipment is expensive, planned maintenance has to be reduced
	to nil under circumstances of normal usage. In normal usage also short circuit currents
	can occur, therefore the equipment must:
	Withstand minimal conditions without being damaged
	 Withstand minimal conditions without causing damage or danger to its direct envi- ronment
	 Endurance 1: the meter shall be capable of at least 3000 operation cycles at 80 Ampère at PF1
	■ Endurance 2: In addition to "Endurance 1", the meter shall be capable of at least
	2000 operation cycles at 80 Ampère at PF0.5
Fit criterion	The Circuit Breaker in the E meter must comply with the following criteria from IEC
	62055-31 Annex C
	■ C5: Fault Current making capacity at UC2 level (2,5 kA)
	■ C6: Short-circuit current carrying capacity at UC2 level (2,5 kA)
	○ Test 2 : at UC2 level (2,5 kA)
	○ Test 1 : at UC3 level (6 kA)
	C8: Dielectric strength
	The Circuit Breaker in the E meter must meet the following endurance requirements, derived from IEC 62055-31 Annex C/C3:

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	- 200 In domestic combination short circuit - Prospe - Meter c	o operation installation with a profess of 10 kA acted Short-circuit protectircuit constants.	tection device according the circuit currencted by an election: 2 * 0	Ampère preaker e the circ followir t: 10 kA; ectrome ,5 m; 16	e, PF 0,5 will be po cuit-breating conditude U= 230 chanicalumm ²	rotected by a prot ker must be able iions:	to withstand
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

Description	The E break	The E breaker shall affect all phases as the result of a position change.					
Rationale	Poly-phase	Poly-phase meters use a single breaker for all phases as there is no need to					
	(dis)connec	t individual	phases indep	pendentl	у.		
Fit criterion	All phases of	All phases on a connection are either all connected or all disconnected at any time.					
	Neutral shall not be switched.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.3.42

Description	Switching equipment shall always be in a defined state.						
Rationale	All switch ed	All switch equipment (electricity breakers) has two positions but shall always be in a					
	closed posit	closed position.					
Fit criterion	Switching e	Switching equipment shall be bi-stable.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.3.43

Description	The E meter shall convert the time stamps of the M-Bus register values from UTC time					
	to Local Time.					
Rationale	The G meter has only UTC time information available while the interface on P1 and P3					
	is based on Local Time.					
Fit criterion	The E meter shall convert the time stamps of the M-Bus register values from UTC time					
	to the Local Time of the E meter at the moment these register values are received via					
	P2.					
History	Apr. 2011 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter					

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3.3 G equipment

DSMR-M 4.3.45

Description	G meters th	G meters that are implemented as diaphragm meters shall comply with the latest re-					
	lease of EN	lease of EN 1359.					
Rationale	Multiple me	Multiple methods exist for measuring the amount of gas consumer. For each of these					
	methods a s	methods a specific standard is defined.					
Fit criterion	The vendor	The vendor shall supply a certificate from a notified body for the metering instrument					
	stating that	stating that it complies with the latest release of EN 1359.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.46

Description	G meters th	G meters that are implemented as ultrasonic meters shall comply with EN 14236.					
Rationale	Multiple me	Multiple methods exist for measuring the amount of gas consumer. For each of these					
	methods a s	specific star	ndard is defir	ied.			
Fit criterion	The vendor	shall suppl	y a certificate	from a	notified	body for the mete	ring instrument
	stating that it complies with EN 14236.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.47

Description	G meters that are implemented as rotary displacement meters shall comply with EN 12480.						
Rationale	Multiple me	thods exist	for measurin	g the an	nount of	gas consumer.	For each of these
	methods a s	specific star	ndard is defir	ied.			
Fit criterion	The vendor	shall suppl	y a certificate	from a	notified	body for the me	tering instrument
	stating that	stating that it complies with EN 12480.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.48

Description	The G meter is equipped with temperature conversion.	The G meter is equipped with temperature conversion.						
Rationale	The G meter is equipped with temperature conversion. The G meter will uncorrected measured volume to a volume at 0°C. and an average atmosure of 1013,25 mbar taking into account a pressure of 1041,25 mbar (atmospheric pressure + working pressure; 1013,25+28mbar,) i.e.using the mula: $\frac{273,15}{tgas}*\frac{1041,25}{1013,25}$	ospheric pres- average at-						
Fit criterion	The G meter will convert the uncorrected measured volume to a volume at 0°C and							
	1013,25 mbar taking into account a pressure of 1041,25 mbar							
History	Jan. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G n	meter						

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Description	G meters that	at are imple	emented with	an elec	tronic in	dex and tempera	ature conversion
	shall comply	with MID ((Measuring In	nstrume	nts Direc	ctive), appendix	MI-002, part 1, §
	2.2 en part 2	2.					
Rationale	Multiple met	hods exist	for temperate	ure conv	ersion, e	electronically or	mechanically. For
	each of thes	e methods	a specific st	andard i	s define	d. All new gas m	eters in The Neth-
	erlands such	n as diaphr	agm meters,	ultrasor	ic meter	rs etc. with an el	ectronic index and
	temperature	conversion	n need to cor	nply witl	n MID ap	pendix MI-002,	part 1, § 2.2 en
	part 2. The N	MID in turn	refers to EN	1359:19	98/A1:2	:006 (annex B) a	and EN 14236 (an-
	nex C)	nex C)					
Fit criterion	The vendor	The vendor shall supply a certificate from a notified body for the metering instrument					
	stating that it complies with the MID, appendix MI-002, part 1, § 2.2 en part 2.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.50

Description	G meters that are implemented with a mechanical index and mechanical temperature						
	conversion must have a MID approval and comply with EN 1359:1998 Annex-B sup-						
	plemented with EN 1359:1998/A1:2006 Annex-B.						
Rationale	Multiple methods exist for temperature conversion, electronically or mechanically. For						
	each of these methods a specific standard is defined.						
Fit criterion	The vendor shall supply a certificate from a notified body for the metering instrument						
	stating that it complies with the MID, appendix MI-002, part 1, § 2.2 en part 2 and						
	complies with EN 1359:1998 Annex-B supplemented with EN 1359:1998/A1:2006 An-						
	nex-B.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter						

DSMR-M 4.3.51

Description	G meter shall transmit only the temperature converted interval value (the temperature						
	converted interval value is also the only value indicated on the display).						
Rationale	In the Netherlands there are two types of temperature converted meters, G meters that are implemented with a mechanical temperature conversion and G meters that are implemented with an electronic temperature conversion. Only the temperature converted interval values will be transmitted to the CS. The unconverted interval values may only be used internally by the G meter.						
Fit criterion	By default only the temperature converted interval value will be transmitted and shown on the display. The unconverted interval values may only be used internally by the G meter.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port P2, P3 Applicable G meter						

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Description	G meters shall comply with the latest release of EN 12405						
Rationale	In the standa	In the standards for measuring volume conversion is not included. G-meters that con-					
	vert the volu	vert the volume to m _n ³ shall comply with the latest release of EN 12405					
Fit criterion	The vendor	The vendor shall supply a certificate from a notified body for the metering instrument					
	stating that it complies with the latest release of EN 12405						
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.53

Description	The meter shall withstand a vertical drop as described in NEN-EN 1359 and keep full			
	functionality.			
Rationale	In case of a vertical drop as described in NEN-EN 1359, not only metrological perfor-			
	mance has to work properly but also other functions like communication and valve			
	(dis)connect.			
Fit criterion	All functions of the G meter must be able to withstand a vertical drop of the meter as			
	described in NEN-EN 1359.			
History	Sep. 2009 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.54

Description	It should be	It should be possible to activate additional functions of the G meter.					
Rationale	Only one bu	Only one button is used for all functions.					
Fit criterion	Only one bu	Only one button is used to operate the valve manually, to activate service mode and					
	show Legal	show Legally Relevant software versions.					
History	Mar. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.54a

Description	It must be possible to set wireless G-meters into "installation mode" at the moment of						
	installing met	ering inst	ruments at a	custome	ers prem	ises.	
Rationale	During install	ation G m	eters have to	be com	mission	ed to the E meter	according to the
	P2 companio	P2 companion standard. Only after this process, regular communication between the E					
	meter and the G meter will be able to start.						
Fit criterion	It must be po	ssible to s	set G meters	into inst	allation	mode with the butt	on functionality.
History	June. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.55

Description	As required by MID the software version identification of Legally Relevant software			
	shall be easily provided by the measuring instrument.			
Rationale	The version identification of Legally Relevant software shall easily be shown on the			
	display.			
Fit criterion	The version identification of Legally Relevant software must be shown on the display in the service mode of the G-meter.			
History	Mar. 2011 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter			

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Description	It must be possible to activate a service mode in the G meter.						
Rationale	Testing of a meter must be done in a reasonable time. This is not possible if the						
	standard resolution is not precise enough. In that case it must be possible to activate a						
	service mode in the G meter during which the registers have a 0,1 litre resolution for						
	G4 meters and a 1 litre resolution for meters > G6.						
	In service mode the Legally Relevant Software is shown in the display						
Fit criterion	It must be possible to activate a service mode in the G meter during which the registers have a 0,1 litre resolution for G4 meters and a 1 litre resolution for meters > G6. In this service mode also the Legally Relevant Software is shown in the display. In case of a display with sleeping mode functionality: After activating the display by pushing the button, service mode is activated by a manufacturer specific action The code for the LR software is shown in service mode in the next sequence: Display test → Index value → LR → Display test → Return to sleeping mode after a manufacturer specific timeout (and optional by an action)						
	 In the case of a display without sleeping mode functionality activating of the service mode is done: by a manufacturer specific action. The code for the LR software is shown in service mode in the next sequence: Display test → Index value → LR → Display test → Return to normal mode after a manufacturer specific timeout (and optional by an action). Testing at Qmin may not take more than 30 minutes. 						
History	 Test results shall be reproducible and repeatable (as described in MID). Nov. 2010 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter 						
i iiotoi y	1 or II.a. Applicable of fileter						

DSMR-M 4.3.57

Description	Power consumption of G meter shall be minimised.				
Rationale	For economic and environmental reasons the power consumption of the meter shall be				
	minimized. Besides this it is important to reduce power consumption in G meters that				
	are powered by a battery as replacement of batteries is expensive. Finally the power				
	used by G meters that use M-Bus as a power source shall not exceed the maximum				
	power delivered by M-Bus. Please note that operation of the valve consumes power				
	too.				
Fit criterion	The lifetime of the battery in the G meter shall exceed the lifetime of the G meter in				
	situations where communication is restricted to the requirements stated in this docu-				
	ment.				
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter				

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Description	The G mete	The G meter shall be compatible with the PN-class ≥ 0.2 bar.					
Rationale	The G mete	rs will be u	sed to conne	ct custo	mers to	30 and 100 mba	ar grids. In some
	cases stand	ard 100 ml	bar grids are	operate	d at 200	mbar. In case tl	ne household pres-
	sure regulat	sure regulator fails, the G meter can be subjected to 200 mbar.					
Fit criterion	No leakage	No leakage and no permanent damage shall occur and all functionalities (e.g. opening					
	and closing the valve) will be maintained in a 200 mbar pressure test.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.59

Description	The G meter	The G meter must comply with the standard G series.					
Rationale	Only meters i	in the stan	dard G rang	e 1.6 to	25 are c	onsidered, as m	eters that can
	handle larger	r volumes	require differ	ent insta	allation e	environments tha	an the ones envi-
	sioned for the	e product.					
Fit criterion	The respective	ve G mete	rs shall in ac	cordanc	e with th	e G series have	maximum flow
	rates of:						
	■ G1.6	$2.5 \mathrm{m}^3$	'n				
	■ G2.5	4.0 m^3	'n				
	■ G4	$6.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$					
	■ G6	10.0 m	³ /h				
	■ G10	16.0 m	³ /h				
	■ G16	G16 25.0 m ³ /h					
	■ G25	40.0 m	³ /h				
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.60

Description	No leakage and no permanent damage shall occur in a 500 mbar pressure test.			
Rationale	G meters of G series 10 or higher will be used to connect customers to grids with			
	higher pressures than 100 mbar. In case the pressure regulator fails, the G meter can			
	be subjected to 500 mbar.			
Fit criterion	G meters of G series 10 or higher shall be compatible with the PN-class ≥ 0.5 bar.			
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.61

Description	G meters of G series 10 or higher the resolution will be in 0.01 m3						
Rationale	The NTA sp	pecifies 0.0	01 m3 resolu	ition but	these g	as meters do no	t supply this reso-
	lution.						
Fit criterion	The G meter	The G meters of G series 10 or higher use a resolution of 0.01 m3. The E meter shall					
	handle auto	handle automatically the proper M-Bus attribute (VIF)					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter, E meter

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Description	The metering instrument shall be class 1, with class 1.5 mentioned on the type plate.			
Rationale	Class 1.5 instruments are sufficient for the purpose of residential usage. GO's however			
	want a higher accuracy than class 1.5 and therefore require the metering instrument to			
	fulfil class 1 requirements.			
Fit criterion	Testing for class 1 and 1.5 will be performed in two steps:			
	A notified body for certifying meters will test the equipment to fulfil class 1.5 re-			
	quirements;			
	The GO will test the equipment to fulfil class 1 requirements.			
History	Nov. 2007 Origin Q&P Port n.a. Applicable G meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.63

Description	The frequency of planned onsite maintenance on the G meter shall be minimized.								
Rationale	Onsite mair	Onsite maintenance activities on the meter disturbs the consumer and shall therefore							
	be kept to a	a minimum.	Another reas	son to ke	eep mai	ntenance on loc	ation to a mini-		
	mum is that	mum is that it is very expensive.							
Fit criterion	No planned	maintenar	nce needed d	luring the	e lifetime	e of the meter.			
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.64

Description	The G meter shall be suitable for Dutch Gas of second family group L.							
Rationale	In the Neth	In the Netherlands low calorific gas is used. In order to measure correctly, the meter						
	needs to be	needs to be suitable for this gas.						
Fit criterion	The G meter	er shall be s	suitable for D	utch Ga	s of sec	ond family group) L.	
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter						

DSMR-M 4.3.65

Description	Gas meters shall comply with Nederlandse Praktijk Richtlijn (NPR) 7028.						
Rationale	NPR 7028	contains the	e Dutch stan	dards fo	r diaphra	agm meters but	is also considered
	applicable f	or ultrasoni	c gas meters	s. This s	tandard	contains some	requirements
	(mainly abo	out dimension	ons and conr	nections) which a	are not describe	d in EN 1359.
Fit criterion	G meters s	hall comply	with the req	uiremen	ts for co	nnections and d	imensions in NPR
	7028.						
	In contradio	tion to NPF	R 7028; for a	G25 ga	smeter t	he maximum wi	dth of the gasme-
	ter is 540 m	nm.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.66

Description	All G meters shall be supplied with removable end caps installed.
Rationale	The end caps serve to prevent ingress of dust and dirt into the meter during
	transport and installation.
Fit criterion	Removable end caps will be installed on both inlet and outlet

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History Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter
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Description	For G meters ≤ G6 a G valve as an integrated part is mandatory. For G meters > G6							
	a G valve is not allowed.							
Rationale	In order to reduce costs for installation the G meter shall incorporate the G valve.							
Fit criterion	When applicable, the G meter and G valve shall be delivered as a single installable							
	unit.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.68

Description	The controlling of the G valve must be electronically.							
Rationale	Controlling	of the G va	lve shall be p	ossible	local an	d remotely. Med	chanical controlling	
	is not allow	is not allowed.						
Fit criterion	Controlling of	of the G valv	e must be ele	ectronica	Illy in a s	afe and reliable v	way.	
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.69

Description	Switching equipment shall be bi-stable.							
Rationale	The gas valve has two positions and shall only change position as the result of a switching activity.							
Fit criterion			change pos	ition as	the resu	It of a switching	command.	
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.70

Description	The G valve must be able to withstand at least a pressure of 200mbar in the closed							
	position.							
Rationale	The G valve	e shall be s	afe and relia	ble and	must be	able to withstar	nd a certain pres-	
	sure in the	closed posi	tion.					
Fit criterion	A pressure	of at least 2	200mbar is v	vithstood	by the	G valve in the cl	osed position.	
History	Aug. 2010	Aug. Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable G meter						

DSMR-M 4.3.71

Description	The G valve shall only open if it has been determined that the gas installation uses
	less than 13 litres per hour.
Rationale	The valve shall only open after a leakage control.
Fit criterion	After opening of the G valve the amount of gas measured may not be greater then 1
	litre. The measuring time starts 5 seconds after opening and will be 5 minutes.
	If the accuracy of the G meter is high enough to determine the allowed flow in a
	shorter time period then this is allowed.
	In case the flow is greater than is allowed, the valve has to be shut immediately.
	This applies to both automatic or manual (re)connection
	If it has been determined that the gas installation uses less than 13 litres per hour,

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	the G valve can be opened.						
History	Aug. 2010	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

Description	With the G valve in the closed position and with a pressure of 20 mbar, the leakage of the gas valve must be less than 1 litre per hour. At Pmax of the meter, the leakage of the gas valve must be less than 5 litres per hour.						
Rationale	age. The ga	Any equipment with the gas supply switched off can have a certain amount of leakage. The gas meter must be safe and reliable, therefore this leakage at Pmax must remain within the limits.					
Fit criterion	must be les	At a pressure of 20 mbar and with a closed gas valve, the leakage of the gas valve must be less than 1 litre per hour. At Pmax of the meter, the leakage of the gas valve must be less than 5 litres per hour.					
History	Aug. 2010	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter

DSMR-M 4.3.73

Description	The G valve must be able to open with a counter pressure of at least 50 mbar							
Rationale	The G valve shall be safe and reliable and must be able to open and close at certain							
	pressures.							
Fit criterion	The G valve	e must be a	able to open	with a co	ounter pr	ressure of at lea	st 50 mbar	
History	Aug. 2010 Port n.a. Applicable G meter							

DSMR-M 4.3.74

Description	The G valve must be able to close at Qr and a counter pressure of 50 mbar.								
Rationale	The G valve shall be safe and reliable and must be able to open and close at certain								
	flow rates and pressures.								
	(Qr is defined as the overload flow rate 1,2Qmax)								
Fit criterion	The G valve	e must be a	ble to close	at Qr an	d a cour	nter pressure of	50 mbar.		
History	Jan. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

DSMR-M 4.3.75

Description	The G valve shall perform a sufficient amount of switching operations.								
Rationale	The G valve	The G valve shall be safe and reliable, and shall operate with minimum manual inter-							
	action.	action.							
Fit criterion	The switching equipment shall be able to perform at least 3.000 operations during its								
	lifetime.								
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		
	2007		8130						

DSMR-M 4.3.76

Description	G meters shall have a flow direction from left (Gas in) to right (Gas out) when looking
	at the index.
Rationale	The G meters have a standardized flow direction from left to right when looking at the

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	index.									
Fit criterion	G meters shall comply with the standardized flow direction of left (Gas in) to right									
	(Gas out) when looking at the index.									
History	Dec. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter			

Description	G meters s	hall have re	verse flow p	rotectior	or prev	ent the register	value (for gas de-		
	livery) to change in case of a reversed flow direction.								
Rationale	Since the G	Since the G meter has a standardized flow direction from left to right it could be pos-							
	sible to mo	sible to mount the meter in a reversed flow direction. If the G meter is mounted in a							
	reversed flow direction the register values (for gas delivery) shall not change.								
Fit criterion	G meters s	hall have re	verse flow p	rotectior	or prev	ent the register	value (for gas de-		
	livery) to ch	ange in cas	se of a revers	sed flow	directio	n.			
History	Dec. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

DSMR-M 4.3.78

Description	In case a reversed flow direction is detected the G meter shall register this as a fraud									
	attempt.									
Rationale	Since the G	Since the G meter has a standardized flow direction from left to right it could be pos-								
	sible to mo	sible to mount the meter in a reversed flow direction. If the G meter is mounted in a								
	reversed flo	reversed flow direction the G meter shall register an event.								
Fit criterion	The G meter	er shall regi	ster a fraud a	attempt i	n case a	a reversed flow of	direction is detect-			
	ed.									
History	Dec. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.79

Description	Displays shall provide easy to read values.							
Rationale	The characteristics of mechanical displays are defined in EN 1359. This document specifies the size of numerals for meter readings. Electronic displays shall conform to							
	the sizing requirements.							
Fit criterion	The digits of displays shall have a minimal height of 4 mm and a minimal width of 2.4							
							imal point must be	
	clearly mar	ked with for	r example a r	ed fram	e on the	meter plate.		
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter	

3.4 Communication channels

DSMR-M 4.3.80

Description	The E meter <i>shall</i> have a standardized local port for installation and maintenance purposes (P0).
Rationale	The maintenance personnel want to access all meters in a similar fashion.
Fit criterion	The P0 interface shall be implemented as an optical port. Only 1 local maintenance port P0 will be present per device.

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History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.3.80a

Description	The protocol to be used on the P0 interface shall be standardized.							
Rationale	The mainter	The maintenance personnel want to access all meters in a similar fashion.						
Fit criterion	The protoco	The protocol on the P0 interface shall be IEC 62056-21, mode E using 8 data bits. The						
	application level shall be according to the P3 companion standard.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.3.81

Description	Communication on the P1 interface shall be standardized.									
Rationale	The OSM is provided by a third party, therefore interoperability on P1 is required.									
Fit criterion	The P1 inte	The P1 interface shall be implemented according to the P1 Companion Standard.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P1	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.3.82

Description	Communication on the P2 interface shall be standardized.							
Rationale	Interoperab	Interoperability is required on the P2 interface, to allow for communication with differ-						
	ent Gas (and water and thermal) meters.							
Fit criterion	The P2 inte	rface shall	be implemer	nted acc	ording to	the P2 Compa	nion Standard.	
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin TST Port P2 Applicable E meter, G meter						

DSMR-M 4.3.83

Description	Communication on the P3 interface shall be standardized.						
Rationale	Interoperab	Interoperability is required on the P3 interface, to prevent vendor lock-in and to sim-					
	plify the data acquisition process in the CS.						
Fit criterion	The P3 interface shall be implemented according to the P3 Companion Standard.						
	The P3 Companion Standard is based on the DLMS/Cosem protocol.						
History	Nov. 2007 Port P3 Applicable E meter						

3.5 Event logging and error reporting

This section describes mandatory constraints from the point of view of installation and maintenance.

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3.5.1 Logging

DSMR-M 4.3.84

Description	The log iten	ns shall fac	ilitate the ver	rification	of the s	tate of equipme	nt and the process
	of troubleshooting.						
Rationale	Logging info	ormation is	used in com	bination	with the	state of equipm	nent to verify the
	correct fund	tioning of N	/I&S and com	nmunica	tion equ	ipment. The log	ging shall there-
	fore facilitat	e the const	ruction of a h	nistory o	f activitie	es that took plac	e in the equip-
	ment.						
Fit criterion	Each log ite	m shall cor	ntain at least	the follo	wing inf	ormation:	
	Timest	amp of the	logged even	t;			
	Activity	type of the	logged ever	nt (event	t code);		
	Parameters of the logged event (if specified in use case).						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a	Applicable	E meter,

DSMR-M 4.3.85

Description	Equipment	shall log all	activities that	at modify	the sta	te of equipment	
Rationale	The GO ma	y need to d	determine wh	at cause	ed the st	ate of equipmer	nt to change. In
	case of pro	blems with	equipment h	e can de	erive the	possible cause	of the problem by
	'walking ba	ck' through	the logging i	nformati	on and	derive the state	of the equipment
	'along the way'.						
Fit criterion	The logging information for a designated period shall enable the reconstruction of the						
	state at the	start of tha	t period give	n the sta	ate at the	e end of the peri	od. All event
	codes shall	have a val	ue from a pre	e-define	d range	as defined in the	e Companion
	Standards f	or P2 and I	P3.				
History	Nov.	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a	Applicable	E meter
	2007						

3.5.2 Errors

In this section we will distinguish between:

- Normal errors: The term normal error is used for errors which occur during operation of the meter. These are logged as normal errors, i.e. an event log entry is generated and an error or alarm bit is set in the corresponding register, i.e. flat battery, memory errors, communication errors.
- Logical errors: The term logical error is used in case of errors in command parameters,
 i.e. the start date is after the end date, the activation date lies in the past, etc. These errors always lead to an error message sent back in the answer to the command. This kind
 of errors is not logged in the event log and no error bit is set in the error register.
- Software errors: General wisdom states that all software contains defects. This will be
 true for firmware that is part of the equipment too. People involved in maintenance of the
 equipment shall therefore be informed on any software error that occurs. Examples of
 software errors include: index out of range, out of memory, invalid parameter etc.

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Description	The equipm	nent shall s	upport a unifo	orm des	cription	for errors excha	nged through P3.	
Rationale	In order to facilitate error handling by central systems, the equipment shall exchange							
	uniform errors. This may involve functionality for the E meter for converting errors							
	received through P2 before these errors are forwarded through P3. For individual er-							
	rors presen	ted through	out the docu	ıment, a	dditiona	l attributes may	be defined.	
Fit criterion	All errors exchanged with external entities shall at least contain the following infor-							
	mation:							
	■ Error c	ode for the	type of error					
	 A corre 	esponding e	event shall be	stored,	includir	ng the timestamp	o of when the error	
	was raised.							
History	Nov.	Origin	I&M	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter	
	2007							

DSMR-M 4.3.87

Description	The error code used in errors shall have a value from a pre-defined range as defined						
	in the Com	in the Companion Standards for P2 and P3.					
Rationale	For mainter	nance purp	oses a unifor	m error	code for	errors facilitate	s the process of
	handling th	e error. In c	ase of unifor	m error	codes th	ne personnel do	es not need any
	knowledge	knowledge of the equipment in order to determine what type of error occurred.					
Fit criterion	The value of	of error code	es shall be ir	the ran	ge of er	ror codes as def	ined in the Com-
	panion Standards for P2 and P3. Vendor specific alarms are not allowed.						
History	Nov. 2007						

3.5.3 Error reporting

The equipment shall support two methods of event reporting. The first method is based on a request of a time frame specified by the CS. The second is a direct way of sending errors to a central system. The latter method is referred to as alarms.

DSMR-M 4.3.88

Description	The equipment shall include an event report through P3 if the M&S equipment state is retrieved.						
Rationale	The personnel involved in maintenance of the equipment shall be regularly informed on new events. The event report is used for this purpose. Based on the error report maintenance personnel can decide on further actions. Events are retrieved from the equipment by 'Use case: Retrieve M&S equipment state'.						
Fit criterion	It shall be p	ossible to r	etrieve a list	of event	ts throug	gh the P3 port.	
History	Nov. 2007						

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3.5.4 Software errors

DSMR-M 4.3.89

Description	The equipment shall raise an error in case a malfunction of the software occurs.						
Rationale	General wisdom states that all software contains defects. This will be true for firm-						
	ware that is part of the equipment too. People involved in maintenance of the equip-						
	ment shall therefore be informed on any software error that occurs. Examples of						
	software errors include: index out of range, out of memory, invalid parameter etc.						
Fit criterion	A watchdog that checks software activity shall detect software errors. If the watchdog						
	detects an anomaly, the event is logged and the corresponding error is set in the er-						
	ror register.						
History	Nov. 2007 Port P3 Applicable E meter, G meter						

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4 ACCESS AND SECURITY

Cyber-security is a well-known issue in classical IT systems. For some years, attention has been focussed on cyber-security concerning industrial systems which are more complex, independent and interconnected.

Authorities put a special emphasis on Critical Infrastructure Protection and Industrial Automation Control Systems, especially infrastructure supporting energy, transport, telecommunications, and water. At the moment, collaboration between European countries is being organized, and special directives about security of vital infrastructures are likely to be enforced.

Metering is directly affected by this focus. Security is everywhere in the metering process, from the meter to the central system, including each network and media used to communicate (home network, public network and enterprise network). All partners, from manufacturers to suppliers and regulation authorities have to worked together in raising awareness and securing the metering systems.

4.1 Threats and critical actions

Risks for actors of an Automated Meter Infrastructure (grid operator, supply company, customer) are multiple and of different natures:

- Access or alteration of information by unauthorized persons: intrusions and illicit changes.
- Willful actions by intruders, resulting in modifying settings of assets: risks to public health and confidence.
- Denial of service on a component of the system (meter, back-office, communication system): loss of system availability, leading to compromised process functionality or security.
- Privacy and legislation: many countries protect customer's and people's rights by laws, to ensure that personal and confidential information will not be disclosed within communicating systems; Grid systems shall not be a way to reveal information: theft and publication of information to unauthorized destinations should be prevented.

Intrusions could result in critical problems for people who depend on the energy supplier. Compromising security for a company could lead to Millions of Euros in damages (for equipment and responsibility).

For all these reasons, the entire metering infrastructure has to be protected and shall offer security services for all data, networks, and the components of which it is composed.

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4.2 Assumptions

It is recommended that proven standards and industry best practices used for IT systems are implemented. This includes technologies deployed in other domains, such as the finance sector. Existing systems should be considered and adapted, and security measures not reinvented. As threats and risks evolve along the life-span of the metering infrastructure, special attention shall be given to updating the security mechanisms.

The concept of "defense in depth" shall be applied to the entire system: security at each layer of the metering infrastructure, from the centralized system to the end-point meter, including networks. The WELMEC Software Guide 7.2 issue 4 gives guidance about software security which is extended to data communications networks (extension T). The requirements below are in accordance with Welmec Guide, taking into consideration that the metering infrastructure must offer the functionality necessary to cover risk categories B-C-D (requirements T1 to T6) of the Welmec Guide.

Security Assumptions:

- If physical intrusion of a meter happens, the compromising of one device shall not permit compromising all of the system.
- Sensitive information and commands will have to be protected.
- Most communications at application level between the device and the CS is encrypted, using the published and acknowledged encryption mechanism AES-128. Usage of trusted equipments, such as cryptographic processor embedded in smart-cards shall be considered because they are tamper resistant.
- Since security standards are available for IT systems and Industrial Automation and Control Systems, they shall be applied, from the very conception of the systems to the deployment of devices and system.

The metering infrastructure shall prevent:

- Unauthorized access, theft or misuse of confidential information (data cannot be read or altered in the meter or in transit across all networks).
- Loss of integrity or reliability of process data and production information.
- Loss of system availability (back-office and data processing is secured).
- Intrusions and illicit changes for example illicit firmware upgrade.
- Process upsets leading to compromising of process functionality or loss of system capacity (separation of responsibilities for appropriate actions).

Identified requirements to complete these needs are:

- Access and Use Control
- Authenticity
- Data integrity
- Data Confidentiality

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4.3 Access, Use Control and Authenticity

Only the grid operator is allowed to have access to the P3 port. In case there is a separate grid operator for electricity and for gas, only the electricity grid operator shall have direct access to the metering installation via the P3 port. The electricity grid operator is responsible for the correct data communication between the electricity meter and M-Bus devices, and is also responsible for the correct data communication from the metering installation to the central system and vice versa. The manufacturer of equipment must ensure the correct implementation of the *identification*, *authentication* and *authorization* concerning the metering installation, and *confidentiality* of the data communication from the metering installation to the central system and between the metering installation and the connected Gas, Water, Thermal, end Slave E meterer (P2 port), regardless of the communication medium used.

DSMR-M 4.4.1

Description	No physical port or interface can be accessed without opening the cover(s), except for P0 and P1.								
Rationale	For security reasons and to avoid any unauthorized person from accessing or modifying system components or data, it is necessary that no physical port or interface can be accessed without opening the cover(s), except for P0 and P1.								
Fit criterion	Physical po for P0 and		erfaces ca	nnot be	accessed	without openii	ng the cover(s), except		
History	Sep. 2009	Sep. Origin TST Port P2, P3 Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.4.2

Description	The system shall be capable of automatically generating an event when the terminal cover is opened.							
Rationale	For security reasons and to avoid any unauthorized person from accessing or modifying system components or data, it is necessary to detect physical intrusion. The system must therefore be capable of automatically generating an event when the terminal-cover is opened.							
Fit criterion		An event for opening the terminal cover will be generated. Adequate measures must be taken to prevent false alarms (i.e by vibrations, humidity).						
History	July. 2009	July. Origin P&S 1.5 Port n.a. Applicable E meter						

DSMR-M 4.4.3

Description	The construction of the E meter shall prevent intruding into the E meter and tampering							
	with the E meter.							
Rationale	Intrusion and tamper attempts shall be visible on visual inspection.							
Fit criterion	The E meter and the block cap are protected by separate seals in order to prevent in-							
	truding into the E meter and tampering with the E meter.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin P&S 1.5	Port n.a.	Applicable	E meter				

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Description	The construction of the G meter shall prevent intruding into the G meter and tampering with the G meter.					
Rationale	Intrusion and tamper attempts shall be visible on visual inspection.					
Fit criterion	The connections of the G meter can be sealed on both sides (inlet and outlet). Any communication cables, batteries and similar, shall be locked behind sealable covers.					
History	Nov. 2007 Origin P&S	1.5 Port n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

DSMR-M 4.4.5

Description	The M-Bus terminals on the E meter must be safely accessible.
Rationale	Connecting the cable of the M-Bus device should be possible in a safe way. It should
	not be possible to touch live parts of the meter.
Fit criterion	The M-Bus terminals on the E meter shall be accessible without breaking the seal of the terminal cover of the E meter. The M-Bus terminals on the E meter shall be separately sealable from the other terminals. For every M-Bus device separate terminals are required.
History	Sep. 2009 Origin TST Port P2 Applicable E meter

DSMR-M 4.4.6

Description		•	rovide function	onality fo	The equipment shall provide functionality for authentication on the communication							
	ports P0 an	id P3.										
Rationale	For security	/ reasons it	is important	that equ	iipment is	able to determ	nine authenticity of					
	communica	ition partne	rs to ensure	that data	a is not m	odified or comp	promised by any					
	unauthorize	ed entity.										
Fit criterion	No port car	be access	ed without co	orrect au	ıthenticati	ion by applying	an encryption					
	algorithm th	nat includes	authenticati	on mech	nanisms.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter					

DSMR-M 4.4.7

Description	The equipme	The equipment shall support functionality to configure whether the P0 port is usable								
	or not usable	€.								
Rationale	Some Grid C	Dperators ι	use a PDA c	onnecte	d to the P	0 port for comi	missioning the E-			
	Meter, or for	some loca	al maintenan	ce tasks	(e.g. Cal	ibration Rack).	•			
Fit criterion	When the Po	oport is co	nfigured as i	not usab	le then th	ere shall be no	o method, includ-			
	ing brute for	ing brute force attack, to gain access to the meter via the P0 port.								
History	Jan. 2011	Origin		Port	P0	Applicable	E Meter			

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Description	The equipment shall support functionality to configure the supported authentication								
	mechanism on P0 and P3 port.								
Rationale	This functionality give the opportunity to the Central System to select another au-								
	thentication mechanism when one authentication mechanism is not safe anymore.								
Fit criterion	It shall be possible to configure for HLS mechanism 3,4 and 5 or any combination for								
	both P0 and P3 whether the meter accepts the authentication request or reject the								
	authentication request.								
History	Jan. 2011 Origin Port P0, P3 Applicable E Meter								

DSMR-M 4.4.8b

Description	The equipment shall support functionality to configure different HLS mechanisms for								
	P0 and P3 port								
Rationale	Some Grid Operators use a PDA connected to the P0 port for commissioning the E-								
	Meter using HLS mechanism 4 with a secret that is shared with a group of meters.								
	Access to the meter via the P3 port using such shared secret shall be prevented.								
Fit criterion	The HLS mechanism on P0 and P3 port can be configured independently from each								
	other.								
History	Jan. 2011 Origin Port P0, P3 Applicable E Meter								

DSMR-M 4.4.9

Description		The equipment must be capable of managing access rights for any of its logical components, with an adequate granularity.						
	ponents, wi	iii aii aueqi	uale granulanty.					
Rationale	Users shall	be authent	icated and author	orized to	access th	ne logical comp	conents of the	
	equipment.							
Fit criterion	Access con	trol will be	offered for any c	of its logi	ical compo	nents on attrib	oute level	
History	July. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.4.10

Description	The equipm	The equipment shall provide functionality for the authorisation of data communica-							
Description	The equipm	ient snaii p	rovide functiona	iity for tr	ie authoris	sation of data (communica-		
	tions on all	of its comm	nunication interfa	aces.					
Rationale	For security	reasons it	is important tha	t equipn	nent is abl	e to determine	the authorisa-		
	tion of all co	ommunicati	on partners.						
Fit criterion	Authorisation	on functiona	ality shall be pro	vided by	access c	ontrol mechan	isms.		
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

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Description	All commun	ications int	erfaces shall on	ly suppo	ort DSMR	specified funct	ionality. All			
	other functionality on the communication interfaces shall be disabled. This also is ap-									
	plicable for	the develop	per interface (e.ç	g. JTAG).					
Rationale	It is importa	nt that the	equipment does	not res	pond to ar	nd is not adver	sely affected			
	by commun	ications us	ing protocols an	d function	onality oth	er than those r	equired for			
	communica	tions with c	other metering in	frastruc	ture equip	ment.				
Fit criterion	All commun	ications int	erfaces shall on	ly suppo	ort DSMR	specified funct	ionality. All			
	other functi	onality on tl	he communication	on interf	aces shall	be disabled (F	Read and			
	Write). This	Write). This also is applicable for the developer interface (e.g. JTAG).								
History	July.	July. Origin P&S 1.5 Port P0, P2 Applicable E meter, G								
	2009				P3		meter			

DSMR-M 4.4.12

Description		Interfaces shall not accept unauthorized or erroneous communications and are capable of handling (dropping) such communication (including TCP) without adverse effects on								
	the operation	n of the e	quipment c	r the in	terface.					
Rationale	It is importa	nt that the	interfaces	do not	accept unauth	norized or erro	neous communica-			
	tions and ar	e capable	of handlin	g (drop	ping) such cor	mmunication (i	ncluding TCP)			
	without adv	erse effec	ts on the o	peration	n of the equipr	ment or the inte	erface.			
Fit criterion	Interfaces s	hall not a	ccept unau	thorized	d or erroneous	communication	on and unauthor-			
	ised commu	unications	will not adv	ersely	affect the ope	ration of the re	emainder of the			
	equipment.	equipment.								
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P2 P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

DSMR-M 4.4.13

Unused physical interfaces will be disabled by default, including the installation mode of the meter.								
r security	reasons	it is importa	nt that	management	of physical inte	erfaces shall be		
ssible to	enforce th	ne security f	or loca	l access.				
used por	ts and int	erfaces are	disable	ed by default.	Mechanisms a	re implemented for		
enabling or disabling the interfaces.								
ly. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P2	Applicable	E meter		
	r security ssible to used por abling or	r security reasons ssible to enforce the used ports and intabling or disabling	r security reasons it is important ssible to enforce the security full used ports and interfaces are abling or disabling the interface	r security reasons it is important that ssible to enforce the security for loca used ports and interfaces are disable abling or disabling the interfaces.	r security reasons it is important that management ssible to enforce the security for local access. used ports and interfaces are disabled by default. abling or disabling the interfaces.	r security reasons it is important that management of physical intensible to enforce the security for local access. used ports and interfaces are disabled by default. Mechanisms an abling or disabling the interfaces.		

DSMR-M 4.4.14

Description	, ,	•	master key) that of aintenance port l		, ,	operator can b	oe changed		
Rationale	lead to unco	It must always be possible to change keys. This ensures that compromised keys do not lead to uncontrollable exposure of a (large group of) meter(s). A compromised master/default key alone does not allow the change of; software, settings, meter readings, etc.							
Fit criterion	· ·	Functionality must be implemented to change all keys (except the master/default key) via either the local maintenance port P0 or remotely via P3.							
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P2, P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

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Description	The E mete	The E meter will forward the key as soon as possible to the M-Bus device.								
Rationale		The new key needs to be used for communication as soon as possible. For wireless								
			neans that it will b	e include	d in the next of	communication	n session that			
	is initiated b	y the M-I	Bus device.							
Fit criterion	The E mete	r will forw	ard the key at the	e first oppo	ortunity to cor	nmunicate to t	he M-Bus			
	device.	device.								
History	May 2010	May 2010 Origin TST Port P2 Applicable E meter								

DSMR-M 4.4.16

Description	Every attempt	Every attempt to access ports and components with an incorrect key must result in lock-							
	ing the port or	ing the port or component for 10 seconds and a message in a log file.							
Rationale	For security re	For security reasons it is important that for every attempt made to access port or com-							
	ponents with	an inco	rrect key, the port	or compo	nent is locke	d for 10 secon	ds before		
	another attem	another attempt can be made. Also this event must be logged in a log file.							
Fit criterion	The port or co	The port or component must be locked for 10 seconds for every access attempt made							
	with an incorr	with an incorrect key. Also this event must be logged in a log file.							
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.4.17

Description	Illegal access to one device shall not lead to gaining access to multiple devices							
Rationale	Intercommunication between E meters is not allowed. M-Bus devices are only al-							
	lowed to communicate with their designated E meter.							
Fit criterion	Illegal access to one device shall not lead to gaining access to multiple deployed							
	devices.							
History	Jan. 2011OriginP&S 1.5Portn.a.ApplicableE meter, G meter							

4.4 Data Integrity

DSMR-M 4.4.18

Description	The equipm	ent shall pr	ovide functionality	to preserv	e the i	The equipment shall provide functionality to preserve the integrity of data storage, in-					
	cluding inte	grity of equi	ipment firmware.								
Rationale	It is importa	nt that the i	ntegrity of data and	d firmware	stored	d in the equipm	nent is main-				
	tained.										
Fit criterion	Security me	chanisms s	shall be implemente	ed to ensu	re the	protection of d	ata and en-				
	cryption key	s stored or	the equipment. Fo	r example	, keys	shall be locate	ed in a dedi-				
	cated place	of the syste	em and access sha	II be restri	cted to	o avoid alterati	on.				
History	July 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G				
	-						meter				

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Description	The equipment shall provide functionality to report and log loss of integrity of data storage, including loss of integrity of equipment firmware.							
Rationale	It is importa	It is important that any loss of integrity of data and firmware stored in the equipment is reported and logged, i.e. it shall provide some method of indicating when data or firmware has been changed without its control (for example report firmware hash).						
Fit criterion	reported an ware chang	Loss of integrity of data storage, including loss of integrity of equipment firmware is reported and logged. For example a regular hash check is performed to identify firmware changes and perhaps also a hash of metering data. For the G meter this is reported as a Fraud attempt, for the E meter this is reported as a specific memory error.						
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.4.20

Description	The E meter shall raise an event if the configuration is changed after the meter is de-							
	ployed.							
Rationale	When the configuration of the meter is altered after it is deployed, it may indicate that							
	the meter is hacked or has been tampered with. This has to be detected and an event							
	shall be raised to inform the GO of this occurrence.							
Fit criterion	The E meter shall raise an event if the configuration is changed after the meter is de-							
	ployed.							
	The following read/write items are not considered as a configuration change:							
	- Change of the clock of the meter							
	- Change of the IP address of the meter							
	- Change of the Error register							
	- Change of the Alarm register							
	- Change of the Consumer Short message							
	- Change of the Consumer Long message							
History	Jan. 2011 Origin P&S1.5 Port P0, Applicable E Meter							
	P2, P3							

DSMR-M 4.4.21

Description	The equipm	The equipment shall implement anti-replay mechanism.						
Rationale	It is necessary to prevent message replay. For example critical messages such as disconnects, alarms, etc. must be prevented from being replayed.							
Fit criterion		on open s	tandards w	•	•	•	ng with initial vec- entification of each	
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P2, P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

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4.5 Data Confidentiality

DSMR-M 4.4.22

Description	The E-Meter	r and all o	connected de	vices (c	onnected via P0, I	P2 and P3) sha	all provide	
	functionality	functionality to prevent eavesdropping.						
Rationale	owners, or le	It is necessary to ensure confidentiality for data that have been identified as critical by owners, or legal authorities (commercial data, nominative data, etc). Implementation of encryption mechanisms is necessary on appropriate layers of the communication system to prevent eavesdropping.						
Fit criterion					ween the E-Meter d, using AES-128			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P0, P2, P3	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.4.23

Description	The device provides functionality for management of security keys, including safe							
	storage and	storage and change.						
Rationale	Encryption	Encryption keys must be managed such that they can be exchanged, stored, used						
	and replace	ed, all in a	a secure man	ner.				
Fit criterion	Functionalit	Functionality for management of the security keys is provided.						
History	July. 2009	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	P2, P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.4.24

Description	All communication pertaining to privacy sensitive data shall be secured so that integ-									
•	rity, authenticity, confidentiality and uniqueness are guaranteed.									
Rationale	Privacy sensitive data shall be protected at all times									
Fit criterion	 No common secrets (including cryptographic keys) shall be present in smart 									
	meters. Thus, each smart meter shall have its own unique meter master key.									
	 The meter master and encryption keys shall be stored on meters in a secure 									
	manner which resists attempts to discover them.									
	 The message encryption key and message authentication key shall be up- 									
	dated using the meter master key with a secure key wrapping function.									
	 The authentication secrets shall be updated using the meter master key with 									
	a secure key wrapping function.									
	 The message encryption key and authentication key shall be unique per me- 									
	ter and shall be stored in a secure manner that resists attempts to discover									
	them.									
	 All cryptographic keys and random data involved in any cryptographic opera- 									
	tion shall be cryptographically random.									
	 Software which implements the security functions (e.g., authentication hand- 									
	shake protocol, message encryption/decryption, access control, etc) shall be									
	protected from unauthorized access and modification.									
	 Smart meter software for the E meter shall be renewable/updatable in case 									
	that a security compromise or a security vulnerability is found or there is a									
	need to update meter functionality including cryptographic algorithm update.									
	 Smart meter software for the E meter (as a whole or only a module) shall be 									

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	updated in a secure manner that only authorized software can be loaded into the meter.								
History	Dec. 2010	Origin	P&S 1.5	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

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5 REQUIREMENTS DERIVED FROM NTA 8130

This chapter provides the business use cases for metering and switching equipment installed at the premises of the customers. Some of the requirements will occur in multiple use cases, to avoid confusion they are numbered separately.

5.1 Use case 1: Provide periodic meter reads

This section describes the process of gathering and providing periodic meter reads (see NTA 8130, §5.2.1). This process is triggered on the installation of the E meter.

This use case is concerned with periodic meter readings. Periodic meter readings are daily and monthly meter readings. Definitions for meter readings for E and G are provided in Chapter 2. All meter readings mentioned in this use case shall comply with these definitions. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-1.

Trigger	Description
Deploy E meter	On installation the E meter starts registering periodic meter readings (also for
	G, and, if desired, for W and T) and on deployment these meter readings are
	made available to the CS.

Figure 5-1a: Provide periodic meter reads - trigger description

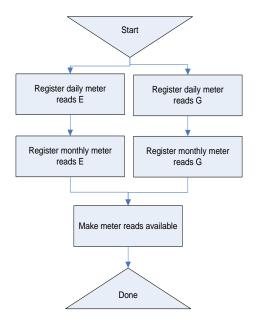


Figure 5-1b: Provide periodic meter reads - block diagram

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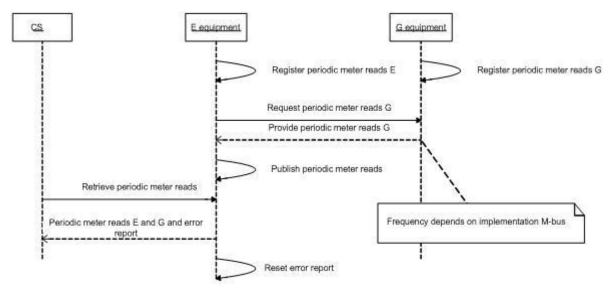


Figure 5-1c: Provide periodic meter reads – UML sequence diagram

Pre-conditions

 Not all necessary periodic meter reads are available in the E meter. The internal trigger to gather periodic meter reads occurred.

Parameters

- Equipment identifier for the E meter.
- The interval for which the periodic meter readings are requested.

Post-conditions

- All necessary meter reads are available.
- Error report.

5.1.1 Requirements for electricity

DSMR-M 4.5.1

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall register a meter reading E at 00:00 hours every day.					
Rationale	This is required in NTA 8130 (see §5.2.1 in conjunction with definition of "daily meter reading"). Market processes (switching, moving, etc.) require the availability of daily meter reads.						
Fit criterion	The E mete every day.	The E meter shall register a meter reading as defined in Chapter 2 at 00:00 hours every day.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.1)	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

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Description	The E meter	shall prov	ide the 40 m	ost rece	nt daily m	eter readings	for E.	
Rationale	The period of forty days guarantees that no meter readings will be lost within a period							
	of forty days	in cases v	vhere the dat	ta can n	ot be colle	ected immedia	tely after it was	
	registered. T	he minimu	ım and maxir	mum ret	aining pe	riod for daily m	eter readings for E	
	in the meter i	in the meter is 40 days.						
Fit criterion	The E meter	shall have	e available m	eter rea	dings E fo	or the 40 most	recent days in the	
	past. The minimum and maximum retaining period for daily meter readings for E in							
	the meter is 40 days. The information provided as periodic meter readings shall at							
	least contain the following information:							
	Meter readings E for the designated period using kWh as the unit of measure-							
	ment							
	Event report for the designated period.							
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	
	2007		((§5.2.1)					

DSMR-M 4.5.3

Description	The E meter	shall prov	ide the 13 m	ost rece	nt monthl	y meter reads	for E.
Rationale	It is necessary to keep a one-year history of E consumption and/or production data available in the meter, e.g. in case of disturbances and data loss in the CS or on behalf of the customer. The minimum and maximum retaining period for E consumption and/or production data in the meter is 13 months.						
Fit criterion	 The E meter shall have available meter readings E for each first day of the 13 most recent calendar months in the past. The minimum and maximum retaining period for monthly meter reads in the meter is 13 months. The information provided as periodic meter readings shall at least contain the following information: Meter readings E for the designated period using kWh as the unit of measurement Event report for the designated period. 						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.1)	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter

5.1.2 Requirements for gas

DSMR-M 4.5.4

Description	The 00.00 reading of the G meter is also used as daily meter reading.						
Rationale	The hourly	readings ar	e stored in th	ne E-me	ter in the	hourly load pro	ofile and the 00.00
	reading is o	copied into t	the daily load	profile	(combined	d).	
	This is requ	uired in NTA	4 8130 (see §	5.2.1 in	conjuncti	on with definiti	on of "daily me-
	terreading"). Market processes (switching, moving etc.) require the availability of dai-						
	lymeter reads.						
Fit criterion	The 00:00 I	The 00:00 hour reading is stored in the E-meter copied into the daily load profile.					
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter
	2007		((§5.2.1)				

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Description	The exchar	The exchange of meter reading between E meter and G meter takes place once an						
	hour.	hour.						
Rationale	To extend t	To extend the life time of the battery of the G meter, the communication between E						
	meter and (G meter is	minimize	ed.				
Fit criterion	The exchar	The exchange of meter readings between the E meter and G meter takes place only						
	once an ho	ur.						
History	Mar. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	P2	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

DSMR-M 4.5.6

Description	The E mete	r shall prov	ride the 40 m	ost rece	nt daily m	eter readings	for G.	
Rationale	The period	The period of forty days guarantees that no meter readings will be lost within a period						
	of forty day	of forty days in cases where the data can not be collected immediately after it was						
	registered.	The minimu	um and maxii	mum ret	aining per	riod for daily m	eter readings for	
	G in the me	eter is 40 da	ays.					
Fit criterion	The E mete	r shall have	e available m	eter rea	dings G fo	or the 40 most	recent days in the	
	past. The m	ninimum an	d maximum ı	etaining	period fo	or daily meter re	eadings for G in	
	the meter is	s 40 days. 1	The information	on provi	ded as pe	riodic meter re	eadings shall con-	
	tain the following information:							
	■ Meter i	readings G	for the desig	nated pe	eriod usin	g m³ as the un	it of measurement;	
	Event i	report for th	e designated	l period.				
	The E meter	er will store	the most rec	ent capt	ured M-B	us master valu	e at 11 minutes	
	past the hour in the profile(s). The 11 minutes gives the E Meter sufficient time to re-							
	ceive or to	capture the	recent hourl	y value f	rom the C	3 meter.		
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter	
	2007		((§5.2.1)					

DSMR-M 4.5.7

Description	Wireless de	Wireless devices must prevent congestion on the frequency band.					
Rationale	It can happ	en that a nu	ımber of G n	neters a	re installe	d next to each	other (for example
	in apartmer	nt buildings)	. To prevent	conges	tion on the	e wireless freq	uency band, all
	wireless co	wireless communication sessions shall be randomized.					
Fit criterion	Wireless de	Wireless devices shall randomly start their communication sessions within a window					
	of 10 minutes past each whole hour.						
History	Jan. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	P2	Applicable	E meter, G meter

DSMR-M 4.5.8

Description	The E meter shall provide the 13 most recent monthly meter readings for G.
Rationale	It is necessary to keep a one-year history of G consumption data available in the
	E meter, e.g. in case of disturbances and data loss in the CS or on behalf of the cus-
	tomer. The minimum and maximum retaining period for monthly meter readings for G
	in the E meter is 13 months.
Fit criterion	The E meter shall have available meter readings G for each first day of the 13 most
	recent calendar months in the past. The minimum and maximum retaining period for
	monthly meter readings for G in the E meter is 13 months. The information provided

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	as periodic	as periodic meter readings shall at least contain the following information:					
	Meter readings G for the designated period using m ³ as the unit of measurement;						
	■ Event	 Event report for the designated period. 					
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter
	2007		((§5.2.1)				

5.1.3 Error reporting

DSMR-M 4.5.9

Description	The E meter shall provide an indication that an error was registered by the equipment						
	as part of a	as part of a periodic meter read.					
Rationale	By providin	g error info	rmation the C	S will be	e informe	d that the mete	ering installation
	registered an error.						
Fit criterion	The meter:	shall provid	e information	indicati	ng an erro	or was register	ed.
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.8.5)	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.5.10

Description		The equipment shall issue a logical error in case the end date of the requested period is prior to the begin date.					
Rationale	The current use case has a parameter indicating for which period meter readings shall be retrieved. The interval can be provided as open or closed interval. For an open interval the timestamp for either the start or for the end of the interval is provided. In case of a closed interval timestamps for both start and for the end are provided. In the latter case the timestamp for the start shall be before the timestamp of the end of the interval otherwise a logical error is issued.				nterval. For an interval is provid- e end are provid-		
Fit criterion	The logical	error issue	d shall at lea	st conta	in the ger	eric attributes	for errors.
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter

5.1.4 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.11

Description	The E meter s	The E meter shall supply the periodic meter reads on P3 soon after the request was						
	received.	received.						
Rationale	If the informat	ion retrieval	takes too much	time, thi	is will ca	use delays in th	ne meter	
	data collection	n process.						
Fit criterion	Total time to r	Total time to retrieve all requested information from the meter and publish it through						
	P3 shall be less than 5 seconds.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter	

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5.2 Use case 2: Provide actual meter reads through P3

This section describes the process of gathering and providing actual meter reads in the metering and switching equipment to the CS (see NTA 8130: § 5.2.4). This process is triggered on the request of an actual meter read by a market participant. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-2.

Definitions for meter readings for E and G are provided in Chapter 2. All meter readings mentioned in this use case shall comply with these definitions.

Trigger	Description
Request for actual meter read	A market participant requests an actual meter read.

Figure 5-2a: Provide actual meter reads – trigger description.

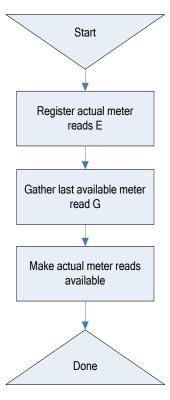


Figure 5-2b: Provide actual meter reads - block diagram.

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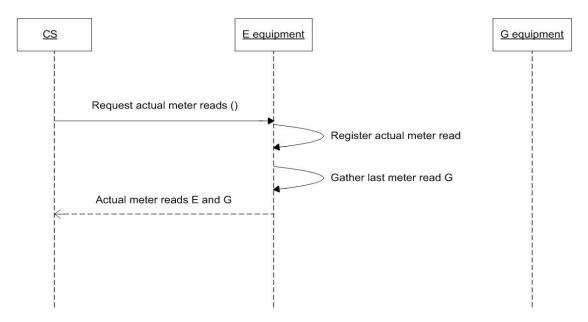


Figure 5-2c: Provide actual meter reads – UML sequence diagram.

Pre-conditions

A market participant requires actual meter reads for a connection.

Parameters

Equipment identifier for the E meter.

Post-conditions

• The actual meter reads are available.

5.2.1 Requirements for electricity and gas

DSMR-M 4.5.12

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide functionality to register the actual meter readings E on re-					
	quest.						
Rationale	reading at t	An actual meter reading is a meter reading on request. The E meter registers a meter reading at the moment it receives the request. Actual meter readings can be used to handle complaints from customers.					
Fit criterion	The E meter	er shall regi	ster a meter	reading	as define	d in Chapter 2.	
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.4)	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.5.13

Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to retrieve actual meter reads.
Rationale	Under some circumstances an actual meter read is needed (for example, consider a call-centre agent handling a customer complaint). This is required in NTA 8130 (see §
	5.2.4).
Fit criterion	The information provided as actual meter readings shall at least contain the following information:
	 Actual meter reading E using kWh as the unit of measurement;

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	 Most recent meter reading G available in the E meter using m³ as the unit of measurement; 						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.4)	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter

5.2.2 Error reporting

DSMR-M 4.5.14

Description	The E meter possible.	The E meter shall issue an error as soon as the scheduled G meter reading was not possible.					
Rationale	ing on the o	The communication between the E meter and the G meter is not 'always on', depending on the communication medium. For this reason the E meter provides the most recent meter reading G it has available. If the most recent scheduled meter reading G is not available an error is generated.					
Fit criterion	The E meter possible.	The E meter shall issue an error as soon as the scheduled G meter reading was not possible.					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.4)	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter

5.2.3 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.15

	r							
Description	The E meter sha	The E meter shall have actual meter reads available on P3 immediately after the						
	request was rec	eived.						
Rationale	Actual meter rea	adings can	be used to har	dle comp	laints fro	om customers.	An actual	
	meter reading is	a meter r	eading on reque	est. The E	meter r	egisters a met	er reading	
	at the moment it	receives	the request; the	se must b	e provid	led immediatel	y. The in-	
	formation needs	formation needs to be actual.						
Fit criterion	Total time to retrieve all requested information from the meter and publish it through							
	P3 shall be less than 5 seconds.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter	

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5.3 Use case 3: Provide actual meter reads through P1

This section describes the process of gathering and providing actual meter reads in the metering and switching equipment to the other services module (port P1). See also §5.2.5, §5.5.1.1 and Appendix B of NTA 8130. Port P1 is intended to be used simultaneously by multiple types of equipment (a maximum of 5 appliances can be connected), and is implemented using a RJ12 physical interface. This process is triggered if an external device is connected to the RJ12 plug (connector #2 – see Appendix B of NTA 8130). The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-3.

Trigger	Description
Request input of RJ12 plug is	Actual meter reads are requested by connecting an external de-
high.	vice. The metering installation will henceforth deliver the actual
	(for E) and most recent (for G) meter data.

Figure 5-3a: Provide actual meter reads through P1 - trigger description.

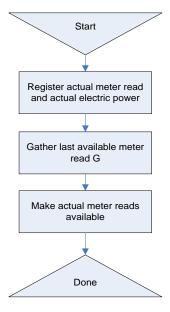


Figure 5-3b: Provide actual meter reads through P1 - block diagram.

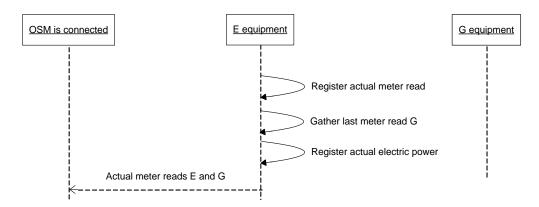


Figure 5-3c: Provide actual meter reads through P1 – UML sequence diagram.

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Pre-conditions

Actual meter reads are requested by the other services module (through P1).

Parameters

None.

Post-conditions

The actual meter reads are available to auxiliary equipment connected to P1.

5.3.1 Requirements for electricity and gas

DSMR-M 4.5.16

Description		On connecting an auxiliary equipment (on P1), the E meter shall register actual meter reads for electricity with a regular interval.					
Rationale	electrical e	The actual meter readings are provided to give the consumer insight in the amount of electrical energy he uses in a near real-time fashion. The auxiliary equipment is responsible for providing the information to the consumer in a convenient way.					
Fit criterion	The E meter	er shall regi	ster actual m	eter rea	dings eve	ry 10 seconds.	
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.5)	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.5.17

Description	On connecting auxiliary equipment (on P1), the E meter shall determine the actual						
Description		•	y equipment	(011 F 1)	,	eter snan deter	mine me actual
	electrical po	ower.					
Rationale	The actual	power is pr	ovided to the	consun	ner in orde	er to inform in a	a near real-time
	fashion. Th	e auxiliary	equipment is	respons	sible for p	roviding the inf	ormation to the
	consumer i	n a conveni	ient way.				
Fit criterion	The E meter	The E meter shall determine the average electrical power (delivery and consumption)					
	for every 10	for every 10 second interval.					
History	Nov.	Nov. Origin NTA 8130 Port n.a. Applicable E meter					
	2007		((§5.2.5)				

DSMR-M 4.5.18

Description	The E meter shall provide the actual meter readings and actual power to the OSM every 10 seconds.					
Rationale	For the benefit of the customer, actual meter reads and the actual power are to be provided to the OSM through P1.					
Fit criterion	 The information provided at P1 shall at least contain the following information: Equipment identifier(s); Actual meter reading E using kWh (three decimals) as the unit of measurement; Actual electrical power (delivery and consumption) specified with a resolution of 1 W; Most recent hourly meter reading G available in the metering equipment using m³ as the unit of measurement (number of decimals depending on G meter type). When a utility service person is at a customer's premise and is communicating to the 					

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	meter over	meter over its optical port (P0), the P1 port can be temporarily interrupted.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.5)	Port	P1	Applicable	E meter		

5.3.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.19

Description	The E meter shall	The E meter shall have the actual meter reads available on P1.					
Rationale	For the benefit of t	he custon	ner, actual me	ter reads	are to l	oe provided to	the auxilia-
	ry equipment throu	ıgh P1. Tl	his information	needs to	be act	ual; therefore	the infor-
	mation will be refre	eshed eve	ery 10 seconds	i.			
Fit criterion	Total time to retrie	Total time to retrieve all information from the meter and publish it through P1 shall					
	be less than 10 seconds.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P1	Applicable	E meter

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5.4 Use case 4: Provide interval values

This section provides the description of the process of making interval values available to the CS. The interval values are made available through the E meter (both interval values for electricity and gas). The process of providing interval values is an uninterrupted process that runs throughout the lifecycle of the metering equipment. This process is hence triggered on the deployment of the electricity meter. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-4.

Interval values are in fact time series composed of meter readings. This means that interval values differ from periodic meter reads only in the density of the measurements. As a result the interval values presented in this use case shall comply with the definitions of meter readings. Definitions for meter readings for E and G are provided in Chapter 2.

Trigger	Description
Deploy E meter	On installation the E meter starts registering interval meter reads and on de-
	ployment these meter reads are made available to the CS.

Figure 5-4a: Provide interval values - trigger description

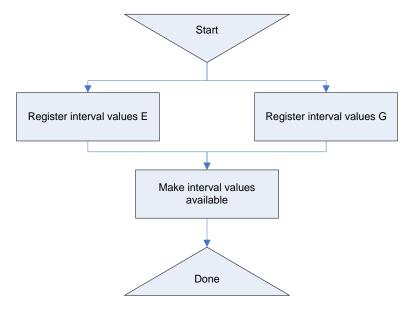


Figure 5-4b: Provide interval values - block diagram

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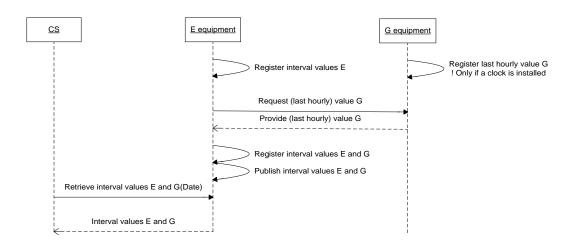


Figure 5-4c: Provide interval values - UML sequence diagram

Pre-conditions

Interval values E and G have been registered in the E meter. The G meter shall register the last hourly meter reading in case the gas meter has a clock.

In case the gas meter doesn't have a clock, the gas meter doesn't register the last hourly value, but the E meter requests the actual value and registers this value.

Parameters

- Equipment identifier for the E meter.
- The interval for which the interval values are requested.

Post-conditions

Interval values for the requested period are provided on the designated ports.

Assumptions

-

5.4.1 Requirements for electricity

DSMR-M 4.5.20

Description	The E meter shall register meter readings E (from the total consumption and delivery registers) for 15 minute intervals.							
Rationale	Interval values are useful for both grid operator and supplier. The grid operator can use the interval values for fraud detection; the supplier can use the interval values for energy advice to customers or for analysis of consumption patterns.							
Fit criterion	The E meter shall register a meter reading E as defined in Chapter 2 every 15							
	minutes.							
History	Nov. 2007							

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Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to retrieve the interval values for a designated period.								
Rationale	Interval values are useful for both grid operator and supplier. The grid operator can use the interval values for fraud detection; the supplier can use the interval values for energy advises to customers or for analysis of consumption patterns.								
Fit criterion	 The interval values for the designated period shall at least contain the following information: Meter readings E with a measurement period of 15 minutes using kWh (3 decimals) as the unit of measurement; Meter readings G with a measurement period of 60 minutes using m³ (three decimals for <= G6, two decimals for > G6) as the unit of measurement. 								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.6)	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.5.22

Description	The E meter shall provide on request interval data E for the 10 most recent days.								
Rationale	Interval data is used for analysis purposes. In order to be able to perform an analysis on interval data, interval data has to be available for a reasonable period. The interval data for that period can then be retrieved in a single request. The minimum and maximum retaining period for interval data for E in the meter is 10 days.								
Fit criterion	The E meter shall store a minimum and maximum of 10 days of interval data E.								
History	Nov. 2007 Origin NTA 8130 Port P1, P3 Applicable E meter								

DSMR-M 4.5.23

Description	The meter shall register interval data for the most 10 recent days. The meter shall						
	also provide	e partly ava	ilable interva	al data, f	or examp	le if only 5 day	s are available,
	the meter s	hall give thi	is data back	on a req	uest of 10	0 days.	
Rationale	If the reque	ested interv	al data is on	ly partly	available	in the meter th	nen the meter
	must provid	le the availa	able interval	data.			
	For example: The CS request 10 day's interval data and only 5 days are available,						
	the meter shall provide the 5 days load profile						
Fit criterion	The meter s	shall also p	rovide partly	availabl	e interval	data, and no le	ogical error shall
	be issued.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

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5.4.2 Requirements for gas

DSMR-M 4.5.24

Description	G meters shall register the last hourly meter reading.								
Rationale	Interval values are useful for both grid operator and supplier. The grid operator can use the interval values for fraud detection; the supplier can use the interval values for energy advises to customers or for analysis of consumption patterns. The G meter interval values will be stored in the E meter.								
Fit criterion	The G meter shall register a meter reading (as defined in Chapter 2) each whole hour (xx:00).								
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin NTA 8130 Port n.a. Applicable G meter, E meter							

DSMR-M 4.5.25

Description	The E meter shall provide on request interval data G for the 10 most recent days.							
Rationale	Interval data is used for analysis purposes. In order to be able to perform an analysis							
	on interval	data, interv	al data has to	o be ava	ilable for a	a reasonable p	eriod. The interval	
	data for that period can then be retrieved in a single request. The minimum and max-							
	imum retaining period for interval data for G in the E meter is 10 days.							
Fit criterion	The E meter shall store a minimum and maximum of 10 days of interval data G.							
History	Nov.	Nov. Origin NTA 8130 Port P1, P3 Applicable E meter, G meter						
	2007		((§5.2.6)					

5.4.3 Error reporting

DSMR-M 4.5.26

Description	The equipment shall issue a logical error in case the end date of the requested period							
	is prior to the begin date.							
Rationale	In the funct	ion call to p	rovide interv	al meter	reads tw	o parameters a	are given to identi-	
	fy the requested period. If (end date < begin date) a logical error will occur.							
Fit criterion	The equipm	nent shall is	sue a logical	error in	case the	end date of the	e requested period	
	is prior to the begin date. The logical error issued shall at least contain the generic attributes for logical errors.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter	

5.4.4 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.27

Description	The E meter shall have interval values available on P3 soon after the request was received (by the metering installation).									
Rationale		If the information retrieval takes too much time, this will cause delays in the meter								
	data collection	process.								
Fit criterion	Total time of ref	trieving the	e interval data fo	or 1 day	(both E	and G) and pu	blishing it on			
	P3 shall be less than 5 seconds.									
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port P3 Applicable E meter, G								
							meter			

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5.5 Use case 5: Provide equipment status to P1

This use case provides a description of the process of providing the state of the metering equipment to auxiliary equipment. See also §5.2.7.2, §5.5.1.1 and Appendix B of NTA 8130. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-5.

Trigger	Description
Request input of RJ12 plug is	Equipment status is requested by auxiliary equipment. The me-
high.	tering installation will provide the equipment status every 10 sec-
	onds.

Figure 5-5a: Provide equipment status to P1 – trigger description.

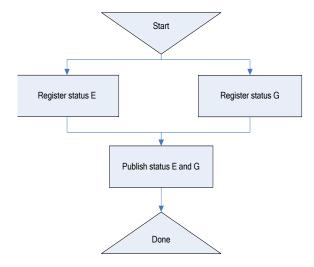


Figure 5-5b: Provide equipment status to P1 – block diagram.

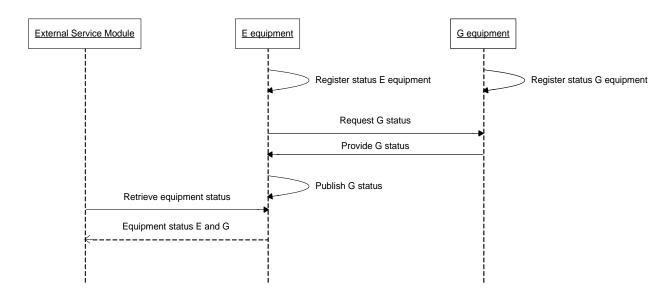


Figure 5-5c: Provide equipment status to P1 – UML sequence diagram.

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Request is activated by auxiliary equipment.

Parameters

None.

Post-conditions

The current status of the equipment is available to auxiliary equipment.

Assumptions

None.

5.5.1 Requirements for electricity and gas

DSMR-M 4.5.28

Description	The E meter shall provide on the P1 port every 10 seconds the actual status of E equipment and the last known status for G equipment available in the E meter.								
Rationale			he metering equipment is to	be prov	/ided to	the external	service		
	module thro	ough the F	P1 port.						
Fit criterion	The current	status of	the equipment is provided of	on the P	1 port:				
	 Equipm 	ent identi	ifier for the E meter;						
	• Equipm	ent identi	fier for the G meter;						
	Actual 1	tariff E;							
	•								
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. 2007 Origin NTA 8130 ((§5.2.7.2, Port P1 Applicable E meter							
			§5.5.1.1 and Appendix						
			B)						

5.5.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.29

The E meter shall have the actual status available on P1.								
For the benefit of th	For the benefit of the customer, the actual status reads is to be provided to the aux-							
iliary equipment thro	ough P1. T	his information	needs t	o be ac	ctual; therefore	the in-		
formation will be ref	reshed eve	ery 10 seconds.						
Total handling time	of registeri	ng E meter stat	tus, retri	ieving r	nost recent G	meter		
status and publish all information on P1 shall be less than 10 seconds.								
Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port P1 Applicable E meter								
	For the benefit of the iliary equipment through formation will be referred Total handling time	For the benefit of the custome iliary equipment through P1. T formation will be refreshed ever Total handling time of registeri status and publish all information	For the benefit of the customer, the actual stariliary equipment through P1. This information formation will be refreshed every 10 seconds. Total handling time of registering E meter statistatus and publish all information on P1 shall	For the benefit of the customer, the actual status readiliary equipment through P1. This information needs to formation will be refreshed every 10 seconds. Total handling time of registering E meter status, retristatus and publish all information on P1 shall be less	For the benefit of the customer, the actual status reads is to iliary equipment through P1. This information needs to be act formation will be refreshed every 10 seconds. Total handling time of registering E meter status, retrieving restatus and publish all information on P1 shall be less than 10	For the benefit of the customer, the actual status reads is to be provided to iliary equipment through P1. This information needs to be actual; therefore formation will be refreshed every 10 seconds. Total handling time of registering E meter status, retrieving most recent G status and publish all information on P1 shall be less than 10 seconds.		

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5.6 Use case 6: Provide power quality information

This use case describes the process of gathering power quality measurements. Figure 5-6d provides the power quality parameters. See also §5.2.8.2 of the NTA 8130. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-6.

Trigger	Description
Deployment of E	On installation the E meter starts registering information on power quality and
meter	on deployment this information is made available to the CS. The Grid opera-
	tor uses the power quality information for monitoring the grid for distribution of
	electricity.

Figure 5-6a: Provide power quality information – trigger description

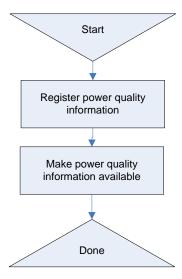


Figure 5-6b: Provide power quality information – block diagram

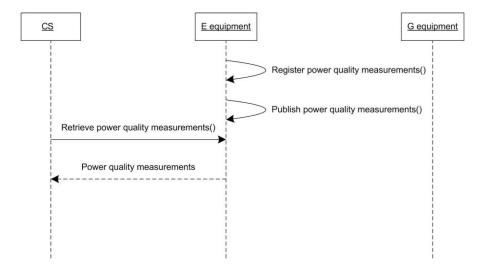


Figure 5-6c: Provide power quality information - UML sequence diagram

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Value	Unit
Voltage	Volt
Current	Ampere
Active Power	kW
Reactive power	kVAr

Figure 5-6d: Capturing E parameters

The grid operator wants to determine the quality of electricity supply.

Parameters

- Equipment identifier for the E meter;
- Period in which the power swells and sags have to be registered.

Post-conditions

Power quality information is available for the designated equipment.

Assumption

- It is assumed that the sample population of electricity meters can be addressed in the software of the CS.
- CS needs to retrieve the power quality information regularly, in order to assign the quality measurements to specific periods.

5.6.1 Power quality

DSMR-M 4.5.30

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide information on the voltage swells and sags.								
Rationale	The definition	The definition of voltage swells and power sags is specified in a local standard (NEN-								
	EN 50160:2	2000). The	Grid operator	s use th	e informa	tion to determi	ine the quality of			
	electricity s	upply.								
Fit criterion	The E mete	r shall prov	ride the follow	ving:						
	Equipn	nent identifi	er for the E n	neter tha	at the info	rmation origina	ates from;			
	Number	er of voltage	e swells (conf	igurable	for durat	ion and thresh	old);			
	Number	er of voltage	e sags (config	gurable f	or duratio	n and threshol	ld);			
	In case of a	polyphase	meter the se	ettings fo	or duration	n and threshold	d are valid for all			
	phases; the	phases; the sags and swells have to be counted for every phase individually.								
History	Nov.	Origina NITA 0400 Bort Land Applicable Francisco								
	2007		((§5.3.8.2)							
							1			

DSMR-M 4.5.31

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall have the functionality to record specific E-parameters.							
Rationale	For grid ope	for grid operational purposes it is necessary to be able to record E-parameters like							
	Current and	Current and Voltages.							
Fit criterion	The E meter	The E meter shall have the functionality to record instantaneous values and average							
	values for n	neasuring E	E parameters	as desc	cribed in f	igure 5.6d.			
History	Sep. 2009								

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DSMR-M 4.5.32

Description	Accuracy of	Accuracy of measurement Voltage and Current parameters shall be at least 0.5%.							
Rationale	For grid ope	For grid operational purposes it is necessary to be able to record E-parameters like							
	Current and	Current and Voltages within the specified accuracy.							
Fit criterion		The accuracy of the E meter for measuring the instantaneous values shall be at least 0.5% for Voltage (at 230 Volt) and Current (Imax) parameters.							
History	Sep. 2009	Sep. Origin TST Port P3 Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.5.33

Description	The interva	The interval time for capturing values shall be adjustable.						
Rationale	For grid ope	or grid operational purposes it is necessary to be able to adjust the interval period of						
	E-paramete	E-parameters.						
Fit criterion		The interval period for E-parameters shall be adjustable between N seconds and N minutes per value, where N is adjustable.						
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter	

DSMR-M 4.5.34

Description	The E meter shall provide the average value for voltage, current, active power and reactive power.								
Rationale		Under some circumstances the average voltage is necessary (for the maintenance of the grid). The average voltage is determined for periods of N minutes.							
Fit criterion	active power. The average vol Equipment i	age shall at leasidentifier for the manner for end of the pename.	contain	the followi	ng information e values origina	ate;			
History	Nov. Ori o	jin TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.5.35

Description	Constant re	Constant recording of interval parameters in a circular buffer of the E meter.								
Rationale		The E meter's interval data memory is limited; therefore the oldest data will be over- written after at least 960 recordings.								
Fit criterion	The Ring-b	The Ring-buffer size of the E meter shall be at least 960 recordings per parameter.								
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			

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5.6.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.36

Description	The E meter shall have the power quality information available on P3 soon after the							
	request was recei	ved by the	E meter.					
Rationale	Capturing the ava	ilable inter	al information o	on P3 ca	n take	some time, the	erefore the	
	E meter shall pub	lish this info	ormation as soo	n as pos	sible a	fter the reque	st for pub-	
	lishing is received							
Fit criterion	Total handling tim	e of retriev	ing power quali	ty inform	ation a	nd publish all	infor-	
	mation on P3 shall be less than 5 seconds.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter	

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5.7 Use case 7: Sending power quality information to P1

This use case provides a description of the process of providing the power quality information to auxiliary equipment. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-7.

Trigger	Description
Request input of RJ12 plug is	Equipment status is requested by auxiliary equipment. The me-
high.	tering installation will provide the equipment status every 10 sec-
	onds.

Figure 5-7a: Provide Power Quality Information to P1 – trigger description.

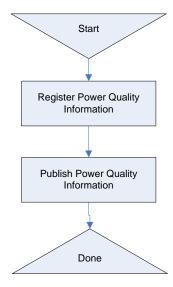


Figure 5-7b: Provide Power Quality Information to P1 – block diagram.

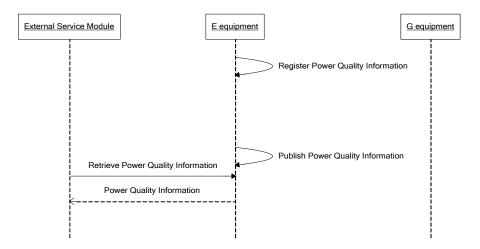


Figure 5-7c: Provide Power Quality Information to P1 – UML sequence diagram.

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Request is activated by auxiliary equipment.

Parameters

None.

Post-conditions

The power quality information is available to auxiliary equipment.

Assumptions

None.

5.7.1 Requirements for electricity

DSMR-M 4.5.37

Description	The E meter shall provide every 10 seconds the power quality information available in										
	the E meter.										
Rationale	The power quality information is to be provided to the external service module through										
	P1.										
Fit criterion	The power quality information which is provided:										
	 Number of power failures in any phases; 										
	Number of long power failures in any phases;										
	Power Failure Event Log;										
	Number of voltage sags in phase L1;										
	 Number of voltage sags in phase L2 (poly phase meters only) 										
	Number of voltage sags in phase L3 (poly phase meters only);										
	Number of voltage swells in phase L1;										
	 Number of voltage swells in phase L2 (poly phase meters only); 										
	 Number of voltage swells in phase L3 (poly phase meters only) 										
History	Jan. 2011 Origin TST Port P1 Applicable E Meter										

5.7.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.38

Description	The E meter shall have the power quality information available on P1.									
Rationale	For the benefit of th	e custome	r, the power qu	ality info	ormatio	n is to be provi	ided to			
	the auxiliary equipm	nent throug	h P1. This infor	mation	needs	to be up to dat	e; there-			
	fore the information	will be refu	eshed every 10) second	ds.					
Fit criterion	Total handling time	of retrievin	g the power qu	ality info	ormatio	n and publishi	ng all in-			
	formation on P1 shall be less than 10 seconds.									
History	Jan. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	P1	Applicable	E meter			

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5.8 Use case 8: Provide outage information

This section describes the use case for retrieving outage information. NEN-EN 50160:2000 is a standard for the Dutch market. In this standard the duration (T) for short and long outages has been defined as 3 minutes, to differentiate between short and long outages. In the future this definition might change. Therefore it is required that T is configurable. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-8.

Trigger	Description
Deployment of E	On installation the E meters starts registering outages and on deployment this
meter	information is made available to the CS. Two types of outages exist: short
	and long outages. Short outages are detected for grid operating purposes
	while long outages can lead to retributions. In order to determine the value of
	the retribution, the duration of outages is used.

Figure 5-8a: Provide outage information – trigger description

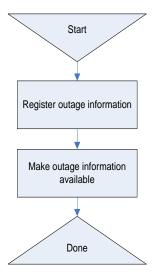


Figure 5-8b: Provide outage information – block diagram

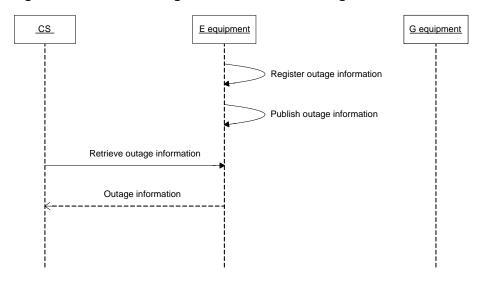


Figure 5-8c: Provide outage information – UML sequence diagram

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- T is configured (set to a certain duration);
- The meter has counted short outages (<T);
- The meter has logged long outages (>T).

Parameters

Equipment identifier for the E meter.

Post-conditions

The GO has information on power quality available from the designated meter.

Assumptions

- It is assumed that the sample population of electricity meters can be addressed in the software of the CS.
- CS needs to retrieve the outage information regularly, in order to assign these measurements to specific periods.

5.8.1 Outage information

DSMR-M 4.5.39

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide the number of short (<t) outages.<="" power="" th=""></t)>								
Rationale	The grid op	erator use	es the information to de	termine	the qual	ity of the electr	ricity sup-			
	ply.									
Fit criterion	The E meter	r shall pro	ovide at least the follow	ing infor	mation:					
	Equipn	nent ident	ifier for the meter from	which th	e meası	ırements origir	nate;			
	Number	er of short	electricity outages.							
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			
	2007		((§5.2.8.3)							

DSMR-M 4.5.40

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide information on long (>T) power outages.							
Rationale	The grid op	erator use	es this information to de	termine	retributi	ons to custome	ers for dis-		
	turbances of	of electrici	ty supply.						
Fit criterion	The electric	ity meter	shall provide the follow	ng infor	mation c	on long outages	S:		
	Equipn	nent ident	ifier for the meter from	which th	e meası	irements origin	ate;		
	 Outage 	duration	;						
	Time s	tamp for e	end of the outage.						
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter		
	2007		((§5.2.8.4)						

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DSMR-M 4.5.41

Description	The electricity meter shall record and provide on request the 10 most recent long pow-									
	er outages.	er outages.								
Rationale	§5.2.8.5 of N	NTA 8130	requires that the electr	icity met	er shall p	provide the 10	most re-			
	cent long po	wer outa	ges.							
Fit criterion	The electrici	The electricity meter shall provide the 10 most recent long power outages.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.8.5)	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.5.42

Description	In the case	of a 3-phas	se metering ir	nstallatio	n, a reco	rd is also kept	in case there is an				
	outage on o	outage on one or more of the phase(s). See §5.2.8.4 of NTA 8130.									
Rationale	The grid op	erator uses	the informat	ion to de	etermine t	he quality of the	ne electricity sup-				
	ply.										
Fit criterion	The electric	ity meter sl	hall provide tl	ne powe	r outage i	information for	each phase in the				
	same way a	as this is do	ne in the cas	e of a 1	-phase m	etering installa	ition.				
	An outage	on any of th	e phases (in	the case	e of a 3-p	hase metering	installation) will				
	be handled	as if it was	an outage of	a 1-pha	ase meter	ing installation	. Hence, only the				
	number of o	outages sha	all be counted	d (in the	case of s	hort outages) o	or recorded (in the				
	case of long	g outages).	No record ne	ed to be	e kept on	which phase (R, S or T – or al-				
	ternatively l	L1, L2, L3)	the outage o	ccurred.							
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter				
	2007		((§5.2.8.4)								

5.8.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.43

Description	The E meter shall have the outage information available on P3 soon after the request was received by the metering installation.									
Rationale		If the information retrieval takes too much time, this will cause delays in the data collection process.								
Fit criterion	Total handling til P3 shall be less			ormation	and pu	ıblish all inform	ation on			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			

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5.9 Use case 9: Provide tamper history (tamper detection)

This use case describes the activities associated with tamper. Attempts to violate (parts of) the metering installation or the removal of the meter cover must be detected and registered with a time stamp; this detection applies for both the electricity meter and the gas meter. Further, fraud attempts using magnetic fields must be registered in the metering equipment. The metering installation must be able to register at least the last 30 fraud attempts. Tamper detection (fraud and violation) is always active on all equipment (even during outages). The current process describes the retrieval of tamper detection (fraud detection). The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-9.

Trigger	Description
Deployment of me-	On installation the metering equipment starts registering tamper attempts and
tering equipment	on deployment this information is made available to the CS. The GO will col-
	lect information on tamper attempts periodically. Attempts of fraud (tamper
	signals) on the electricity and gas meter are registered and provided, so the
	grid operator is able to take appropriate actions to stop fraud.

Figure 5-9a: Provide tamper history - trigger description

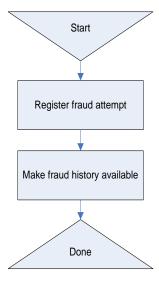


Figure 5-9b: Provide tamper history – block diagram

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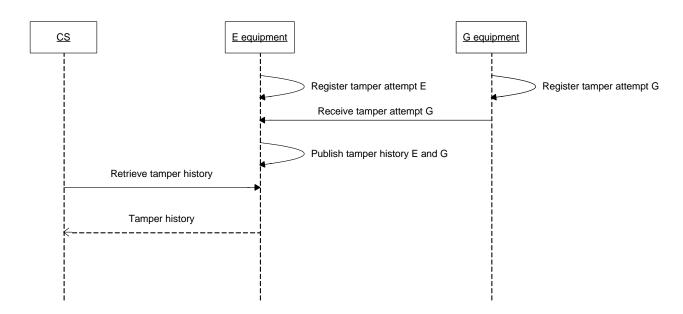


Figure 5-9c: Provide tamper history – UML sequence diagram

The grid operator wants to retrieve tamper information from a meter.

Parameters

Equipment identifier of the meter.

Post-conditions

The tamper information is published.

Assumptions

 In general, the retrieval of an alarm byte in use case 1 (provide periodic meter reads) will be the trigger for CS to request the fraud history.

5.9.1 Tamper detection

DSMR-M 4.5.44

Description	Metering ed	Metering equipment shall detect physical tamper attempts.							
Rationale	The interna	ls of meteri	ng equipmer	t are pro	otected by	/ seals in orde	r to prevent tam-		
	pering. As I	oreaking the	e seals canno	ot be det	ected aut	omatically the	meter shall pro-		
	vide other r	neans to de	etect interven	tion with	compone	ents protected	by these seals.		
Fit criterion	Metering ed	quipment re	gister the foll	lowing ir	nformation	n for physical ir	ntervention:		
	Equipn	nent identifi	er for the me	ter that	detected t	the physical int	tervention;		
	Time s	tamp of the	moment of t	he inter	ention if	a clock is pres	ent.		
History	Nov.	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		
	2007		((§5.2.8.6)						

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DSMR-M 4.5.45

Description	_	Metering equipment shall detect tamper attempts with magnetic fields if it is susceptible to these magnetic fields.								
Rationale		Not all metering equipment is immune for magnetic fields of various strengths. The equipment shall therefore be able to detect magnetic fields that it is susceptible for.								
Fit criterion	Equipn	nent identifi	er for the me	ter that	detected t	n for magnetic the physical int a clock is pres				
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.8.6)	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

5.9.2 Tamper history

DSMR-M 4.5.46

Description	The E meter	r shall prov	ride a reason	able nur	mber of de	etected tamper	attempts.			
Rationale	The E mete	r shall be a	ble to store a	a numbe	r of tampe	er attempts tha	at provides the GO			
	a reasonable timeframe to collect tamper information without any information getting									
	lost.	lost.								
Fit criterion	30 mos30 mos	The E meter shall be able to store the following numbers of tamper attempts: 30 most recent tamper attempts on G meter; 30 most recent tamper attempts on E meter. The registration of identical tamper events shall be limited to once per 15								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.2.8.6)	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			

5.9.3 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.47

Description		The E meter shall have the tamper history available on P3 soon after the request								
	was received by the metering installation.									
Rationale	If the informa	f the information retrieval takes too much time, this will cause delays in the data								
	collection pro	collection process.								
Fit criterion	Total handlin	g time of I	retrieving the ta	mper hist	ory and p	ublish all inform	nation on P3			
	shall be less than 5 seconds.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter			

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5.10 Use case 13: Display standard messages on meter display and P1

It must be possible for grid companies and suppliers to send standard messages concerning the supply of energy to the metering installation via port P3. These messages are displayed on the display of the metering installation and are also offered at port P1. The metering installation shall enable display of these messages. Messages concerning gas will also be displayed on the display of the electricity metering system; it must, however, be clear which messages apply to which commodity. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-13.

Trigger	Description
The GO or supplier	The grid operator or supplier informs the customer of executed or pending ac-
wants to send a	tions.
message	

Figure 5-10a: Display messages on meter display and P1 - trigger description

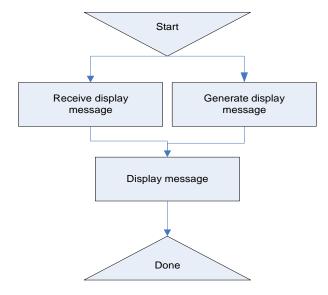


Figure 5-10b: Display messages on meter display and P1 - block diagram

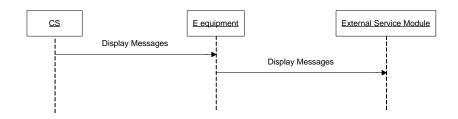


Figure 5-10c: Display messages on meter display and port P1 – UML sequence diagram

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The GO or supply company wants to inform the customer of executed or pending actions.

Parameters, either

- A message with syntax code NN, where NN numerical, or
- A concatenated message with syntax code NN+MM+LL..., where NN, MM, LL, and so on, are numerical (maximum 8 characters, see also P1 document), or
- An empty message.

Post-conditions, either

- The message is presented on P1 and on the display of the metering installation, or
- (In case of an empty message) the previous message is removed from P1 and the display of the metering installation.

Assumptions

- The assumption is made that the equipment that receives the information on P1 provides functionality to handle the messages in the appropriate way
- The CS shall decide which messages must be presented, when more than one needs to be presented, concatenation is handled in the CS.

5.10.1 Display standard messages

DSMR-M 4.5.75

Daganintian	Th. F	The E meter shall provide functionality to display received standard messages and									
Description	The E meter	snali provide	tunctionality to	display	received	d standard mes	ssages and				
	standard mes	sages gene	rated by the met	ter.							
Rationale	Messages are used by the GO, the supplier, or by the meter in order to inform the										
	customer.										
Fit criterion		The received standard message or the generated message (added to the received									
	standard mes	ssage) is sho	wn on the displa	ay of the	meterir	ng installation a	and it has the				
	following cha	racteristics:									
	 It can be displayed on a numerical display; 										
	 Horizontal scrolling will be used if the message does not fit on the display; 										
	 A new message will override the current message on the display; 										
		•			•		()				
	•	,	vill result in the r			urrent message	e on the dis-				
	play, and	d return the c	lisplay to auto so	croll mod	de;						
	Maximur	n length is 8	characters.								
	■ The mes	sage shall be	e shown continu	ously or	n the dis	play, until the	consumer				
	presses	•		,		1 3 /					
History											
History	Nov. 2007	Origin		Port	۲۵	Applicable	⊏ meter				
			((§5.3.2.1)								

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DSMR-M 4.5.76

Description	The electricity meter shall provide functionality to provide standard messages to auxiliary equipment.								
Rationale	view informa	Auxiliary equipment is usually installed at a convenient location for the consumer to view information whereas the metering installation can be in a less convenient place. For this reason the standard messages are provided to auxiliary equipment.							
Fit criterion	The standard	l message is	provided to the	auxiliary	y equipn	nent.			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130 ((§5.3.2.1)	Port	P1	Applicable	E meter		

5.10.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.77

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall display a message on the meter display soon after the request									
	was received	was received by the metering installation.									
Rationale	The received	The received message has to be shown on the display on short notice.									
Fit criterion	Total handlin	Total handling time after receiving the message shall be less than 5 seconds.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST								

DSMR-M 4.5.78

Description	The E meter shall send a message to P1 soon after the request was received by								
	the meterin	the metering installation.							
Rationale	The receive	The received message has to be shown on the auxiliary device on short notice.							
Fit criterion	meter conti	Total handling time after receiving the message shall be less than 5 seconds. The E meter continues to send the message to P1 (every 10 seconds) until the next message has been received.							
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin TST Port P1 Applicable E meter							

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5.11 Use case 11: Sending long messages to port P1

For the market participant involved with the connection (GO, supply company and independent service provider), it is possible to send a long message to the metering installation. A long message differs from standard messages by the way the metering installation handles them. On arrival in the metering installation the long messages are directly forwarded to the auxiliary equipment. The long messages are not interpreted or displayed in the metering installation in any way. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-11.

Trigger	Description
A market participant	A market participant involved wants to send a data string through P3 to the
wants to send a	OSM on P1.
message	

Figure 5-11a: Sending messages to port P1- trigger description

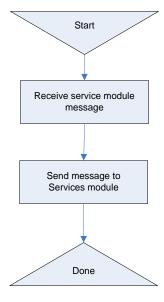


Figure 5-11b: Sending messages to port P1- block diagram

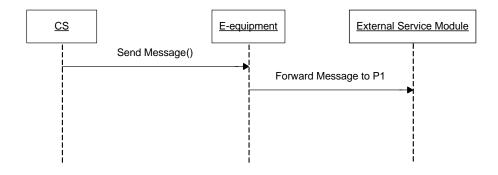


Figure 5-11c: Sending messages to port P1- UML sequence diagram

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 A market participant involved with a connection wants to send a data string to the auxiliary equipment.

Parameters

A long message (maximum 1024 characters).

Post-conditions

The long message is provided to the auxiliary equipment. The central system assures at least 1 hour availability of the long message at the end customer device. In case another message is offered for processing, the new message is hold back by the CS in case the previous message was processed less than 1 hour ago"

5.11.1 Long messages

DSMR-M 4.5.79

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide functionality to receive long messages.								
Rationale	Market participants can provide specific information to consumers through the auxiliary equipment. Note the difference with standard messages. The standard messages									
		are provided to auxiliary equipment too, but are also displayed by the E meter itself								
Fit criterion	The E meter	The E meter shall accept long messages with a maximum of 1024 characters for dis-								
	tribution to th	e auxiliary e	quipment.							
History	Nov. 2007	07 Origin NTA 8130 Port P3 Applicable E meter								
			((§5.3.2.2)							

DSMR-M 4.5.80

Description	The E meter	shall provide	functionality to	forward	long me	essages to the	auxiliary			
	equipment.									
Rationale	tents are the	The contents of long messages are no concern for the metering installation. The contents are therefore forwarded to the auxiliary equipment directly. The E meter continues to send the message to the auxiliary equipment until the next message has been received.								
Fit criterion		The displayed message is available to the auxiliary equipment until the next message has been received.								
History	Nov. 2007	Original NITA 0400 Days D4 Applicable 5								

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5.11.2 Error reporting

DSMR-M 4.5.81

Description	The equipme	nt shall is	sue a log	ical erro	r in case	e it cannot handle tl	ne received long		
	message due	message due to its size.							
Rationale	Messages ca	Messages can be modified during transport (e.g. differing character sets). This could							
	lead to situati	lead to situations where a message is longer than the size that can be handled by							
	the equipment.								
Fit criterion	The equipme	The equipment shall issue a logical error in case it cannot handle the received long							
	message due	to its siz	e. The log	gical erro	r issued	d shall at least cont	ain the generic		
	attributes for errors.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

5.11.3 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.82

Description		The E meter shall publish the message on the P1 port soon after the request was received by the metering installation.								
Rationale		The message shall become available for the external service module on short no-								
Fit criterion	meter continu	Total handling time after receiving the message shall be less than 5 seconds. The E meter continues to send the message to the auxiliary equipment until the next message has been received.								
History	Nov. 2007									

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5.12 Use case 12: Shift tariff times electricity

The supply company can deliver electricity for a flat rate (single tariff) or two tariffs. In the latter case, a calendar day is divided in two parts. The times during the day where a shift from one tariff to another takes place are denoted tariff shift times. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-12.

Trigger	Description
Change of tariff	The supply company requests a change in the tariff switch times.
times	

Figure 5-12a: Shift tariff times electricity - trigger description

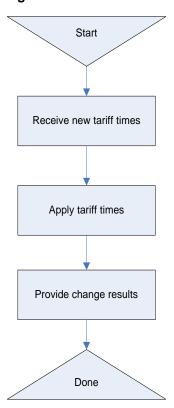


Figure 5-12b: Shift tariff times electricity - block diagram

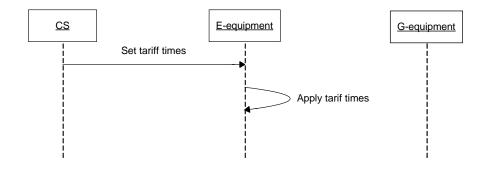


Figure 5-12c: Shift tariff times electricity – UML sequence diagram

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A shift of the tariff period is required

Parameters

- date at which the new shift times have to applied (activation date);
- tariff shift time to 'on-peak' tariff;
- tariff shift time to 'off-peak' tariff.

Post-conditions

- The tariff shift times have been set at the activation date;
- If setting of the tariff shift time has failed, an error is issued. The current active shift times must be not affected by this failure and must stay active.

Assumptions

None.

5.12.1 Set tariff times

DSMR-M 4.5.83

Description	The electricity	The electricity meter shall provide functionality to set two tariff shift times at a desig-								
	nated date.									
Rationale	A supplier ma	y want to dif	ferentiate tariffs	e.g. to s	atisfy cu	istomers with a	a specific con-			
	sumption patt	ern. For this	purpose the sup	plier ca	n set tari	iff shift times p	er connection.			
	Tariff shift tim	es are applie	ed at 00:00h in o	rder to l	et the ch	ange coincide	with a period-			
	ic meter read	ic meter read.								
Fit criterion	After 00:00h	After 00:00h on the designated date the tariff shift times are applied and consumption								
	is assigned to	is assigned to the correct tariff according to the tariff shift times.								
History	Nov. 2007	October 1974 0400 Bord 190 April 2014 15								
			((§5.4.1)							

5.12.2 Logging and events

DSMR-M 4.5.85

Description	The E meter sh	The E meter shall log info when the new Tariff Shift Time is applied.							
Rationale	It is important to	o have t	he means	s to verif	y when	and which tariff is	used and what the		
	meter register v	values w	/ere.						
Fit criterion	The E meter sh	nall log ir	nfo when	the new	Tariff S	Shift Time is applied	d. The following		
	info is logged:								
	 Activation d 	date and	time						
	■ Event 9 and/or 19 will be used								
History	Sep. 2009 Origin TST Port P3 Applicable E meter								

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5.13 Use case 13: Synchronise time E-equipment

The general requirement DSMR-M 4.3.5 states the required accuracy of the time of the meter. To be able to verify that the internal clock of the metering equipment is operating and set correctly, the CS has to be able to synchronise the time of the metering equipment. This use case only applies to meters that use the CS for clock synchronisation, other methods are allowed as long as general requirement DSMR-M 4.3.5 is met. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-13.

Trigger	Description
Synchronise request	A synchronise request is received from CS specifying the local time.
from CS	

Figure 5-13a: Synchronise time E-equipment – trigger description

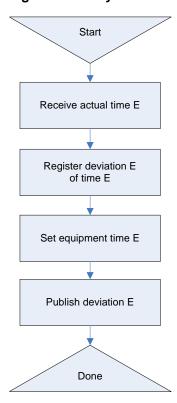


Figure 5-13b: Synchronise time E-equipment – block diagram

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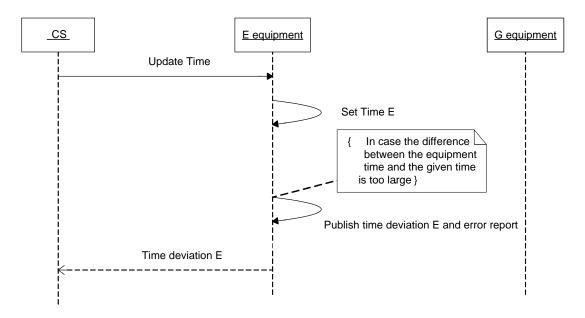


Figure 5-13c: Synchronise time E-equipment – UML sequence diagram

The internal clock of the E meter can deviate from the local time.

Parameters

Local time (possibly with the time needed for communication accounted for).

Post-conditions

- The internal clock of the metering equipment is within the limits of accuracy.
- If the clock is adjusted more than a predefined amount of time, this is logged as an error.

Assumptions

- The time it takes to send the local time from the CS to the meter can be neglected.
- After retrieval of the alarm byte concerning the time shift (in use case *Provide periodic meter reads*) and retrieval of the error logging including the applied time shift (use case *Provide error history*), it is the responsibility of CS to ascertain the quality of the periodic meter reads and interval values.

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5.13.1 Synchronise time

DSMR-M 4.5.86

Description	The E meter	shall provide f	unctionality to	synchro	nise its	internal clock,	and to adjust				
	the maximal	he maximal deviation that is accepted compared to the local time from the CS.									
Rationale	It is required	t is required that the accuracy of the time of the meter is within limits. As it is not rea-									
	sonable to ed	quip meters wi	th clocks that i	neet the	accura	cy during their	lifetime, the				
	meter shall p	rovide functior	nality to synchi	onise its	s clock to	o external entit	ties.				
Fit criterion	■ The E me	eter shall provi	de functionalit	y to synd	chronise	its internal clo	ock.				
	The devia	The deviation of the clock shall be within the limits of accuracy.									
	The maxi	The maximum deviation in seconds can be adjusted in the E meter (typically 60									
	seconds).	seconds).									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter				
					1						

DSMR-M 4.5.87

Description		The E meter shall issue an event if the time adjustment is larger than the maximum deviation time.							
Rationale		n order for meter readings to be accurate, the time of registration has to be accurate too. Therefore the equipment shall provide information on large time adjustments.							
Fit criterion	events are is	If the time adjustment is more than the maximum deviation time in Seconds, two events are issued. The corresponding log entry contains the event Clock adjusted (old date/time) and the event Clock adjusted (new date/time).							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter		

5.13.2 Performance

DSMR-M 4.5.88

Description	The E mete	The E meter shall have the logging information on large time shifts available for							
	both E and	both E and G on P3 soon after the request was received by the metering installa-							
	tion.	on.							
Rationale	If the inform	nation retrie	val takes too m	uch time	, this wil	l cause delays in	the data		
	collection p	rocess.							
Fit criterion	The retrieva	al of the sto	red information	and publ	ication (on P3 shall take r	no more		
	than 5 seco	nds.							
History	Nov.	Nov. Origin TST Port P3 Applicable E meter							
	2007								

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5.14 Use case 14: Synchronise time G-equipment

The general requirement DSMR-M 4.3.5 states the required precision of the time of the meter. To be able to verify that the metering equipment is operating accordingly and correct the time when necessary the E-equipment has to be able to synchronise the time of the G-equipment. The trigger description, block diagram and UML sequence diagram are depicted in Figure 5-14.

Trigger	Description
Deployment of	At deployment the time of the metering equipment is probably not correct, so it
gas equipment	has to be synchronized. If the P2 device has an internal clock, it shall be
	synchronised by the E meter via an M-Bus time set action after the first encrypted response is received.
	Note that time synchronisation is always initiated by the E meter. In wireless (RF)
	configurations the G meter allows the E meter to send commands once every
	hour.
Time change	Synchronisation is done at every time change of the bus master (including daylight
	savings time related changes)
Communication	Synchronisation is done at every restart of the communication (after communica-
restart	tion breakdown, after M-Bus master breakdown, and after M-Bus slave break-
	down).
Periodically	Synchronisation is done every 24 hours, to ensure a maximum deviation below 60
	seconds.

Figure 5-14a: Synchronise time G-equipment – trigger description

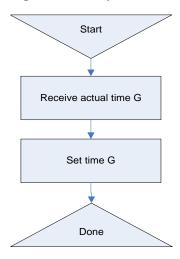


Figure 5-17b: Synchronise time G-equipment – block diagram

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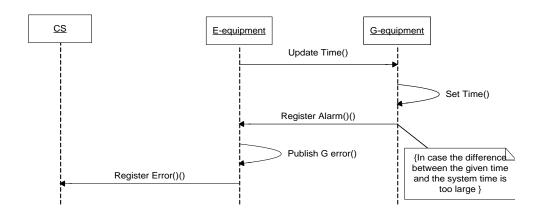


Figure 5-14c: Synchronise time G-equipment – UML sequence diagram

The internal clock of the G equipment can deviate from the E meter time.

Parameters

Local time.

Post-conditions

- The time of the G-equipment is within the limits of accuracy.
- If the clock is adjusted more than a predefined amount of time, this is logged as an error.

Assumptions

• The time to send the local time from the E meter to the G meter can be neglected.

5.14.1 Synchronise time

DSMR-M 4.5.89

Description	The E mete	r shall prov	ide functiona	ality to s	synchro	nise the time of th	ne G-equipment.					
Rationale	sonable to emeter shall sation is do At ever change At ever Bus ma Every 2 The E	t is required that the accuracy of the time of the meter is within limits. As it is not reasonable to equip meters with clocks that meet the accuracy during their lifetime, the Eneter shall provide functionality to synchronise the clock of the G meter. Synchroniation is done: At every time change of the bus master (including daylight savings time related changes). At every restart of the communication (after communication breakdown, after M-Bus master breakdown, and after M-Bus slave breakdown). Every 24 hours, to ensure a maximum deviation below 60 seconds. The E meters shall automatically perform a M-Bus time set action after installation of a G meter.										
Fit criterion	The G mete accuracy.	The G meter can be synchronized. Deviation of the clock shall be within the limits of accuracy.										
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin NTA Port P2 Applicable E meter, G meter										

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DSMR-M 4.5.90

Description	The G meter shall provide functionality to synchronise its clock.							
Rationale	sonable to ed	It is required that the accuracy of the time of the meter is within limits. As it is not reasonable to equip meters with clocks that meet the accuracy during their lifetime, the meter shall provide functionality to synchronise its clock to external entities.						
Fit criterion	The G meter	The G meter can be synchronized						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	NTA 8130	Port	P2	Applicable	G meter	

DSMR-M 4.5.91

The G-equipment shall provide functionality to publish large time shifts.								
Time shifts sl	Time shifts shall be known in the CS in order to determine the quality of certain inter-							
val values.	val values.							
Upon synchro	Upon synchronisation, if the clock deviates more than 60 seconds, an alarm is raised.							
Upon first cor	Upon first communication, the alarm is reported to the E meter.							
16-07-07	6-07-07 Origin NTA 8130 Port P2 Applicable G meter							
	Time shifts sl val values. Upon synchro Upon first cor	Time shifts shall be known val values. Upon synchronisation, if the Upon first communication	Time shifts shall be known in the CS in or val values. Upon synchronisation, if the clock deviate Upon first communication, the alarm is re	Time shifts shall be known in the CS in order to d val values. Upon synchronisation, if the clock deviates more Upon first communication, the alarm is reported to	Time shifts shall be known in the CS in order to determine val values. Upon synchronisation, if the clock deviates more than 60 Upon first communication, the alarm is reported to the E r	Time shifts shall be known in the CS in order to determine the quality of val values. Upon synchronisation, if the clock deviates more than 60 seconds, an a Upon first communication, the alarm is reported to the E meter.		

5.14.2 Error reporting

DSMR-M 4.5.92

Description	The E-equipment shall issue a normal error for large time adjustments that occur in								
	the G meter.								
Rationale	In order for m	eter reading	s to be accurate	e, the tim	ne of reg	istration has to	be accurate		
	too. Therefor	e the equipm	ent shall provid	e inform	ation on	large time adj	ustments.		
Fit criterion	If the time ad	justment is m	nore than S (typ	ically 1 r	minute),	an error is issu	ued that con-		
	tains the gen	tains the generic attributes for normal errors.							
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. 2007 Origin NTA 8130 Port P2 Applicable E meter							

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6 BUSINESS USE CASES FOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

In this chapter the requirements are provided in a framework of use cases. The use cases represent the building block for business processes for installation and maintenance in which the equipment participates. The entity that executes the use cases is external to the equipment. The actual type of the external entity (system, user or other) is irrelevant for the requirements in this section. What is however important, is to have a clear division between the activities internal to the equipment and the external entity. Where gas meters are mentioned this could also be replaced with thermal, water, or slave E meters.

6.1 M&S equipment use cases

This section provides the use cases that apply to all equipment.

6.1.1 Use case: Receive equipment

This use case provides descriptions of the activities that start after the equipment is produced and are completed at the moment the equipment is ready to be installed.

Trigger	Description
The GO has ordered	The GO has ordered equipment from a vendor.
equipment	

Reception of equipment is handled per batch, i.e. the GO considers each delivery of equipment as a single batch of equipment.

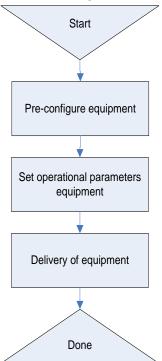


Figure 6-1: Receive equipment

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The equipment is in the initial state as produced.

Parameters

- Default configuration information;
- Default values for operational parameters.

Post-conditions

• The equipment is ready to be installed in the production environment

Assumptions

-none-

6.1.1.1 Pre-configure equipment

The vendor handles pre-configuring the equipment. It involves setting values for the configuration and the operational parameters for the equipment. Refer to section 2.5 of the main document for a description of the configuration attributes for various types of equipment.

The GO will deliver a complete set of values for pre-configuring the equipment that is part of a batch of equipment, i.e. for each batch a new set of configuration values is provided.

The pre-configuration information for M&S as provided by the GO consists of the following categories of information for each of the values in section 2.5.1:

Value	Description
Name	The name of the configuration item.
Value	The actual value to be pre-configured.
Displayable	Indicates if the name and value of the configuration item shall be displayable
	on the metering installation or not.

The activity of pre-configuring equipment is based on the assumption that it is more efficient and less error prone to do this separately from the physical installation. Another advantage of pre-configuring is that configuration information does not need to be distributed.

As the vendor performs the activity of pre-configuring the equipment, there are no requirements associated with this activity.

6.1.1.2 Set operational parameters equipment

The vendor will set the operational parameters for equipment prior to delivery. For this purpose the GO provides a complete set of values for the operational parameters. Refer to section 2.5.1.1 for a description of the operational parameters for E equipment and to section 2.5.1.2 for a description of operational parameters for G equipment.

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As the vendor performs the activity of setting the operational parameters for the equipment there are no requirements associated with this activity.

6.1.1.3 Delivery of equipment

The current section describes the requirements for delivery of equipment. All equipment is pre-configured by the vendor. After the vendor has preconfigured the equipment and set the operational parameters, the equipment is shipped to the GO.

The GO can verify that all requirements in this section are met through random samples determined before or after arrival of the equipment.

DSMR-M 4.6.1

Description	During the packaging of each E meter a mounting clip shall be included.								
Rationale	Sometimes it	Sometimes it is necessary for installation purposes to use a mounting clip to fit the E							
	meter on the	meter on the meter board.							
Fit criterion	During the packaging of each E meter a mounting clip shall be included.								
History	Dec. 2008 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter								

DSMR-M 4.6.2

Description	M&S equipment shall have an equipment identifier according to the U.S.S code 128								
	bar code system.								
Rationale	GO's need an identifier for the meter that is used throughout its lifetime: the equip-								
	ment identifier. The identifier for E and G meters contains the meter code. The meter								
	code implicitly indicates that the meter is certified to be used in the Dutch market.								
	The equipment identifier also includes the serial number for the equipment. The seri-								
	al number is assigned by the vendor. Finally the equipment identifier contains the								
	last 2 digits of the year of manufacturing (i.e. year of century). However, these last								
	two digits can't be used to make the equipment ID unique.								
Fit criterion	The equipment identifier shall be compiled of three parts:								
	 Meter code, 5 character code (with leading spaces if is code is shorter than 5 								
	characters);								
	Serial number, 10 characters, assigned by the vendor, with leading zeroes if the								
	number is shorter than 10 characters								
	 Year of manufacturing, 2 characters, assigned by the vendor as year of century. 								
	However, these last two digits can't be used to make the equipment ID unique.								
History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter, G meter								

DSMR-M 4.6.3

Description	The equipment identifier shall be printed in a form that is readable for both humans and machines.
Rationale	The equipment identifier shall be provided in both machine readable and human readable form as this facilitates installation and maintenance processes. In order to improve readability the background colour of the bar code shall preferably be white.
Fit criterion	The printed representation of the equipment identifier shall meet the following criteria:

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History	Nov. 2007 Origin TST Port n.a. Applicable E meter, G meter									
	The label shall remain legible throughout the lifetime of the meter.									
	■ The size of the label shall not exceed a height of 30 mm and a length of 75 mm;									
	rectly underneath the bar code with a minimum character height of 3 mm;									
	A written out representation of the contents of the bar code must be printed di-									
	■ The height of the bar code must be a minimum of 7 mm;									
	zone' must be a minimum of 6 mm;									
	 The blank zones preceding and following the bar code, also known as the 'quiet 									
	cant dimensional parameter X' must be at least 0.3 mm;									
	The width of the thinnest line or space in the bar code, also known as the 'signifi-									
	128 or USS code 128) specifications;									
	■ The bar code must comply with Code 128 bar code (also known as ANSI/AIM									

6.1.2 Use case: Firmware upgrade

This use case provides a description of the requirements to equipment with respect to firmware upgrades.

Please note that NTA 8130 states that firmware upgrades for the metering installation are required. In this document this is interpreted as firmware upgrades for only E meters (no G meters).

Trigger	Description
Add functionality	The GO wants to add new functionality on existing hardware and therefore
	installs new firmware.
Add optimisations	The GO wants to deploy optimised version of the firmware.
Fix software defects	The current version of the software contains flaws (bugs, incompatibilities etc)
	and is therefore replaced with a new version.

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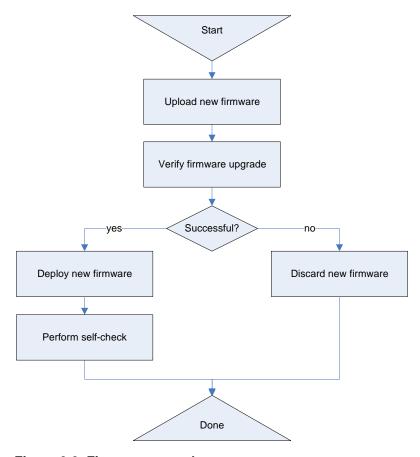


Figure 6-2: Firmware upgrade

• The current version of the firmware is incomplete, incorrect or outdated.

Parameters

- Date to deploy the new version of the firmware;
- New version of the firmware.

Post-conditions

- The new version of the firmware is deployed successfully or discarded;
- Verification of the new firmware is logged;
- The change of firmware is logged.

Assumptions

- The meter data in the metering instrument are not affected in any way by the firmware update;
- The state of the equipment (operational parameters and configuration) is not affected in any way by the firmware update;
- The metrological functions of metering instruments shall not be affected by a firmware upgrade.

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6.1.2.1 Upload new firmware

DSMR-M 4.6.4

Description	The equipment shall provide functionality to upload new firmware to equipment.						
Rationale	It is expected that the firmware will be upgraded multiple times during the lifecycle of						
	the equipment. Multiple reasons exist for upgrading firmware: new functionality added						
	to firmware, optimisations in firmware, defects in firmware etc. For economic reasons it						
	may not be feasible to upgrade firmware on-site, therefore both remote and local up-						
	loads of firmware are required.						
Fit criterion	The new version of the firmware shall be stored by the equipment. The fact that a new						
	version of firmware is available can be verified through the state of the equipment.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin NTA Port P3, P0 Applicable E meter						

6.1.2.2 Verify firmware upgrade

DSMR-M 4.6.7

Description	The equipment shall issue a logical error in case the new firmware is incomplete, inconsistent or incompatible with the equipment-type.							
Rationale	A firmware upgrade is preceded by thorough testing and it is therefore not expected that firmware is not compatible. Incompatible firmware of a single piece of equipment usually implies that the upgrade will fail for other equipment too. As a firmware upgrade is a time-consuming activity users have to be informed of incompatible firmware immediately.							
Fit criterion	The logical error issued for incomplete, inconsistent (invalid identification or signing) or incompatible with the equipment-type firmware shall at least contain the generic attributes for logical errors. The new firmware shall not be deployed.							
History	Nov 2007 Origin I&M Port P3 Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.6.8

Description	The equipment shall log the event of successful verification of a new version of the							
	firmware.	firmware.						
Rationale	For mainter	nance rea	sons it is	s import	ant to ve	erify if new firmw	are was received by the	
	equipment	and at wh	at time a	and date	it was v	erified.		
Fit criterion	The log information for the event shall at least contain the following information:							
	Time stamp at which the new version of the firmware was verified							
	•							
History	Nov.	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter	
	2007							

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6.1.2.3 Deploy new firmware

DSMR-M 4.6.9

Description	The metering equipment shall deploy the new version immediately.						
Rationale	The metering equipment shall deploy the new version immediately.						
Fit criterion	The new version of the firmware is the operational version of the firmware in the equipment. If the deployment date coincides with a power outage, the upgrade shall be deployed after power on. In this case no error shall be raised.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port n.a. Applicable E meter						

DSMR-M 4.6.10

Description	Deployment of new firmware shall not result in modification or deletion of any meter data, configuration parameters or operational parameters in the equipment.								
Rationale	The deploy	The deployment of new firmware shall not have any additional activities as a result in order to have the equipment function correctly. This means that the firmware is sup-							
		plied as 'plug-n-play' software.							
Fit criterion	No operational changes in the functioning of the meter shall occur after deployment of new firmware other than the documented changes for the new firmware.								
History	Nov. 2007	Nov. Origin I&M Port n.a. Applicable E meter							

DSMR-M 4.6.11

Description	A firmware upgrade for metering instruments shall not affect the metrological part of						
	the instruments in any way.						
Rationale	According to European law and legislation it is not allowed to change the metrological						
	characteristics or functionality in metering instruments. A firmware upgrade shall						
	therefore not affect it. By following Welmec 7.2 Issue 4 (Software Guide – measuring						
	Instruments Directive 2004/22/EC –) a compliancy with the software-related require-						
	ments contained in the MID (e.g. Annex 1, 7.6, 8.3, 8.4) can be assumed.						
Fit criterion	The equipment shall comply with Welmec 7.2 Issue 4 (Software Guide – measuring						
	Instruments Directive 2004/22/EC –)						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.6.12

Description	The equipment shall log the event of deploying a new version of the firmware.						
Rationale	For maintenance reasons it is important to know at which time and date the firmware						
	was deployed or discarded.						
Fit criterion	The log information for the event shall contain the following information:						
	Time stamp at which the new version of the firmware was deployed.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter

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6.1.2.4 Perform self-check

DSMR-M 4.6.13

Description	Immediately after the new firmware is deployed, a self-check is executed by the equipment. The results consist of the outcome of 'Use case: Perform self-check M&S equipment'.						
Rationale	A self-check is executed to establish the correct running of the newly installed software. This can be considered as the final check performed during the process of a firmware upgrade.						
Fit criterion	The self-check that is executed as part of the firmware upgrade shall be performed within 10 seconds after the completion of the firmware update process,.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port P3 Applicable E meter						

6.1.2.5 Discard new firmware

In case the verification of correct operation failed the new firmware shall not be deployed. DSMR-M 4.6.14

Description	The equipment shall discard the new version of the firmware in case it is incomplete,						
	inconsistent or incompatible with the equipment-type.						
Rationale	Equipment is able to store two versions of firmware: the version deployed and the ver-						
	sion to be deployed. If the verification for correct delivery of the new version of the						
	firmware fails, that version of the firmware shall not be deployed.						
Fit criterion	In case the firmware is incomplete, inconsistent or incompatible with the equipment-						
	type, the new version of the firmware is prevented from activation by the equipment.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port n.a. Applicable E meter						

6.1.2.6 Performance

DSMR-M 4.6.15

Description	The equipment shall complete a firmware upgrade within a limited period of time.							
Rationale	A remote firmware upgrade of firmware (P3) is not an online activity whereas a local							
	firmware upgrade (P0) is considered an online activity (as on-site personnel may be							
	waiting for it to complete).							
Fit criterion	The completion rates and times for execution of the use case for the respective ports							
	are:							
		P3		P0				
	80 %:	24 hours		void				
	95 %:	48 hours		void				
	99 %:	120 hours		5 minutes				
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter	

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6.1.3 Use case: Planned on-site maintenance

This section describes the use case for periodical on-site maintenance. This use case applies to M&S equipment The equipment shall be implemented is such a way that planned on-site maintenance is kept to a minimum.

Trigger	Description
The battery of	The GO has determined that the battery of the equipment needs to be re-
equipment is low	placed.
New communication	The GO want to change the communication technology for the equipment and
	therefore replaces the communications module.

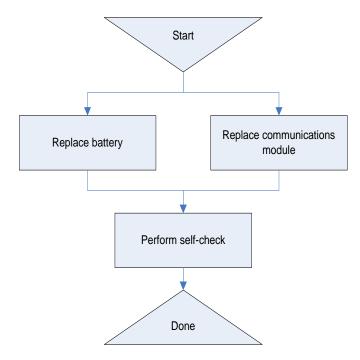


Figure 6-3: Planned on-site maintenance

Pre-conditions

• The equipment needs on-site maintenance.

Parameters

• -none-

Post-conditions

 The maintenance on the equipment was completed and the equipment functions correctly.

Assumptions

-none-

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6.1.3.1 Replace battery

The lifetime of the battery is required to be at least as long as the technical lifetime of the equipment. However, it is anticipated that a battery in individual meters can have a shorter lifetime than the meter itself. For this purpose the possibility of replacing the battery is necessary.

DSMR-M 4.6.16

Description	ment of the ba	Equipment that contains a battery shall be constructed in such a way that replacement of the battery can be performed safely without disconnecting the equipment from the grid.									
Detianala											
Rationale	Lifetime of a b	attery can	under some ci	rcumstand	ces be sno	orter than the lif	etime of				
	the equipment										
Fit criterion	Replacement of	of the batte	ery module sha	III not lead	l to modifi	cation or loss o	f data in				
	the equipment	. The conf	iguration and c	perationa	l paramet	ers of equipme	nt will not				
	be affected an	d need no	t to be change	d as the re	sult of re	placing a batter	v. For				
		be affected and need not to be changed as the result of replacing a battery. For metering instruments the meter data will not be affected by the replacement of the									
	battery.	battery.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter				

DSMR-M 4.6.17

Description	Equipment that contains a battery shall be constructed in such a way that replacement of the battery can be performed without breaking the metrological seal.								
Rationale	In case the me to be used. Re too time-consu	placing the							
Fit criterion	The battery car	The battery can be replaced without breaking the metrological seal							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.18

Description	The battery lifetime counter must reset itself to the default value after changing the								
	battery also the	e "battery I	ow" bit must be	e reset					
Rationale	It must be poss	sible to res	set the battery I	fetime count	er with	out tools.			
Fit criterion	The battery life change by dete battery for a ne	ecting the		•			•		
History	Jan. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.19

Description	The activity of	replacing th	ne battery in equ	ipment tha	t conta	ins a battery s	hall be		
	completed in a	completed in a limited period of time.							
Rationale	The design of	equipment	shall enable fast	replacem	ent of th	ne battery. The	battery is		
	located behind	the non-m	etrological seal.	The perfor	mance	criterion prese	ented here		
	is based on the	e assumption	on that trained pe	ersonnel re	eplace t	he battery.			
Fit criterion	The battery is	located ber	nind the non-met	rological s	eal. The	e completion ra	ates and		
	times for repla	cing the ba	ttery need to be	99 % in 5	minutes	S.			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

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6.1.3.2 Replace communications module

The state-of-the-art in communications technology changes quickly. It is therefore expected that the communications module that is part of the equipment may need replacement earlier than the equipment itself.

There are two concepts for the communication module: modular and integrated. If there is a separate (modular) communication module than the requirements in this paragraph apply. The communication module is located in the meter and can contain application and communication functionality.

DSMR-M 4.6.20

Description	The equipment shall be constructed in such a way that replacement of the communication module can be performed safely without disconnecting the equipment from the grid.								
Rationale	cost-effective solu nications module i	If the communications technology provides better means to communicate or a more cost-effective solution for communication, the GO may want to replace the communications module in the equipment with a new one that uses the better or more cost-effective means of communication.							
Fit criterion	equipment. The conneed not to be characteristics	onfiguration a inged as the ering instrun	ind opera result of nents will	ational replac	parameters wi ing a communi	o loss of data in the Il not be affected and ications module. The ed as the result of re-			
History	Nov. 2007 Orig	n TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.21

Description	The meter s	The meter shall be constructed in such a way that replacement of the communica-								
	tions module	tions module can be performed without breaking the metrological seal.								
Rationale	In case the	metrologic	al seal is	broken,	the eq	uipment has to	be recalibrated in or-			
	der to be us	ed. Replac	cing the c	ommuni	cations	s module shall	not lead to mandatory			
	recalibration	as this is	too time-	consumi	ng.					
Fit criterion	The commu	The communications module can be replaced without mandatory recalibration of								
	the equipme	the equipment.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.22

Description	The activity of replacing the communications module in equipment shall be complet-								
	ed in a limite	ed period o	of time.						
Rationale	The design of	of equipme	ent shall e	nable fast	replac	ement of the c	communications mod-		
	ule. The per	formance (criterion p	resented I	nere is	based on the	assumption that		
	trained perso	onnel repla	ace the co	mmunicat	ions m	nodule.			
Fit criterion	The complet	ion rates a	and times	for replac	ing the	communication	ons module need to be		
	99 % in 5 mi	99 % in 5 minutes.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

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6.1.3.3 Perform self-check

DSMR-M 4.6.23

Description	The equipment shall provide functionality to present the results of a self-check and retrieve the results from the local port during installation. The results consist of the outcome of 'Use case: Perform self-check M&S equipment'.							
Rationale	The maintenance personnel want to verify that the equipment functions correctly after the maintenance work is completed.							
Fit criterion	The self-check process shall comply with the description of the respective self-checks							
	for the different types of equipment. The self-check process shall be completed within 10 seconds after initiation.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port P0 Applicable E meter							

6.1.4 Use case: Adjust equipment before installation

This use case handles the process of adjusting the equipment to the installation location. Adjustment of the equipment can be executed in two occasions during the installation process. The first occasion is prior to physical installation. Adjustment is then performed on attributes that are not depending on the location where the equipment is installed. The second occasion to adjust the equipment can take place after the equipment is physically installed. This will involve attributes that depend on the location where the equipment is installed.

It is important to note that the GO strives to minimize the number of adjustments to the equipment, hence the pre-configuration of the equipment by the vendor. The vendor shall thus handle the majority of the work during the activity of pre-configuring the equipment.

Trigger	Description
M&S equipment is	The equipment is installed in a location where the default configuration or pa-
not configured cor-	rameters applied during pre-configuration are not correct.
rectly	
M&S equipment is	The equipment is installed in a location where the additional configuration
not configured com-	values or parameters are required.
pletely	
Install M&S equip-	During installation of the equipment the configuration and operational param-
ment	eters of the equipment may need to be modified.

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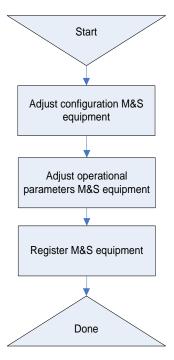


Figure 6-4: Adjust equipment

Pre-conditions

• The equipment is not configured correctly for the location where it is to be installed.

Parameters

- Configuration for the equipment
- · Operational parameters for the equipment.

Post-conditions

The equipment is configured correctly for the location where it is to be installed

Assumptions

None.

6.1.4.1 Adjust configuration M&S equipment

Although the vendor has pre-configured the equipment before shipping it, the GO may need to modify the configuration. There are multiple reasons to do this, consider the examples below:

- The default values for configuration provided by the GO have changed since the values were provided to the vendor;
- A sub-set of the equipment needs specific values (different from the default values) for configuration.

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The GO thus needs facilities to adjust the configuration of the equipment. It should be noted that the adjustment of the configuration shall be kept to a minimum. It is the responsibility of the GO to minimize the amount of adjustment of equipment.

DSMR-M 4.6.24

Description	The vendor	of the M&S	equipr	nent sh	all de	iver an integra	ted software package that			
	supports adj	supports adjusting the pre-configuration of the M&S equipment and setting the op-								
	erational par	erational parameters for all the M&S equipment.								
Rationale	Although the	e vendor wi	II pre-c	onfigur	e the r	neters accordi	ng to the specifications of			
	the GO, the	GO needs	a facilit	ty to mo	odify th	ne pre-configur	ation. The configuration			
	process by t	he GO doe	es not a	pply to	the co	mmunication f	acilities used during the			
	operational	phase of th	e equip	ment (.e. P3), but utilizes a	local tool and port (i.e.			
	P0).									
Fit criterion	The tool pro	vided by th	e M&S	equipn	nent v	endor shall sup	port the adjustment of			
	pre-configur	pre-configuration functionality and setting operational parameters for all M&S								
	equipment a	as describe	d in 'Us	se case	: Adjus	st equipment'				
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST	Port	P0	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.25

Description	The meter shall provide functionality to set the internal clock to local time after the me-								
	ter is physically	installe	d.						
Rationale	The clock in the	e meter v	will not	be adju	sted to local tim	e on delivery.	Before the meter is		
	deployed howe	ver, it ne	eds to	have th	ne time set corre	ctly in order to	measure con-		
	sumption corre	ctly.							
Fit criterion	The meter shal	The meter shall provide functionality to set the internal clock to local time after the me-							
	ter is physically installed.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.26

Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to automatically adjust to daylight savings time									
	and back.									
Rationale	Local time inc	Local time includes two shifts of an hour every year: switch to daylight savings time								
	and back. The	e meter sl	nall auto	omatica	lly perform these	e shifts accord	ing to the rules for			
	applying dayli	applying daylight savings time.								
Fit criterion	The time and	date of th	e interr	nal cloc	k will deviate les	s than 60 seco	onds from local			
	time at any time.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter			

6.1.4.2 Adjust operational parameters M&S equipment

During the activity of setting operational parameters the GO sets all parameters on behalf of external parties like SC's. After this activity is concluded, the meter is prepared to function according to the wishes of external parties.

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Description	The E meter	shall prov	ide fund	ctionalit	ty to set the peri	ods for differer	nt tariffs for elec-		
	tricity before	tricity before and after the meter is physically installed.							
Rationale	The periods f	The periods for different tariffs will differ per SC and possibly per connection. In order							
	to register co	to register consumption correctly for the different tariffs, the periods for the tariffs are							
	configured be	efore the E	= meter	is insta	alled.				
Fit criterion	The adjusted	The adjusted tariff periods will be applied at the time the E meter is deployed.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0,P3	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.30

Description	The E meter	shall prov	ide fund	ctionalit	y to set the table	e for special da	ays before and		
	after the E meter is physically installed.								
Rationale	Currently the	Currently the Dutch market uses a flat rate for electricity on special days like Easter,							
	Christmas etc	. This me	eans tha	at no dif	fferentiated tariff	fs are applied o	on these special		
	days. The sys	days. The system shall therefore provide functionality to specify the special days.							
Fit criterion	The table for	special da	ays sha	II conta	in at least 30 pc	sitions to store	e the dates of spe-		
	cial days. The special days can be set a year at a time or multiple years at once.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.31

Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to set the standard messages in the meter be-								
	fore and after it is physically installed.								
Rationale	The meter us	es standa	rd mes	sages.	The contents of	these messag	ges are fixed for		
	the Dutch ma	the Dutch market.							
Fit criterion	The adjusted	standard	messa	ges will	be applied at the	ne time the me	ter is deployed.		
History	Nov. 2007	The adjusted standard messages will be applied at the time the meter is deployed. Nov. 2007							

6.1.4.3 Performance

DSMR-M 4.6.32

Description	The activities f	or the prod	cess of	adjustir	ig M&S e	quipment	(excluding regi	stering the			
	equipment) sh	all be com	pleted	in a limi	ted perio	d of time.					
Rationale	This process is	This process is typically executed after the meter is physically installed. The pro-									
	cess does not	support re	laying	a comm	and and	shall there	fore be comple	eted within			
	a limited amou	int of time.									
Fit criterion	The completion	n rates and	d times	to be m	et are:						
		P3		P0							
	99 %:	99 %: 2 minutes 1 minute									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	TST		Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter			

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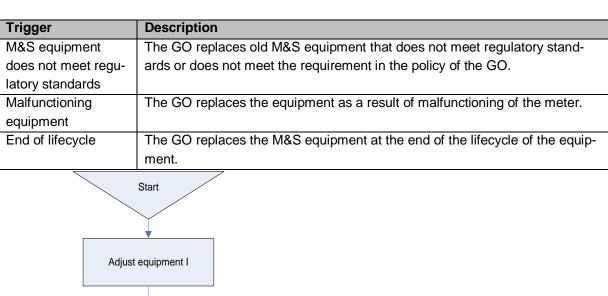
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6.1.5 Use case: Install M&S equipment

This use case provides a description of the installation process of M&S equipment and the requirements on the equipment needed to support the process. Most activities in the process are executed by personnel on-site. The activities are therefore required to complete swiftly in order to reduce the amount of time personnel spends waiting.



Adjust equipment I

Physical installation M&S equipment

Deploy M&S equipment II

Adjust equipment II

Verify topology

Perform self-check

Set up communication

Figure 6-5: Install M&S equipment

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Pre-conditions

• The M&S equipment is in the initial state as produced.

Parameters

• -none-

Post-conditions

• The M&S equipment is ready to be deployed in the production environment

Assumptions

• It is assumed that the E meter functions as the local host to all M&S equipment for installation purposes.

6.1.5.1 Physical installation M&S equipment

During this activity the equipment is installed at the premises of the consumer. In order to minimize the costs of physical installation this section provides requirements that reduce the installation time.

DSMR-M 4.6.33

Description	The E meter shall fit on meter boards (installed base).								
Rationale	In order to reduce the costs for installation, the meter (including mounting hooks) shall								
	fit on meter boards available in most households to reduce the time spent during in-								
	stallation. In existing installations, meter boards can be very small. In this case instal-								
	lation might only be possible if a short terminal cover is used.								
Fit criterion	The distance between the holes for mounting the meter on a meter board shall com-								
	ply with DIN 43857.								
	The external housing for single phase meter (including mounting hooks) shall not ex-								
	ceed the next dimensions: Height = 225 mm, width = 135 mm, depth = 140 mm.								
	The external housing for polyphase meter (including mounting hooks) shall not ex-								
	ceed the next dimensions: Height = 330 mm, width = 180 mm, depth = 150 mm.								
	The length of the meter cover shall guarantee that:								
	- The cut-out for the installation wires in the meter board are covered up completely.								
	- There is sufficient space between terminals and the bottom of the terminal cover for								
	easy mounting of the wires.								
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port n.a. Applicable E meter								

DSMR-M 4.6.34

Description	The terminal block of E meter shall be constructed in a standard way.								
Rationale	son the E me	The installation of metering equipment requires a substantial investment. For this reason the E meter shall be constructed in a way that facilitates installation and reduces the investments needed.							
Fit criterion	The construc	tion of the	termin	al block	shall comply w	ith DIN 43856.			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter		

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Description	The terminal	block of E	meter	shall fa	cilitate a secure	e connection to	the grid.				
Rationale		One of the major concerns of GO is to provide a safe and secure means for distribu-									
	tion of electricity. Therefore the E meter shall be connected to the grid using robust										
	wiring.	wiring.									
Fit criterion	ranging from for poly phase	4 mm ² to e meters. omposite	25 mm The typ	² for sir be of wi	res (that must b	ers, and from 4 be secured in a	able for wiring mm2 to 35 mm2 safe way) can be must be suitable				
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter				

DSMR-M 4.6.36

Description	It shall not be possible to come in contact with the terminal block of the meter.									
Rationale	The terminal	The terminal block is protected by the terminal cover. It shall not be possible to come								
	in contact wit	in contact with the screws of the terminal block.								
Fit criterion	The cover of	the termir	nal bloc	k of the	meter shall me	et the criteria i	n IEC 60529 IP31			
	when installe	d.								
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.36a

Description	Removal of th	e termina	al cover will not le	ead to instabili	ty of th	ne meter cover.					
Rationale	When the tern	When the terminal cover is removed, it must be possible to fix a clamp-on optical head									
	that counts the	that counts the impulses per kWh of the impulse led, for accuracy testing purposes.									
	The meter cov	The meter cover must be stable to use a clamp-on optical head.									
Fit criterion	The meter cov	er will sta	ay fixed in place,	whenever the	e termi	nal cover is rem	ioved.				
History	May 2011	Origin	ET Metrology	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter				

DSMR-M 4.6.37

Description	It must be possible to install an external antenna without the need to come in contact with the terminal block or circuit board (PCB) of the meter.									
Rationale	sons it must b	Low GPRS signal can necessitate the use for an external antenna. For safety reasons it must be possible to install such an antenna without having to come in contact with the terminal block or circuit board (PCB) of the meter.								
Fit criterion	An external a minal block of		an be in	stalled	without having t	to come in con	tact with the ter-			
History	Sep. 2009	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter			

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Description	Terminal bloc	Terminal blocks of equipment must be designed in a proper way.								
Rationale	Unintended p	Unintended penetration of the meter by connection wires via the terminal block must								
	be prevented	be prevented. It must not be possible to bypass a switch or to damage internal circuit								
	boards (PCB)	boards (PCB).								
Fit criterion	The terminal	The terminal block shall be constructed in such a way that wires cannot enter the								
	housing of the meter.									
History	Nov. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.39

Description	The activity of	f physical	ly insta	lling M	&S equipment sl	nall be comple	ted in a limited		
	period of time).							
Rationale	The physical installation is a time-consuming activity and therefore expensive activity.								
	For this reaso	For this reason the meter shall be constructed in such a way that physical installation							
	is a relatively quick process.								
Fit criterion	The completion	on rates a	ınd time	es to be	met are:				
	E equ	uipment	G	equipr	nent				
	80 %: 10 mi	80 %: 10 min 25 min							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

6.1.5.2 Deploy M&S equipment

At this point in the process the M&S equipment is physically installed at the premises of the consumer. At this time the equipment is registering consumption according to the operational parameters provided by the market participants. Some activities required before the equipment is deployed are described here.

DSMR-M 4.6.40

Description		The E meter shall provide functionality to set location information in the meter after the meter is physically installed but before the meter is deployed.							
Rationale		GO's will set location information in the meter for maintenance reasons. The location information typically consists of zip code and house number or geographical coordinates.							
Fit criterion		The E meter shall provide functionality to set location information in the meter. The register size for the location information is set to 48 ASCII characters.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

6.1.5.3 Adjust equipment after installation

During this activity the configuration and operational parameters of the equipment are adjusted after physical installation of the equipment. For this activity 'Use case: Adjust equipment' is invoked over port P3 or P0.

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Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to invoke 'Use case: Adjust equipment' re-								
	motely.								
Rationale		After the M&S equipment is installed it may need adjustment of configuration or oper-							
	ational parameters. The GO can decide to handle adjustment remotely.								
Fit criterion	Adjustment of	f the M&S	equipr	nent sh	all comply with	the description	of use case 'Use		
	case: Adjust equipment'.								
History	Nov. 2007								

6.1.5.4 Perform self-check

DSMR-M 4.6.43

Description		The E meter shall provide functionality to invoke 'Use case: Perform self-check M&S equipment' and retrieve the results locally (P0 or display).							
Rationale	installation is	The GO wants to verify that the metering installation functions correctly before the installation is completed. Typically personnel that installed the equipment shall invoke a self-check as one of the last steps of the installation process.							
Fit criterion		The result of the self-check that is executed as part of the installation process shall comply with the description of 'Use case: Perform self-check M&S equipment'.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

6.1.5.5 Set up communication

DSMR-M 4.6.45

Description	After the M&S equipment is physically installed, a network attach shall be established automatically so that the meter can be contacted.						
Rationale	The final step of installation of M&S equipment is to set up communication. At this point in the process a network attach shall be set up automatically.						
	point in the process a network attach shall be set up automatically.						
Fit criterion	The meter sh	all provide	e functi	onality	to automatically	attach to the r	network.
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter

DSMR-M 4.6.46

Description	The E meter :	The E meter shall indicate on the display that installation of an M-Bus device was							
	successful.	successful.							
Rationale	During installa	During installation it is important to have confirmation of a working connection be-							
	tween E meter and G meter								
Fit criterion	In manual scr	oll mode	the E m	neter sh	all indicate on t	he display the	serial number of		
	the successfully installed M-Bus device(s).								
History	Dec. 2008	Origin	I&M	Port	P2	Applicable	E meter; G meter		

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Description		The activities for the process of installing M&S equipment (excluding physical installation) shall be completed in a limited period of time.								
Rationale	complet	The time between the actual connection to the grid and the moment the installation is completed shall be limited as during this period the meter may not be configured correctly. For this reason the period shall be limited.								
Fit criterion	The cor	npletion ra	tes and times to	be me	t are:					
		P:	3 F	90						
	99 %:	99 %: 5 minutes 1 minute								
History	Nov.	Origin	TST	Port	P3, P2	Applicable	E meter, G meter			
	2007				and P0					

6.1.6 Use case: Un-install M&S equipment

This use case provides a description of the process of un-installing M&S equipment and the requirements on the equipment needed to support the process. It is emphasized that the uninstall process described here applies to smart metering equipment.

Various triggers exist for un-installing M&S equipment as indicated in the table below.

Trigger	Description
Modification to func-	A change in the connection can lead to un-installation of equipment. Consider,
tion location	for example, a situation where an E connection changes from single phase to
	poly-phase. This means the un-installation of a single phase E meter (and a
	subsequent installation of a poly phase meter).
Malfunctioning	In case the GO experiences malfunctioning of equipment he can decide to re-
equipment	place the equipment.
End of life cycle	In case the life cycle of equipment is complete, it is un-installed.

Un-installing M&S equipment does not address removing equipment temporarily for (re-) calibration.

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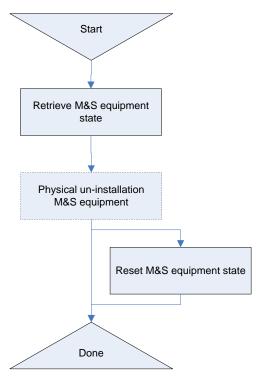


Figure 6-6: Un-install M&S equipment

Pre-conditions

• M&S equipment or a part of the M&S equipment has to be uninstalled.

Parameters

• Equipment identifiers for the equipment that has to be uninstalled.

Post-conditions

• The state of the equipment is retrieved and the equipment has been un-installed.

Assumptions

 The assumption is made that meter data stored in the metering instruments is retrieved prior to the process of un-installing the instrument. Therefore only the actual meter readings are retrieved as part of the un-installation process.

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6.1.6.1 Retrieve M&S equipment state

The first step in un-installing equipment shall be to retrieve the state of the equipment. DSMR-M 4.6.48

Description	The E meter	shall prov	ide fund	ctionalit	y to invoke '				
	Use case: Retrieve M&S equipment state								
	,								
Rationale	The GO wants to retrieve all configuration information and operational parameters								
	from the equipment at the time the equipment is un-installed. The personnel perform-								
	ing the un-installation therefore need to retrieve the equipment state just before the								
	equipment is disconnected.								
Fit criterion	Retrieval of the	ne state o	f the eq	uipmer	nt that is execute	ed as part of th	e un-installation		
	process shall	comply v	vith the	descrip	tion of '				
	Use case: R	etrieve N	1&S eq	uipme	nt state				
	· ·								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter		

6.1.6.2 Removed

6.1.6.3 Reset M&S equipment state

DSMR-M 4.6.50

Description	The M&S equipment shall provide functionality to reset its state after the equipment is physically un-installed. A reset of M&S equipment shall not affect the metrological part of the instruments in any way.								
Rationale	purpose the	The GO can decide that equipment shall be re-used after it is un-installed. For this purpose the equipment shall provide functionality to reset the state to the default settings used for pre-configuring the equipment.							
Fit criterion	The E meter	shall prov	ide fund	ctionalit	ty to reset its sta	ite.			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.51

Description	The M&S equipment shall provide functionality to overwrite user meter data (only the
	data that is allowed according to the MID), keys and personal details (including inter-
	val values) with zero's (0) after the equipment is physically un-installed. Overwriting
	this data shall not affect the metrological part of the instruments in any way. Keys
	should be reset to their original values (as listed in the original shipmentfile
Rationale	The GO can decide that equipment shall be re-used after it is un-installed. For this
	purpose the equipment shall provide functionality to overwrite user meter data (only
	the data that is allowed according to the MID), keys and personal details (including
	interval values) with zero's (0). According to European law and legislation it is not al-
	lowed to change the metrological characteristics or functionality in metering instru-
	ments. By following Welmec 7.2 Issue 4 (Software Guide – measuring Instruments
	Directive 2004/22/EC –) a compliancy with the software-related requirements con-
	tained in the MID can be assumed.
Fit criterion	Functionality to overwrite user meter data (only the data that is allowed according to
	the MID), keys and personal details (including interval values) with zero's (0) is pro-

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	vided using tl	vided using the defined security mechanism. Keys should be reset to their original								
	value (as listed in the original shipmentfile).									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

6.1.6.4 Performance

DSMR-M 4.6.52

Description		The activity of un-installing M&S equipment shall be completed in a limited period of						
	time.							
Rationale	Un-insta	lling equip	ment re	equires r	etrieving the state	e and the actua	al meter readings	
	from the	equipmen	t. After	this 'virt	ual' un-install the	physical un-ins	stall is executed	
	(the phy	sical un-in	stall is r	not inclu	ded in the times f	or un-installation	on).	
Fit criterion	The com	pletion rat	es and	times to	be met are:			
		P3	3	Р	0			
	80 %:	80 %: 2 minutes 2 minutes						
story	Nov.	Nov. Origin TST Port P3, P2 and P0 Applicable E meter, G mete						
	2007							

6.1.7 Use case: Retrieve M&S equipment state

This use case provides a description of the process of retrieving the complete state of the M&S equipment as defined in section 2.5.1.

Retrieval of M&S equipment states is utilized for multiple purposes as indicated by the described triggers:

Trigger	Description
Un-install M&S	Before equipment is physically uninstalled the GO will need the current state
equipment	of the equipment.
Inconsistencies in	In case an inconsistency in the state of the equipment is suspected or experi-
state reported	enced the GO will retrieve the state of the equipment to verify the incon-
	sistency.
Unplanned on-site	Retrieval of the equipment state is performed as part of the process of un-
maintenance	planned on-site maintenance.

Pre-conditions

• The state of the M&S equipment is unknown or unavailable to the GO.

Parameters

• The interval for which to retrieve logging and interaction history (optional)

Post-conditions

• The state of the M&S equipment is available for the GO.

Assumptions

-none-

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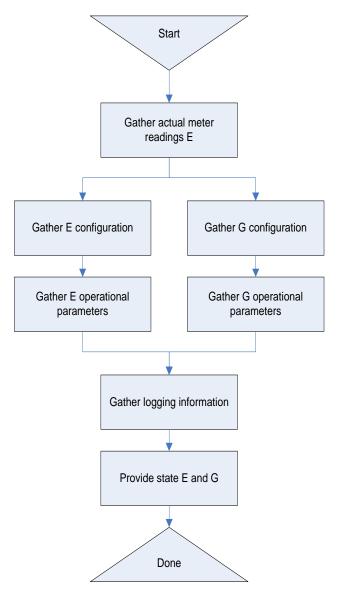


Figure 6-7: M&S Equipment state

6.1.7.1 Gather actual meter readings E

DSMR-M 4.6.53

Description	The E meter shall automatically invoke use case <i>Provide actual meter reads</i> as part						
	of retrieving the state.						
Rationale	In order to interpret the configuration and operational parameters the actual meter						
	readings at the time the configuration and parameters were retrieved can be helpful.						
Fit criterion	The actual meter readings gathered shall be in accordance with the description of use						
	case 'Provide actual meter reads'.						
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port P0, P2, P3 Applicable E, Meter						

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6.1.7.2 Gather E configuration

The E configuration consists of information in the E equipment that was inserted by the GO or the vendor of the meter (refer to section 2.5.1.1 for a complete description of the configuration E).

DSMR-M 4.6.54

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide functionality to retrieve the E configuration.						
Rationale		Information on the configuration is used for maintenance purposes and for trouble-						
	shooting the	equipmen	it.					
Fit criterion	The informati	on retriev	ed as th	ne E co	nfiguration shall	l at least conta	in the information	
	specified in se	specified in section '2.5.1.1'.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter	

6.1.7.3 Gather E operational parameters

The operational parameters for E include all parameters that are set on E equipment on behalf of SC's (refer to section 2.5.1.1 for a complete description of the operational parameters E).

DSMR-M 4.6.55

The E meter shall provide functionality to retrieve the E operational parameters.						
Information of	n the opei	rational	param	eters is used for	r maintenance	purposes and for
troubleshooting	ng the equ	uipment	t.			
The operation	nal param	eters re	trieved	for the E equip	ment shall at le	east contain the
information sp	information specified in section '2.5.1.1'.					
Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter
	Information of troubleshooting. The operation information specific control of the	Information on the operational parameter information specified in	Information on the operational troubleshooting the equipment. The operational parameters reinformation specified in section	Information on the operational parameters retrieved information specified in section '2.5.1	Information on the operational parameters is used fo troubleshooting the equipment. The operational parameters retrieved for the E equip information specified in section '2.5.1.1'.	Information on the operational parameters is used for maintenance troubleshooting the equipment. The operational parameters retrieved for the E equipment shall at le information specified in section '2.5.1.1'.

6.1.7.4 Gather G configuration

The configuration consists of information in the G equipment that was inserted by the GO or the vendor of the meter (refer to section 2.5.1.2 for a complete description of the configuration G).

DSMR-M 4.6.56

Description	The E meter	The E meter shall provide functionality to retrieve the G configuration.						
Rationale	Information of	n the G c	onfigura	ation is	used for mainte	nance purposes ar	nd for trouble-	
	shooting the	equipmer	ıt.					
Fit criterion		The information retrieved as the G configuration shall at least contain the information specified in section '2.5.1.2'.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P2, P3	Applicable	E, Meter	

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6.1.7.5 Gather G operational parameters

The operational parameters G include all parameters that are set in the G equipment on behalf of SC's (refer to section 2.5.1.2 for a complete description of the operational parameters G).

DSMR-M 4.6.57

Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to retrieve the G operational parameters.							
Rationale	Information o	Information on the G operational parameters is used for maintenance purposes and						
	for troublesho	ooting the	equipm	nent.				
Fit criterion	The operation	nal param	eters re	etrieved	for the G equip	ment shall at l	east contain the	
	information s	information specified in section '2.5.1.2'.						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P2, P3	Applicable	E meter	

6.1.7.6 Gather logging information

The metering equipment is required to store logging information. This activity is concerned with retrieving the logging information from the equipment.

Besides logging activities the equipment issues logical errors as well. The errors are provided to external parties as part of the logging information.

DSMR-M 4.6.58

Description	The E meter shall prov	vide logging inforr	nation and errors fro	om both the E	equipment			
	and the G equipment.							
Rationale	The E meter provides I	logging information	on to external entitie	es. Logging info	ormation is			
	used to verify the state	of equipment an	d for diagnosis purp	ooses in case o	of malfunc-			
	tioning. The use case h	has an optional p	arameter for the per	riod for which t	o retrieve			
	the logging information	n. In case a value	for this parameter i	s provided, the	provided			
	information shall be log	gged within the d	esignated period.					
Fit criterion	The E meter shall provide on request of an external entity the log items for the desig-							
	nated interval.							
History	Nov. 2007 Origin NTA Port P0, P3 Applicable E meter							
		(§5.3.1.3)						

6.1.7.7 Provide state E and G

DSMR-M 4.6.59

Description	The E meter shall provide the actual meter readings for E and G, complete state and
	logging information.
Rationale	For interpretation of the logging the most recent meter reads can be helpful and are
	therefore included in the state of the equipment. The logging information is used to
	derive how the equipment came in the state it is in.
Fit criterion	The state and auxiliary information shall at least contain the following information:
	 Complete configuration and operational parameters for E and G equipment;
	The actual meter readings for E;

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	 Last known meter readings for G available in the E meter; 						
	• Com	Complete logging information for the requested interval;					
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter

6.1.7.8 Performance

DSMR-M 4.6.60

Description	The activ	ity of remo	otely retri	eving th	ne state	of M&S e	equipment shal	l be completed in
	a limited	period of t	ime.					
Rationale	The state	of equipr	nent is re	trieved	for prol	olem solvi	ing. Solving pro	oblems when per-
	formed re	emotely is	not an 'o	nline' a	ctivity: r	maintenar	nce personnel a	are in other words
	not waitir	ng for the	state to b	e retrie	ved.			
Fit criterion	The com	pletion rat	es and tir	nes to l	be met	are:		
		P3		P0)			
	99 %:	1 hour	1 minute					
History	Nov.	Origin	TST		Port	P3, P0	Applicable	E meter, G meter
	2007							

6.1.8 Use case: Perform self-check M&S equipment

The purpose of this use case is to provide the GO insight in the functioning of the M&S equipment. For this reason the equipment shall be able to perform a self-check and report on the outcome.

Trigger	Description
Internal event	Internal event in the equipment can trigger this use case. Examples of events
	that invoke the use case are: firmware upgrade, power up and installation.
Install M&S equip-	The self-check is usually performed as part of the process of installing M&S
ment	equipment.
Unplanned on-site	A self-check is performed as part of the process of unplanned on-site mainte-
maintenance	nance
Periodically	A self-check is periodically performed.

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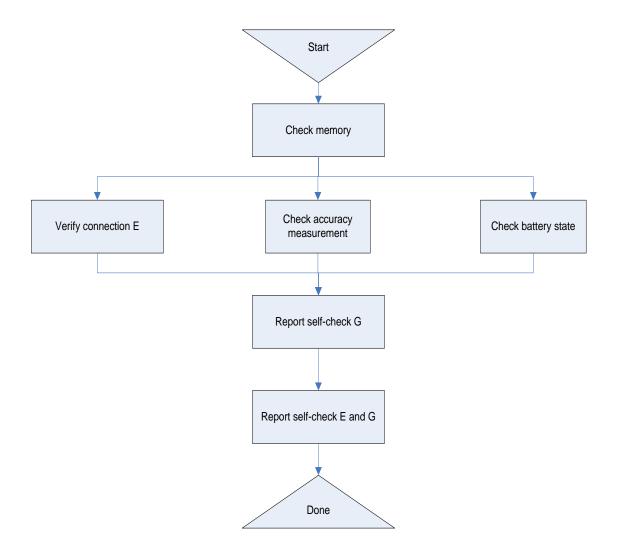


Figure 6-8: Perform self-check

Pre-conditions

• The overall condition of the M&S equipment is unknown to the GO.

Parameters

-none-

Post-conditions

The overall condition of the M&S equipment is known to the GO.

Assumptions

-none-

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Description	The M&S equipment shall automatically execute a self-check each time power re- occurs on the E meter.								
Rationale	any malfuncti	During a period in which there is no power on the E meter, the meter cannot detect any malfunctioning and cannot report on any event. It is therefore important to determine that the equipment functions correctly each time it becomes able to report any malfunctioning							
Fit criterion	The M&S equipment shall verify that it functions correctly after each outage and each time it is connected to the grid.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter		

DSMR-M 4.6.62

Description	The equipmen	nt shall pi	rovide f	unction	ality to log	the results of a s	self-check after a			
	firmware update.									
Rationale	Immediately a	Immediately after the new firmware is deployed, a self-check is executed by the								
	equipment. Tl	nis can be	e consid	dered a	s the final o	check performed	during the process			
	of a firmware	upgrade.								
Fit criterion	The self-chec	k that is e	execute	d as pa	irt of the fire	mware upgrade:	shall be performed			
	within 10 seco	onds afte	r the co	mpletio	n of the firr	nware update pr	ocess and shall			
	comply with the	ne descrip	otion of	the res	pective sel	f-checks for the	different types of			
	equipment. Ti	ne result	of this s	self che	ck will be lo	ogged in the eve	nt log (also in case of			
	a good result).									
History	Jan. 2011	Origin	TST	Port	P3	Applicable	E Meter			

6.1.8.1 Check memory

DSMR-M 4.6.63

Description	The M&S equ	The M&S equipment shall be able to perform a consistency check on the memory in									
	the equipment.										
Rationale	It is assumed	It is assumed that errors in software lead to inconsistencies in memory. Errors can be									
	caused by co	mmunica	tion fail	ure, inti	rusion, soft	ware defects, ha	rdware defects etc.				
	For maintena	For maintenance reasons the result of a consistency check on the memory gives an									
	overall indica	tion of the	condit	ion of tl	he equipme	ent.					
Fit criterion	The equipment shall verify that the memory of the equipment is consistent.										
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter				

DSMR-M 4.6.64

Description	The equipment shall issue a normal error if it detects an inconsistent state of the memory.									
Rationale	problems with	Inconsistencies in memory can lead to incorrect information being exchanged or to problems with communication. The inconsistent state shall therefore be reported as quickly as possible.								
Fit criterion	The error for	inconsiste	ent men	nory sh	all contain	the generic attrib	outes for errors.			
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

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6.1.8.2 Check accuracy measurement

Checking of accuracy of equipment can, to certain extend, be performed by the equipment itself. The ability to determine accuracy and the way this is performed differs per vendor. The vendor is therefore required to deliver as part of the documentation of the metering instruments a description of how accuracy drift is determined and what the reliability of the results is.

DSMR-M 4.6.65

The metrolog	ical part c	of the m	etering	instrument	shall not be sus	sceptible for accuracy	
drifts during the lifetime of the equipment.							
Accuracy drif	ts cannot	be easi	ly dete	rmined, the	refore they shall	be avoided.	
The stability of	of the mea	asurem	ent sys	tem shall b	e guaranteed, i.e	e. the accuracy of	
measuremen	ts shall no	ot excee	ed the p	ore-defined	level for measur	rement accuracy dur-	
ing the lifetime of the equipment.							
Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter	
	drifts during t Accuracy drif The stability of measuremen ing the lifetim	Accuracy drifts cannot The stability of the mea measurements shall no ing the lifetime of the e	drifts during the lifetime of the Accuracy drifts cannot be easi. The stability of the measurements shall not exceed ing the lifetime of the equipme	drifts during the lifetime of the equipmed Accuracy drifts cannot be easily dete. The stability of the measurement system measurements shall not exceed the pring the lifetime of the equipment.	drifts during the lifetime of the equipment. Accuracy drifts cannot be easily determined, the The stability of the measurement system shall be measurements shall not exceed the pre-defined ing the lifetime of the equipment.	Accuracy drifts cannot be easily determined, therefore they shall The stability of the measurement system shall be guaranteed, i.e measurements shall not exceed the pre-defined level for measuring the lifetime of the equipment.	

6.1.8.3 Check battery state

Under some circumstances the application of a battery is essential (e.g. in G meters). However, in all situations where usage of a battery is not essential, equipment without a battery is preferred albeit that the equipment still has to meet all requirements.

DSMR-M 4.6.66

Decembelon	The MOC		-!		المام ما الممام		ha mana alialia a lifatina a			
Description	The M&S equipment using a battery shall be able to determine the remaining lifetime									
	of the battery.									
Rationale	In case of a dead battery the G meter is not able to store data and to transmit it using									
	an RF connec	tion. For	the G r	neter th	ne battery is	s essential in cas	se of an outage. The			
	implementation	implementation of the algorithm for determining the remaining lifetime shall take actu-								
	al usage of the	e battery	and oth	ner asp	ects that inf	fluence the lifetir	me of the battery into			
	account.									
Fit criterion	The method u	ised to de	etermin	e the re	maining us	e time shall be s	specified and its accu-			
	racy shall be shown through test reports.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.67

Description	At the meter factory the moment that the end-of-use time alarm shall be raised shall								
	be configurable.								
Rationale	The moment the alarm has to be raised in based on three parameters:								
	Expected life time of the battery								
	 Required length of period between the alarm raise and the end-of-use time 								
	 Usage of battery 								
Fit criterion	The time between the alarm and the end-of-use time of the battery given the ex-								
	pected lifetime of the battery shall be configurable within the limits of the MID MI-002,								
	according to a method specified by the meter vendor.								
History	Nov. 2007 Origin I&M Port n.a. Applicable G meter								

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Description	The M&S equ	uipment u	sing a b	attery	shall issue	a normal error if	the remaining life-		
	time of the battery meets a predefined threshold.								
Rationale	GO's wants to	GO's wants to be informed on the lifetime of batteries in order to plan and execute							
	replacement. The remaining lifetime is predefined and can be used to determine if								
	replacement of the battery can be combined with other on-site maintenance.								
Fit criterion	The error for battery lifetime shall contain the generic attributes for errors.								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P3	Applicable	G meter		

6.1.8.4 Check meter display

DSMR-M 4.6.69

Description	The equipme	The equipment shall provide functionality to verify that the complete character and								
	symbol set of the display is displayable in a readable way.									
Rationale	Displays are t	he mean	s to cor	nmunic	ate with co	nsumers: meters	s are required to dis-			
	play meter rea	adings co	rrectly.	If the d	lisplay does	s not function co	rrectly (e.g. because			
	it is broken), o	it is broken), consumers will question the reliability of the equipment as a whole.								
Fit criterion	If any of the c	haracter	or symb	ools car	nnot be disp	played correctly	the test of the display			
	fails. This is a visible test.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	E meter, G meter			

6.1.8.5 Report self-check G

DSMR-M 4.6.70

Description	The G equipn	nent shall	provide	e errors	that result	ed from the self-	check to the E meter.			
Rationale	The E meter handles the logging information (including alarms) for all M&S equip-									
	ment. Externa	ment. External systems can access the alarms through the E meter. The G equip-								
	ment shall the	erefore pr	ovide th	ne alarn	ns to the E	meter.				
Fit criterion	All errors resu	ulting from	the se	lf-chec	k performe	d by G equipmer	nt are available from			
	the E meter (via standa	ard eve	nt log) a	after each ι	update of meter i	reads from the G me-			
	ter to the E meter.									
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P2	Applicable	G meter			

DSMR-M 4.6.71

Description		If the G equipment has a display, it shall provide the result of the self-check G on the display of the G meter if the self-check fails.							
Rationale	A self-check	can be inv	oked lo	ocally (a	as part of th	ne installation pro	ocess). Therefore the		
	meter shall a	lso provid	e the re	esult of	the self-che	eck locally, i.e. o	n the display.		
Fit criterion	Each time the	e self-che	ck is ex	ecuted	, the G met	er shall update t	he display to provide		
	the result of t	the result of the last self-check, if the self-check fails.							
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	n.a.	Applicable	G meter		

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6.1.8.6 Report self-check E and G

DSMR-M 4.6.72

Description	The E meter s	hall indic	ate if th	ne self-	check for E and	G failed.			
Rationale	The E meter g	athers th	e resul	ts of the	e self-check for	E and receives	s the results of the		
	self-check in the G equipment.								
Fit criterion	If any of the ve	erification	s of the	e self-cl	heck failed, the	self-check sha	ll fail. If all verifica-		
	tions pass, the	e self-che	ck pas	ses. Th	e result of the s	elf-check shall	at least contain		
	the following in	nformatio	n:						
	Type of fa	ailure G;							
	Timestam	p for the	execut	ion of t	he self-check G	•			
	■ Type of failure E;								
	 Timestamp for the execution of the self-check E; 								
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter, G meter		

6.1.8.7 Performance

DSMR-M 4.6.73

Description	The activity of executing a self-check on M&S equipment shall be completed in a						
	limited period of time.						
Rationale	A self-check is performed automatically and in multiple situations, either on power-						
	up or at regular intervals. In some situations however, a self-check is considered to						
	be an 'online' activity (i.e. someone is waiting for the result).						
Fit criterion	The completion rates and times to be met are:						
	Display						
	99 %: 1 minute after power up						
History	Nov.	Origin	TST	Port	Display	Applicable	E meter, G me-
	2007						ter

6.1.9 Use case: Unplanned on-site maintenance

Under some circumstances on-site maintenance is necessary. Consider a situation where communication with the equipment is impossible (for a long period of time) or when part of the functionality of the equipment has become unavailable. It is however important to note that on-site maintenance is reduced to a minimum under all circumstances.

Trigger	Description
Malfunctioning	The GO has determined that equipment is not functioning correctly. After the
equipment	GO has determined that the problem cannot be solved remotely, the mainte-
	nance has to be performed on-site.

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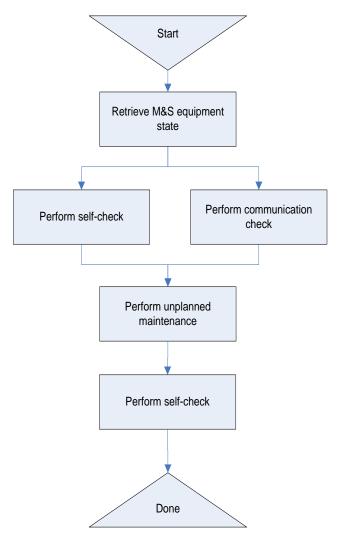


Figure 6-9: Unplanned maintenance on-site

Pre-conditions

• The equipment needs unplanned on-site maintenance.

Parameters

-none-

Post-conditions

The maintenance on the equipment was completed and the equipment functions correctly.

Assumptions

• -none-

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6.1.9.1 Retrieve M&S equipment state

DSMR-M 4.6.74

Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to invoke '						
	Use case: Retrieve M&S equipment state						
	' and present the results on the display and the local O&M device.						
Rationale	The GO wants to retrieve all configuration information and operational parameters						
	from the equipment before actual maintenance on the equipment starts.						
Fit criterion	Retrieval of the state of the equipment that is executed as part of the maintenance						
	process shall comply with the description of '						
	Use case: Retrieve M&S equipment state						
	,						
History	Nov. 2007	Origin	I&M	Port	P0, P3	Applicable	E meter

6.1.9.2 Perform self-check

The self-check verifies that the meter functions correctly and, if not, reports the problems. Note that the self-check can be executed before and/or after the actual maintenance work takes place.

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Description	The E meter shall provide functionality to invoke 'Use case: Perform self-check M&S					
	equipment' and sent the results to the local O&M device.					
Rationale	The GO wants to verify that the meter functions correctly before the equipment is actu-					
	ally deployed. Performing the self-check shall be possibly remotely and locally.					
Fit criterion	The result of the self-check that is executed as part of the maintenance process shall					
	comply with the description of 'Use case: Perform self-check M&S equipment'.					
History	Nov. 2007	Applicable	E meter			

6.1.9.3 Perform communication check

The communication check verifies that the meter communicates correctly and, if not, reports the problems. Note that executing the communication check can be executed before and/or after the actual maintenance work takes place.

6.1.9.4 Perform unplanned maintenance

There are no requirements for performing unplanned maintenance on equipment

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